

ic Young

YOU'RE BEING
AWFULLY
IMPOLITE,
ALVIN

YOU'RE BEING
AWFULLY
IMPOLITE,
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Trend of Today's Markets

Stocks irregular. Bonds lower. Curb uneven. Foreign exchange steady. Cotton quiet. Wheat lower. Corn weak.

VOL. 91. NO. 42.

SPY WITNESS TELLS OF HIS WORK IN U. S. FOR NAZIS

G. G. Rumirch, Who Has Plead Guilty, Takes Stand for Government at New York Trial of Three Persons.

WROTE FOR JOB AND OBTAINED IT

Says His First Assignment Was to Get Numbers of Coast Artillery Regiments — For This He Received \$40.

By SPENCER R. McCULLOCH, A Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—The trial of three alleged underlings in a German espionage ring charged with conspiracy to violate the Espionage Act got under way today in United States District Judge John C. Knox in a crowded courtroom.

One defendant, Guenther Gustav Rumirch, a United States army deserter, who pleaded guilty when the jury was chosen Friday, took the stand today, after the opening statements of counsel, as one of the Government's principal witnesses.

The other defendants are Erich Bremer, a former United States army private; Johanna Hofmann, former housekeeper on the North German Lloyd liner Europa, and Otto Herman Voss.

Rumirch is witness.

His story, with a black press, a gray double-breasted suit and his hands folded in his lap, he told the jury today, after the opening statements of counsel, as one of the Government's principal witnesses.

The other defendants are Erich Bremer, a former United States army private; Johanna Hofmann, former housekeeper on the North German Lloyd liner Europa, and Otto Herman Voss.

Rumirch told his United States attorney, during which he was a deserter, Jan. 2, 1936, fleeing to Germany by bus and leaving his wife, whom he had secretly married.

He said he became friendly with the defendant Glaser while both were serving in the Canal Zone, Panama Canal Zone and then in Montana. He committed irregularities in connection with a mass fund in his charge, he said, and deserted Jan. 2, 1936, fleeing to Germany by bus and leaving his wife, whom he had secretly married.

Application for Job.

Rumirch disclosed that he became involved in the National Socialism movement in Germany after reading a book in the New York Public Library by Col. Nicolai, World War head of the German Intelligence Service, decided to apply for a job as an intelligence agent. So in 1936 he wrote to a German newspaper, giving a partly false military record, asserting he had been an aviation lieutenant.

Outline of U. S. Case.

Lamar Hardy, United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York, outlined the Government's case today in his opening statement to the jury.

The jurors indicated, in replies to questions at the time of their selection Friday, that they would be affected by the fact that the defendants are relatively "small fry." Fourteen co-defendants, including several alleged "master spies," left the United States in haste to avoid arrest.

Women Make Up a Fourth Of Social Security Rolls

Ratio for U. S. and for Missouri—of 94,905 Account Numbers in State, 66,782 Are for Men.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—The Social Security Board reported today more than one-fourth of the Social Security account numbers issued prior to Jan. 1 this year in Missouri had been assigned to women.

This was disclosed in an analysis of the board's old-age pension records. It showed the national average also was one account number out of every four for women workers.

Persons entitled to old-age insurance will receive monthly payment benefits at the age of 65. A sample of 10 per cent of the records studied showed that of 94,905 account numbers in Missouri, 66,782 were for men and 28,123 were for women.

A majority of the account numbers were issued to persons under 35, judging from the sample. Twenty-three per cent of the account numbers went to youths between the ages of 20 and 24.

The sample showed 1209 men and 157 women over the retirement age of 65 years had obtained account numbers. So did 30 boys and two girls under 15 years.

This sample showed account numbers according to age groups as follows:

Between 15 and 19 years old, 3087

KINGSHIGHWAY-EASTON INTERSECTION FLOODED

Twenty-Inch Water Main Bursts — Bus and Auto Traffic Rerouted.

A 20-inch water main burst at Kingshighway and Easton avenue at 3:40 o'clock this morning, flooding the intersection and making it necessary to reroute bus and automobile traffic. Easton avenue street cars were stopped at Main and Euclid avenues, between the time of the break and 6:25 o'clock this morning. The cast-iron pipe was one of many supply lines, carrying water from the north to the south section of the city. Water services in the neighborhood, supplied by a 12-inch branch line, was not interrupted.

The four-foot break occurred immediately under the street car tracks in the center of the intersection. Water spouted up from manholes and ran down Kingshighway to Wells avenue and down Easton to Euclid avenue. Repairs are expected to be completed by tonight.

Water Commissioner John B. Dean expressed the opinion that the break was caused by settling of earth beneath the water main.

A more serious break occurred two weeks ago when a 24-inch main burst at North Kingshighway and Ashby avenue, releasing a torrent which undermined and tore up pavement in a two-block area.

LOUISVILLE POLICE CUT OFF RACE BETTING INFORMATION

Chief Says Bookmakers Will Be Closed, to Get Rough If Anybody Doubts It.

By the Associated Press.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 17.—Louisville police today cut off horse race betting information service to bookmakers as they moved to put "bookies" out of business.

WOMAN LIES DOWN ON TRACK AND IS KILLED BY TRAIN

Employee of Farm Credit Administration at Washington Had Been Ill Recently.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Miss June Elizabeth Nicholson, 32-year-old employee of the Farm Credit Administration, was killed yesterday by a Baltimore & Ohio express train near Garrett Park, Md., just outside this city.

McKITTRICK TO ASK FOR RETURN OF INSURANCE FEES

To Sue if Necessary to Get Back \$248,000 Paid Illegally Out of Funds Due Policyholders.

PLANS ACTION ALSO ON \$257,000 EXPENSE

Will Seek Recovery of This Amount Paid for Clerical Work on Impounded Excess Rates.

By the Associated Press.

JEFFERSON CITY, Oct. 17.—Demands for repayment of about \$248,000 in fees paid to various attorneys and custodians in fire insurance rate litigation in Cole County Circuit Court, the allowance of which has been declared illegal by the Missouri Supreme Court, will be made against the fee recipients soon, Attorney-General McKittrick announced today.

The \$248,000 in fees already paid are part of a total of \$642,500 in such fees allowed by Circuit Judge Nike Sevier of Cole County Circuit Court, all of which have been thrown out by the Supreme Court, on the ground Judge Sevier had no jurisdiction to make the allowances and, in some instances, no authority to appoint the attorneys or fee custodians to perform services in the insurance case.

McKittrick said that if the fees already paid from insurance premium funds impounded in the Circuit Court during the litigation and now due to policyholders, were not repaid and restored to those funds, his department would file suits against the individuals to enforce payment.

\$257,000 Clerical Expense.

The Attorney-General also announced he planned to institute action to recover about \$257,000 expended, under orders of the Cole County Circuit Court, for clerical work and other expenses in connection with the impounding of excess premiums in two different insurance rate cases in the Circuit Court. These expenses were paid from the impounded funds.

McKittrick said suits may be directed against clerks in which the funds were deposited and which cashed checks drawn on these deposits for expenses.

Legal action to recover the fees paid and the disbursements for clerical forces and expenses, McKittrick said, will be based on a series of court decisions for rulings by the Missouri Supreme Court since last April. The Supreme Court held Judge Sevier did not have jurisdiction to appoint counsel and fund custodians in one of the insurance cases, which grew out of a 10 per cent rate reduction ordered by the State in 1929, and in another, held he had no jurisdiction of a suit involving a 16 2/3 per cent rate increase sought by the fire insurance companies.

In that series of decisions the Supreme Court knocked out all of the counsel and fund custodian fee allowances made by Judge Sevier in the fire rate cases, aggregating \$642,500, in appeals by McKittrick and the State Insurance Department from Sevier's fee awards.

Recipients and Amounts.

Fees paid to the recipients of which will be demanded, McKittrick said, include about \$60,000 each to Lewis Hord Cook and State Representative H. P. Lauff, both of Jefferson City, appointed by Judge Sevier as custodians of an excess premium fund of \$275,000 on excess reduction, and \$15,000 to former Assistant Attorney General Lamb of Salisbury, appointed their counsel; \$25,000 to Circuit Clerk Guy M. Sone of Cole County, as custodian of an excess premium fund of \$1,788,000 impounded in the 16 2/3 per cent fire insurance rate increase case; and \$50,000 to T. Speed Mosby, formerly of Jefferson City, as counsel for Sone.

The Supreme Court last week threw out an allowance of \$412,500 in fees by Judge Sevier in the 10 per cent premium restitution case to Attorney General McKittrick, Barker, Floyd E. Jacobs and Glen C. Weatherly, all of Kansas City, as special counsel for the State Insurance Department in that case.

Payment of their fee allowance was held up by an appeal, except for an advance of about \$25,000 paid to Weatherly under a Circuit Court order, McKittrick said.

Lamb was allowed approximately \$50,000 as counsel for Custodians Lauff and Cook in the 10 per cent rate case, but a check for one fee allowance of \$50,000 to Lamb was not cashed, he said, because McKittrick appealed from the allowance.

ITALY REPLIES FAVORABLY TO U. S. NOTE ABOUT JEWS

Message From Washington Asked for Fair Treatment for Them, Policy Here Cited.

By the Associated Press.

ROME, Oct. 17.—The Italian Government replied today to a United States note requesting fair treatment for American Jews in Italy in terms which were reliably described as favorable.

Washington had pointed out that Italians in the United States are not discriminated against for race or religion and inquired whether American Jews would receive the same consideration in Italy.

FOUND ONLY IN MISSOURI

Movie Company Has to Come to This State for Enough Mules.

By the Associated Press.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 17.—A movie company had to come to Kansas City's American royal harem stock show for one bit of atmosphere required in a forthcoming film, "I'm From Missouri." Camera-men photographed 400 mules yesterday and dispatched the film to California by plane.

FAIR TONIGHT BUT CLOUDY TOMORROW; CONTINUED WARM

THE TEMPERATURES.

11 A. M.	69	9 A. M.	71
10 A. M.	68	8 A. M.	70
9 A. M.	67	7 A. M.	69
8 A. M.	66	6 A. M.	68
7 A. M.	65	5 A. M.	67
6 A. M.	64	4 A. M.	66
5 A. M.	63	3 A. M.	65
4 A. M.	62	2 A. M.	64
3 A. M.	61	1 A. M.	63
2 A. M.	60	12 P. M.	62
1 A. M.	59	11 P. M.	61
12 P. M.	58	10 P. M.	60
11 P. M.	57	9 P. M.	59
10 P. M.	56	8 P. M.	58
9 P. M.	55	7 P. M.	57
8 P. M.	54	6 P. M.	56
7 P. M.	53	5 P. M.	55
6 P. M.	52	4 P. M.	54
5 P. M.	51	3 P. M.	53
4 P. M.	50	2 P. M.	52
3 P. M.	49	1 P. M.	51
2 P. M.	48	12 M.	50
1 P. M.	47	11 M.	49
12 M.	46	10 M.	48
11 M.	45	9 M.	47
10 M.	44	8 M.	46
9 M.	43	7 M.	45
8 M.	42	6 M.	44
7 M.	41	5 M.	43
6 M.	40	4 M.	42
5 M.	39	3 M.	41
4 M.	38	2 M.	40
3 M.	37	1 M.	39
2 M.	36	12 M.	38
1 M.	35	11 M.	37
12 M.	34	10 M.	36
11 M.	33	9 M.	35
10 M.	32	8 M.	34
9 M.	31	7 M.	33
8 M.	30	6 M.	32
7 M.	29	5 M.	31
6 M.	28	4 M.	30
5 M.	27	3 M.	29
4 M.	26	2 M.	28
3 M.	25	1 M.	27
2 M.	24	12 M.	26
1 M.	23	11 M.	25
12 M.	22	10 M.	24
11 M.	21	9 M.	23
10 M.	20	8 M.	22
9 M.	19	7 M.	21
8 M.	18	6 M.	20
7 M.	17	5 M.	19
6 M.	16	4 M.	18
5 M.	15	3 M.	17
4 M.	14	2 M.	16
3 M.	13	1 M.	15
2 M.	12	12 M.	14
1 M.	11	11 M.	13
12 M.	10	10 M.	12
11 M.	9	9 M.	11
10 M.	8	8 M.	10
9 M.	7	7 M.	9
8 M.	6	6 M.	8
7 M.	5	5 M.	7
6 M.	4	4 M.	6
5 M.	3	3 M.	5
4 M.	2	2 M.	4
3 M.	1	1 M.	3
2 M.	0	12 M.	2
1 M.	-1	11 M.	1
12 M.	-2	10 M.	0
11 M.	-3	9 M.	-1
10 M.	-4	8 M.	-2
9 M.	-5	7 M.	-3
8 M.	-6	6 M.	-4
7 M.	-7	5 M.	-5
6 M.	-8	4 M.	-6
5 M.	-9	3 M.	-7
4 M.	-10	2 M.	-8
3 M.	-11	1 M.	-9
2 M.	-12	12 M.	-10
1 M.	-13	11 M.	-11
12 M.	-14	10 M.	-12
11 M.	-15	9 M.	-13
10 M.	-16	8 M.	-14
9 M.	-17	7 M.	-15
8 M.	-18	6 M.	-16
7 M.	-19	5 M.	-17
6 M.	-20	4 M.	-18
5 M.	-21	3 M.	-19
4 M.	-22	2 M.	-20
3 M.	-23	1 M.	-21
2 M.	-24	12 M.	-22
1 M.	-25	11 M.	-23
12 M.	-26	10 M.	-24
11 M.	-27	9 M.	-25
10 M.	-28	8 M.	-26
9 M.	-29	7 M.	-27
8 M.	-30	6 M.	-28
7 M.	-31	5 M.	-29
6 M.	-32	4 M.	-30
5 M.	-33	3 M.	-31
4 M.	-34	2 M.	-32
3 M.	-35	1 M.	-33
2 M.	-36	12 M.	-34
1 M.	-37	11 M.	-35
12 M.	-38	10 M.	-36
11 M.	-39	9 M.	-37
10 M.	-40	8 M.	-38
9 M.	-41	7 M.	-39
8 M.	-42	6 M.	-40
7 M.	-43	5 M.	-41
6 M.	-44	4 M.	-42
5 M.	-45	3 M.	-43
4 M.	-46	2 M.	-44
3 M.	-47	1 M.	-45
2 M.	-48	12 M.	-46
1 M.	-49	11 M.	-47
12 M.	-50	10 M.	-48
11 M.	-51	9 M.	-49
10 M.	-52	8 M.	-50
9 M.	-53	7 M.	-51
8 M.	-54	6 M.	-52
7 M.	-55	5 M.	-53
6 M.	-56	4 M.	-54
5 M.	-57	3 M.	-55
4 M.	-58	2 M.	-56
3 M.	-59	1 M.	-57
2 M.	-60	12 M.	-58
1 M.	-61	11 M.	-59
12 M.	-62	10 M.	-60
11 M.	-63	9 M.	-61
10 M.	-64	8 M.	-62
9 M.	-65	7 M.	-63
8 M.	-66	6 M.	-64
7 M.	-67	5 M.	-65
6 M.	-68	4 M.	-66
5 M.	-69	3 M.	-67
4 M.	-70	2 M.	-68
3 M.	-71	1 M.	-69
2 M.	-72	12 M.	-70
1 M.	-73	11 M.	-71
12 M.	-74	10 M.	-72
11 M.	-75	9 M.	-73
10 M.	-76	8 M.	-74
9 M.	-77	7 M.	-75
8 M.	-78	6 M.	-76
7 M.	-79	5 M.	-77
6 M.	-80	4 M.	-78
5 M.	-81	3 M.	-79
4 M.	-82	2 M.	-80
3 M.	-83	1 M.	-81
2 M.	-84	12 M.	-82
1 M.	-85	11 M.	-83
12 M.	-86	10 M.	-84
11 M.	-87	9 M.	-85
10 M.	-88	8 M.	-86
9 M.	-89	7 M.	-87
8 M.	-90	6 M.	-88
7 M.	-91	5 M.	-89
6 M.	-92	4 M.	-90
5 M.	-93	3 M.	-91
4 M.	-94	2 M.	-92
3 M.	-95	1 M.	-93
2 M.	-96	12 M.	-94
1 M.	-97	11 M.	-95
12 M.	-98	10 M.	-96
11 M.	-99	9 M.	-97
10 M.	-100	8 M.	-98
9 M.	-101	7 M.	-99
8 M.	-102	6 M.	-100
7 M.	-103	5 M.	-101
6 M.	-104	4 M.	-102
5 M.	-105	3 M.	-103
4 M.	-106	2 M.	-104
3 M.	-107	1 M.	-105
2 M.	-108	12 M.	-106
1 M.	-109	11 M.	-107
12 M.	-110	10 M.	-108
11 M.	-111	9 M.	-109
10 M.	-112	8 M.	-110
9 M.	-113	7 M.	-111
8 M.	-114	6 M.	-112
7 M.	-115	5 M.	-113
6 M.	-116	4 M.	-114
5 M.	-117	3 M.	-115
4 M.	-118	2 M.	-116
3 M.	-119	1 M.	-117
2 M.	-120	12 M.	-118
1 M.	-121	11 M.	-119
12 M.	-122	10 M.	-120
11 M.	-123	9 M.	-121
10 M.	-124	8 M.	-122
9 M.	-125	7 M.	-123
8 M.	-126	6 M.	-124
7 M.	-127	5 M.	-125
6 M.	-128	4 M.	-126
5 M.	-129	3 M.	-127
4 M.	-130	2 M.	-128
3 M.	-131	1 M.	-129
2 M.	-132	12 M.	-130
1 M.	-133	11 M.	-131
12 M.	-134	10 M.	-132
11 M.	-135	9 M.	-133
10 M.	-136	8 M.	-134
9 M.	-137	7 M.	-135
8 M.	-138	6 M.	-136
7 M.	-139	5 M.	-137
6 M.	-140	4 M.	-138
5 M.	-141	3 M.	-139
4 M.	-142	2 M.	-140
3 M.	-143	1 M.	-141
2 M.	-144	12 M.	-142
1 M.	-145	11 M.	-143
12 M.	-146	10 M.	-144
11 M.	-147	9 M.	-145
10 M.	-148	8 M.	-146
9 M.	-149	7 M.	-147
8 M.	-150	6 M.	-148
7 M.	-151	5 M.	-149
6 M.	-152	4 M.	-150
5 M.	-153	3 M.	-151
4 M.	-154	2 M.	-152
3 M.	-155	1 M.	-153
2 M.	-156	12 M.	-154
1 M.	-157	11 M.	-155
12 M.	-158	10 M.	-156
11 M.	-159	9 M.	-157
10 M.	-160	8 M.	-158
9 M.	-161	7 M.	-159
8 M.	-162	6 M.	-160
7 M.	-163	5 M.	-161
6 M.	-164	4 M.	-162
5 M.	-165	3 M.	-163
4 M.	-166	2 M.	-164
3 M.	-167	1 M.	-165
2 M.	-168	12 M.	-166
1 M.	-169	11 M.	-167
12 M.	-170	10 M.	-168
11 M.	-171	9 M.	-169
10 M.			

CHINESE MAKE FIRST STAND; BATTLE FOR CANTON IS ON

Severe Fighting Reported 40 Miles East of City, Where Japanese Run Into Entrenched Army of 100,000.

RAILROAD CUT BY INVADERS

Half-Million Flee From South China City, Which Is Under Martial Law — Hongkong Feeling Effects of Warfare.

By the Associated Press. HONGKONG, Oct. 17.—The Japanese army announced tonight it had straddled the Canton-Kowloon railway "at several points," but reported from areas further north indicated that the rapid Japanese drive toward Canton was meeting its first serious, organized Chinese resistance.

Severe fighting was reported from Wangtung, about 40 miles east of Canton, in what appeared to be the first major battle to decide the fate of the South China metropolis and the vital supply lines radiating from it.

The Japanese communique announcing the cutting of the Canton-Kowloon railway, chief link between the British colony of Hongkong and Canton, did not name the points affected, but these were believed to be between Pingwu, 15 miles north of the Hongkong frontier, and Cheungmukuan, half way to Canton.

Run Into 100,000 Chinese. After driving 45 miles inland from the Bias Bay landing point, the Japanese column thrusting toward Canton ran into well-entrenched positions near Wangtung held by some 100,000 Chinese troops equipped with field guns, howitzers and anti-aircraft defenses.

Before meeting this resistance the Japanese invasion had made what military observers considered amazing progress.

One of the forces which cut the Canton-Kowloon railway was known to have been landed on the Pearl River delta to the west of the line. Other forces crossed the East River after the capture of Waichow and fought their way up the Waichow-Canton highway.

Indications that the Japanese intended to drive straight on to the South China metropolis were seen in the fact that Japanese warplanes heavily bombed Tsangsing, Chinese troop concentration point 45 miles east of Canton.

Martial Law in Canton. Canton was placed under martial law.

Wongwah railway station was hit by 17 bombs yesterday and more than 20 persons were killed in extensive Japanese air raids along the Canton-Hankow and the Canton-Kowloon railways near the city.

Communications between Hongkong and Canton were paralyzed. Telephone lines were down, making confirmation of many reports impossible, but it was generally assumed the Chinese defenses were taking a terrific pounding from air bombardments.

In many instances it was reported Japanese planes, meeting no opposition, were diving continuously to within a few hundred feet of the ground and machine-gunning the Chinese.

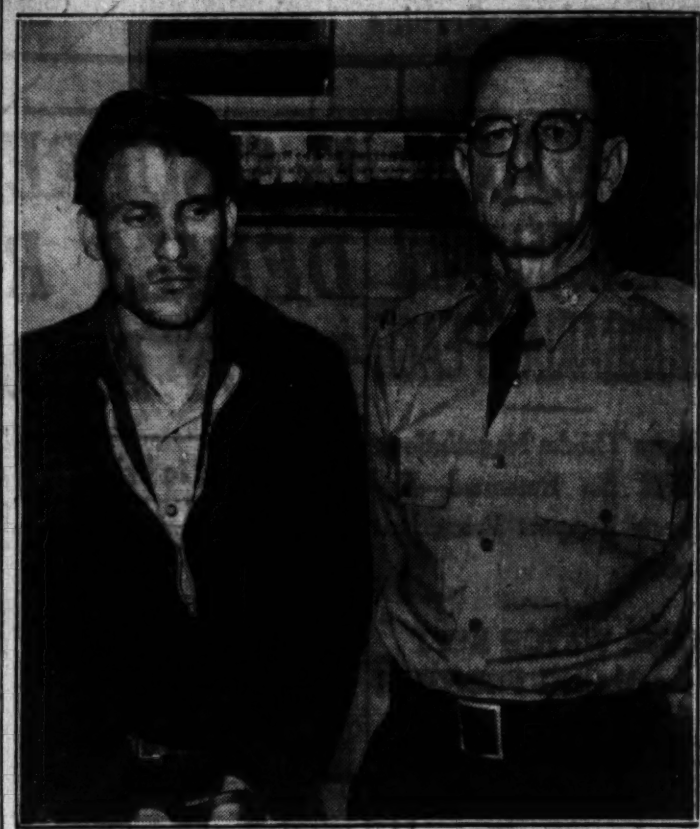
Hundreds of hamlets and villages were reported razed or burning as a result of air attacks.

Refugees Four Inland. Amazing war refugee scenes were being enacted along the East River and at Canton as tens of thousands trudged into the interior. Half a million civilians were reported already to have left Canton.

Japanese engineers were said to be performing herculean tasks in bridging rivers and waterways, in most instances conscripting Chinese labor for the work.

With the Canton-Kowloon railway in the hands of the Japanese and Japanese soldiers practically at the border of Hongkong, the British colony already is affected by the Japanese offensive. It is estimated that 750,000 tons of cargo are now in storage here. The immediate effect of the invasion has been a decrease of 2000 tons a day in out-

Confessed Killer of Sheriff



ALVIE C. WRIGHT (left) and CAPT. A. D. SHEPPARD of the Missouri State Highway Patrol, after Wright's arrest near Poplar Bluff, Mo., in connection with the fatal shooting of Sheriff Hugh Owen of Nowata, Ok.

going cargo, while an estimated 2000 tons is arriving daily to swell storage.

Cargo now stored includes a large amount of military supplies intended for the Chinese, mostly on a cash delivery basis. Estimates of this cargo run as high as \$1,000,000.

Hongkong also was threatened with an immediate shortage of green vegetables and other foodstuffs. Authorities were reported to be negotiating for supplies from the Philippine Islands.

Two American Missions Bombed by Japanese Planes. By the Associated Press. HANKOW, Oct. 17.—The United States consulate received reports today that two American missions on the Peking-Hankow Railway had been damaged by Japanese bombs.

The Rev. George Holm informed the consulate the Lutheran United Mission at Kluoshan, 200 miles north of Hankow, was badly damaged by low-flying Japanese planes in two attacks Thursday.

The Rev. J. L. Benson reported the Augustana Synod Mission at Hsuehchung, 25 miles farther north, was bombed heavily Friday and many Chinese occupants killed.

These missions were among the 150 in the Hankow consular district which had voluntarily complied with a Japanese request that foreigners in the interior furnish names indicating the location of foreign property. Their roofs bore large American flags.

Both missions have headquarters in Minneapolis.

SPY ON STAND TELLS OF HIS WORK FOR NAZIS IN U. S. Continued From Page One.

sought, he said. Some were paid, he continued; others served for love of their fatherland.

Making of Contacts. Some contacts, he asserted, were made through ships' stewards. In April, 1936, he charged, the "blind" classified advertisement was used to signify acceptance of Rumrich's proposal that he become an agent.

Rumrich, Hardy said, received \$50 a month. He was supposed to try to obtain such data as the signal code between the fleet and land batteries, the strength of military units on the Atlantic seaboard, military code books, aircraft plans and other factors of national defense.

Rumrich gave Federal agents a clue to the espionage plan when he tried to get 35 passport blanks by posing as an Under-Secretary of State.

Hardy said a German named Sanders, said to be attached to the naval intelligence service at Bremen, Germany, was the man who told Rumrich to try to obtain information about operations in American commercial plants, particularly the du Pont Co. and Bethlehem Steel.

Posed as Piano Tuner. William Lonkowski, one of the alleged higher-ups, Hardy continued, represented himself as a piano tuner and obtained secrets of a military nature from Voss.

Hardy said Voss and Lonkowski met at the house of Miss Senta de Wanger, a German banker's daughter, who is in protective custody. He said Dr. Ignatz Theodore Grubel, one of the defendants who fled to Germany on the eve of the inquiry, was a "great believer in the National Socialist party" and permitted his home to be used as a sort of clearing house for members of the ring.

Grubel, Hardy continued, had conferred with Lieutenant-Commander Udo von Bonin, attached to the defense office of the German War Ministry, at the Eden Hotel in Berlin. Capt. Erich Pfeiffer, another of the defendants now in Germany, Hardy said, once boasted he had agents in every important airplane plant in America, and that Pfeiffer had offered Grubel a commission in the Medical Corps of the German army.

Miss Elinor, when arrested, he said, had \$70 in her purse—\$40 to be given to Rumrich and \$30 to the man who furnished a secret code.

The Government expects to show that Voss, who was a technician at

FUGITIVE TRAPPED; ADMITS HE SHOT SHERIFF TO DEATH

Confesses After Two Girls Who Fled With Him From Nowata, Ok., Describe Killing.

By the Associated Press. POPLAR BLUFF, Mo., Oct. 17.—Alvie C. Wright, 24 years old, confessed early today the killing of Hugh Owen, 48, Sheriff of Nowata County, Ok.

A brief written confession was signed by Wright, Capt. A. D. Sheppard of the Missouri Highway Patrol said, after more than an hour and a half of questioning and after Wright had been named as the killer by two girl companions.

The two—Betty Jo Randolph, 15, and Eleanor Griggs, 19—told Col. Marvin Castee, chief of the highway patrol, that Wright, dressed in a suit and tie, shot Sheriff Owen last Wednesday after the officer had forced his way into Wright's home near Nowata.

Confronted by Girls' Story. Confronted by the girls' story, Sheppard said, Wright admitted firing the charge which fatally injured the Sheriff and corroborated their statements. The girls were not taken before Wright.

Earlier, Wright had denied participation in the killing and had named a companion, Leslie R. Cameron, as the killer. Cameron, still at large, is believed to be hiding in the Ozark foothills.

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FOUR GERMANS SEIZED AS CANAL ZONE SPIES

Woman and Three Men Accused of Photographing Important Key Defenses.

By the Associated Press. — PANAMA, Oct. 17. — Four Germans, accused of photographing key defenses to the Panama Canal, were turned over today by United States military authorities to Canal Zone police at the Cristobal Jail, and District Attorney J. J. McGuigan assumed direction of the investigation of their activities.

The four were arrested yesterday when taking pictures of Galeota Point, first defense of the Atlantic approach to the canal.

They entered Fort Randolph reservation in the morning by automobile and denied, the sentry said, that they had a camera. The question is routine for all visitors.

The sentry became suspicious and notified his Sergeant two hours later. Search led to the arrests and confiscation of the camera and automobile.

The four persons were taken to Fort Randolph guardhouse. Military authorities said they were: Hans Schackow, said to be employed by the German Hapag-Lloyd Steamship Line Agency at Cristobal; Ginter Gross and Edward Robert Kubrick.

Film from the camera was developed, but officers did not announce what the pictures showed.

Kurt Lindenberg, German Consul at Cristobal, offered his services today to help a military investigation which was made before the four young prisoners were delivered to civil authorities. He asserted an innocent Sunday outing led the picknickers into forbidden zones.

The canal is strictly guarded and those who would loiter are hustled on their way. Piers are fenced and patrolled. Military detachments keep permanent encampments at the lock walls to which access is limited.

The Army and Navy Intelligence Service, Canal Zone detectives and Panama police check unusual activities by strangers or residents of the area.

The regulations are so rigid that the Colombian Consul at Colon, Canal Zone, was barred from a pier a month ago because he lacked a pass. The action led to a formal protest.

The Panama Cabinet last January limited licenses for commercial fishing in territorial waters of the republic to Panama citizens. The effect was to dislodge numerous Japanese fishermen.

There are substantial colonies of Germans, Italians and Japanese in Panama.

ONE KILLED, 6 HURT IN AUTO COLLISION NEAR HARDIN, ILL.

James Betts of Alton Fatally Injured in Head-On Crash on New Road to Marquette State Park.

TWO WOMEN IN SERIOUS CONDITION

One Driver Says Other One Swerved From One Side of Highway to Other Northwest of Alton.

James Betts of Alton was killed and six persons were injured, two seriously, in a head-on collision of automobiles early today on a new gravel road between Hardin, Ill., and Marquette State Park, 30 miles northwest of Alton.

The injured, Miss Elda Lorschbach of Hardin, a beauty shop proprietor, who suffered a fractured skull, loss of an eye and severe face lacerations; Miss Mildred Wieneke of Brussels, Ill., broken collar bone; and Herbert Hough of Golden Eagle, Ill., broken ribs, were taken to the St. Louis Hospital by passing motorists.

Betts, a 34-year-old WPA worker, was riding in a car driven by Ted Miller of Alton. The injured who said he had turned to the left to avoid Miller's car, which was on the wrong side of the road, and that Miller swerved back at the same time, the collision following.

The injured were taken to the Jerseyville (Ill.) Hospital by passing motorists.

Man Hurt in Collision in Wellston. — Kenneth Eberhart, 4334 Ruskin avenue, died at St. Louis County Hospital yesterday of a fractured spine, suffered in a head-on collision of automobiles in the 7600 West of Page avenue, Wellston, July 26.

Eberhart was riding in an automobile driven by Charles Gahagan, 601 Crest avenue, University City. The car collided with one driven by Harry Keesee, 7720 Page avenue, who with his wife, suffered head injuries.

Richard Alexander, 68, a Negro, residing near Creve Coeur, died today at County Hospital of a broken neck, suffered last night when he was struck by an automobile on Olive Street road, in front of a Negro Baptist Church, west of Creve Coeur. The driver was John P. Usher, 7430 Hazel avenue, Maplewood, who told police Richard died in front of the car. Richard's grandson, Merrill Jackson, 16, corroborated Usher's account.

Henry BURMEISTER, RETIRED PRODUCE DEALER, DIES AT 95. — Native of Germany Came to City in 1886; in Good Health Until Recently.

Henry Burmeister, retired produce company executive, died of heart disease last night at his home, 2836 Flora place. He was 95 years old and had been in good health until recently.

Mr. Burmeister retired 10 years ago as secretary of the Hofmann Bros. Produce Co., 700 North Second street, after 52 years with the concern. A native of Lubek, Germany, he came to St. Louis in 1886, working at first for a boot and shoe merchant.

Surviving are four daughters and four sons. Funeral services will be held Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the Peetz mortuary, 3029 Lafayette avenue, with burial in Bellefontaine Cemetery.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL EXTENDS ULTIMATUM TO DICKMANN CO. — Oliver Firm Until Next Monday to Surrender Profits on Bank Realty Deals.

Special to the Post-Dispatch. — JEFFERSON CITY, Oct. 17. — Attorney-General Roy McKittick has extended until next Monday his ultimatum to the Joseph F. Dickmann Real Estate Co. to surrender its profits from the sale of real estate owned by closed banks for which it was selling agent.

He had originally fixed tomorrow as the deadline for meeting his demands, but other matters requiring his attention in Jefferson City have arisen, preventing his departure for St. Louis, he said.

Terms of the ultimatum will not be modified any by the time extension, McKittick said.

C. E. POPE'S VOTING RESIDENCE AGAIN QUESTIONED FOR COURT. — (Special to the Post-Dispatch. — SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 17. — A hearing of the case in which C. E. Pope, who lives in St. Louis and practices law in East St. Louis, was held today in the Illinois Supreme Court.

The question at issue is whether Pope's law office is his domicile. The St. Clair County Court had declared him voting privileges, but the supreme court in October, 1937, ruled he had kept his voting residence in East St. Louis, even though he moved to a St. Louis home.

Singer Visiting Husband After Shooting



—Associated Press Wirephoto. —
RUTH ETTING (right), singer, and her step-daughter, EDITH SNYDER, at the bedside of Myrl Alderman, who secretly married the singer two months ago.

BIBLE CLASS DESERTS CHURCH, GOES TO PARK

Ousted Teacher of First Christian Conducts Lesson Under Tree Across Street.

Hostilities in the Sunday school of the First Christian Church, Albert and Fountain avenues, were renewed yesterday morning when members of the Young People's Bible Class, frustrated in a second attempt to meet with their ousted teacher, Charles A. Forse, withdrew across the street to benches in Church Park.

Within easy sight of opposing church members, including the Rev. R. A. Harrison, pastor, who were standing on the sidewalk, a considerable group of interested spectators and passing motorists, Forse, Bible in hand, stood in the shade of a large oak tree and read a lesson on "Life, Its Aims, Possibilities and Handicaps."

The class of 19 first gathered at the church door. "When we found they weren't going to let me teach," Forse said, "we waited until some of the rest arrived, then left. I didn't want to stir up any trouble, and besides, I had just received a telephone call at my home from somebody who said I was going to be placed in a psychopathic ward if I kept on. The person said he was a church member, but wouldn't tell his name."

Forse removed last Sunday. Forse, a salesman who resides at 127 Selma avenue, Webster Groves, was removed last Sunday by action of the Board of Education. Members said he had become "bitter" as a result of disagreement on church policy.

Eight class members who oppose Forse remained inside the church. They were taught by Clyde Caldwell, Sunday school superintendent, who said he was going to fill in until a permanent teacher had been appointed.

WOMAN MEMBER OF ROBBER GANG SENTENCED TO PRISON

Mrs. Meryl Walker in Band That Made Victims Disrobe; Leader Also Sentenced.

Mrs. Meryl Walker of Litchfield, Ill., was sentenced to a 14-year term in the penitentiary by Circuit Judge D. H. Mudge at Edwardsville today on her plea of guilty, entered Sept. 30, of automobile theft. She was one of a gang of eight men and two women robbers who forced their victims to disrobe.

Mrs. Walker, a 27-year-old divorcee, admitted riding with other gang members in an automobile stolen at Litchfield and driven to the robbers' quarters in Venice. Also formally sentenced today was Virgil Scott of Benld, leader of the gang, who was sentenced to a year to life. He was convicted by a jury Oct. 3 of armed robbery.

Seven men and one woman member of the gang now have received prison sentences. Still pending are charges of receiving stolen property against a man and a woman, who have pleaded not guilty.

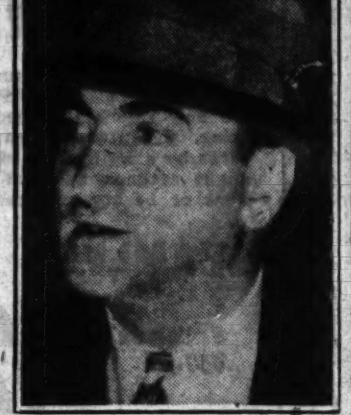
SEVEN FOOD STORE OWNERS ARRESTED UNDER SUNDAY LAW

Six Due to Complaints of Meat Cutters' Union; Warrants to Be Sought.

The proprietors of seven food stores were arrested yesterday on charges of operating and selling on Sunday. Six of the arrests were on complaints by representatives of the Meat Cutters' Union.

Joseph Liberechuk, grocer, was arrested after police saw his establishment at 1928 North Taylor was open. Six of the arrests were Mrs. Selma Goldstein, 4001 Delmar boulevard; Mrs. Esther Friedenberg, 4211 Delmar boulevard; Mrs. Jennie Schatz, 2827 Pendleton avenue; Harry and Arthur Rubin, 4569 Page boulevard; Peter Prineau, 1400 North Taylor avenue; and Anthony Sanna, 3963 Delmar boulevard.

Those arrested were released on bond. Police said applications for warrants would be made at the Prosecuting Attorney's office.



MARTIN SNYDER, former husband of Miss Etting, held for the shooting.

MRS. ROOSEVELT STOPS HERE BETWEEN TRAINS

At Union Station for Hour on Way to Charleston, Ill. From Joplin.

Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt was in St. Louis for an hour between trains this morning. She did not leave Union Station during the stop, transferring immediately from the Frisco "Meteor," on which she arrived at 8:10 o'clock, to the New York Central train which was to take her to Charleston, Ill., for a talk tonight.

Accompanied by her secretary, Miss Malvina Thompson, the President's wife came here from Joplin, where she made an address yesterday afternoon. Her current tour of the Middle West is to end Oct. 29 when she will return to Washington.

In response to a question by a Post-Dispatch reporter, Mrs. Roosevelt said she agreed with her husband's political definition of himself as "a fighting liberal," as quoted in an interview published in a New York newspaper yesterday.

She said she thought vague "fears" disturbed too many Americans. "You hear so much talk that something is Communistic, and that something else shows evidence of Fascism," she said. "We should pay more attention to the job of making democracy work, because there aren't grounds for any fears when it does."

"Yes, we should be concerned with our own problems, the psychological as well as the economic ones."

Before boarding the outbound train, she told reporters she was particularly amused by the controversy over the form of her greeting to the King and Queen of England should they come to this country on a state visit, as has been rumored. The biggest worry seemed, she said, to be whether or not she should curtsy to Queen Elizabeth, a matter which she was quite willingly leaving to the State Department to decide.

TWO ATTEMPTS TO BURN UNFINISHED HOUSE REPORTED

Owner Notices East St. Louis Police Vandalism Started Two Fires Over Week-end.

Floyd Medder, who is having a home constructed at 602 Pershing boulevard, East St. Louis, reported to police yesterday two attempts had been made by vandals to burn the new residence.

Medder, who lives at 610 North Sixty-first street, East St. Louis, told police he found a large area of the floor in the pantry burned Saturday. He turned over a can of red lead to police, who said it might have been used in starting the fire. A large pile of tarpaper, saturated with coal oil was found in the living room yesterday. A cloth strip, also soaked in coal oil, led from the back door to the tarpaper. It had been lit, but had gone out before reaching the tarpaper.

Medder was unable to account for the attempts to burn the house. A. D. Jackson of Granite City, contractor for the house, told police he employs union labor. He said he had received permission from the electricians' union for Medder to install the wiring in the house.

ASSETS EXCEED LIABILITIES

Former Listed at \$191,728, Latter at \$143,090 by Power Oil Co.

The Power Oil & Refining Co. of Centerville, Ill., which Saturday filed a petition for reorganization in United States District Court in East St. Louis, listed assets of \$191,728 and liabilities of \$143,090 in a statement as of Aug. 31.

Capital stock was listed at \$25,000 and surplus at \$23,838.

RUTH ETTING TELLS HOW EX-HUSBAND SHOT HER NEW ONE

Singer Declares Martin Snyder Had Threatened to Kill Her, Always Was Jealous Trouble-Maker.

By the Associated Press. — LOS ANGELES, Oct. 17. — Myrl Alderman, radio musician and second husband of Ruth Etting, musical comedy and radio singer, was shot by her divorced husband, Martin (Moe) Snyder, Saturday night.

Snyder, 43 years old, held in jail on suspicion of kidnapping and attempting to murder Alderman, 30, was quoted by police as saying: "He was shooting at me, so I shot at him. Ruth won't prosecute me, because she still loves me."

There was scant affection in Miss Etting's voice as she angrily attributed the gunplay in her luxurious home to Snyder, whom she divorced in Chicago last November after 17 years of married life.

"I don't believe I will ever sing again . . . ever," she said, sitting beside the hospital bed of Alderman, who secretly married her in Tijuana, Lower California, last July.

"Snyder was merely jealous. He's not satisfied unless he's making trouble. He's threatened to kill me before—and even telephoned from New York last January to threaten me."

"Snyder's story that Myrl shot at him is ridiculous. That boy never owned a gun. I did, though, one that I had had for years. Snyder's gun was the only one there Saturday night until Myrl had been shot and was lying on the floor. Then I slipped into the bedroom and got mine."

"Snyder saw it. He took it away from me and threw it on the floor. Edith Snyder picked it up and shot at him—her own father. I believe that girl would lay down her life for me. Saturday night she almost did."

Miss Snyder, Miss Etting's step-daughter and secretary, concurred with the singer and Alderman's account of events. This was:

That Snyder, at pistol point, forced Alderman to drive him from a radio station to the Etting hillside home, where, in the music room, he threatened to shoot all three members of the household. (Snyder told police he went there to discuss arrangements for some Beverly Hills property with my former wife.)

That Snyder shot twice at Alderman from a distance of 12 feet as

GOVERNMENT SPAIN BARS SIESTAS AND FIXES WORK HOURS

Decree Emphasizes Need for Conserving Electricity to Clothe Soldiers.

By the Associated Press. — BARCELONA, Oct. 17. — A minor revolution in Catalonian living habits was decreed today by the Government in an attempt to conserve precious power resources. Working hours were changed from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m., eliminating the long siesta, which cut the traditional working day into two periods, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. and from 4 p. m. to 8 p. m.

Use of electric lights in daytime was forbidden for all except hospitals, pharmacies and social institutions. Use by restaurants, cafes, offices, theaters and movies was limited at all hours.

The decree said that hydro-electric plants lost in the war had been replaced partly by use of plants burning imported coal; but, it said, much power is needed now to manufacture winter clothing for Government troops.

71 AVERAGE TEMPERATURE THIS MONTH: 9 ABOVE NORMAL. — Mark for First 16 Days of October Has Been Exceeded Only Twice Before.

The temperature so far this month has averaged 71.7 degrees, 9.6 degrees above the normal average of 62.1 degrees, the Weather Bureau reported today. Normal for the entire month is 58.8 degrees.

Only twice before has the average temperature for the first 16 days of October exceeded 71.7 degrees, in 1879 when the average was 75.4 and in 1897 when it was 72 degrees. The average maximum temperature so far this month has been 82.2 degrees against a normal of 70.9 for the period. On three days, the fifth, eighth and last Saturday, the temperature reached a maximum of 89 degrees. Highest ever recorded in October was 91 degrees in 1897 on the fifth.

The first 16 days this month were also unusually dry and sunny. Fourteen days were clear, one cloudy and one partly cloudy. Rainfall totaled only .43 of one inch. Only .44 of one inch was recorded since Sept. 17.

Alderman sat near Miss Etting on the piano bench. Alderman was struck once in the abdomen, and is expected to recover.

That Snyder wrested Miss Etting's pistol from her grasp, but Miss Snyder picked it up and fired at him as he chased Miss Etting to the kitchen. He was not wounded.

STRIKE IN 1937 COST SCHADING UNION \$3730

Audit Shows One \$2000 Check to Business Agent During Jurisdictional Fight.

An audit of the books of Electrical Workers' Local Union No. 1 revealed that the jurisdictional strike in the electric sign industry, last year, cost the union \$3730.

Four checks, designated "sign industry," were issued to Arthur Schading, chief business agent of the local, who was murdered Sept. 19. The largest, for \$2000, bore no notation to show the specific purpose for which the money was spent.

A check for \$1000 was for "court costs, attorney, etc." it was noted, while a \$200 check was for "bonds," apparently bail bonds for Schading and other members of the union arrested for questioning about bombings during the strike. David A. Jones, president of Local No. 1, said it was customary for the union to turn over bond and legal advice for members involved in strike troubles.

The fourth check, for \$500, was not specifically designated, except under the general classification "sign industry." The sign industry strike began in May, 1937, as a jurisdictional dispute between Schading's electric workers and the A. F. of L. sign hangers, who are affiliated with the Painters' District Council. The strike was marked by bombings of sign firms and other violence, and was settled last fall by a compromise agreement between the unions.

Printed copies of the audit will be mailed to each of the 1800 members of Local No. 1 in advance of a union meeting Friday night. Jones said union rules prohibit making the audit public.

4 ARRESTED AFTER WINDOW OF AUTO FIRM IS SMASHED. — Concern on Delmar, One of 40 at Which Union Called Strike, Attacked Twice in Night.

Four members of the Gasoline Service Station & Warehouse Employees' Union are under arrest for questioning in the window smashing at Denhard Motors, Inc., 4525 Delmar boulevard, Saturday night.

Ballbearings were shot through the same window from passing automobiles twice Saturday night, causing \$30 damage. A policeman stationed at the establishment to guard against violence was writing up his report of the first attack, which occurred at 8:30 o'clock, when the window was again pierced by ballbearings at 9:40 o'clock.

Denhard Motors, Inc., which operates a service station in addition to a motor car sales agency, is one of 40 firms at which the A. F. of L. union declared a strike Aug. 6 after failing to negotiate a new wage agreement.

RESOLUTIONS ON PALESTINE BY ST. LOUIS JEWISH GROUPS. — They Ask Roosevelt and Chamberlain to Aid in Keeping Country Open to Refugees.

Resolutions petitioning President Roosevelt and Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain of Great Britain to use their offices to keep Palestine open to Jewish immigration were adopted at a meeting of representatives of 100 orthodox Jewish organizations, sponsored by the Zionist Organization of St. Louis, at the Y. M. H. A. Saturday night.

Members of the Zionist Organization said there had been persistent rumors that the British Government was considering plans to halt immigration to Palestine of Jews seeking refuge from persecution in European countries.

AT LAMMERT'S

Figured Wilton
BROADLOOM
Regularly \$5.50 Sq. Yd.

\$4.45
SQ. YD.

Here's a departure from the usual style of carpet. This particular grade combines the elements of beauty and durability. As you can see from the picture, the rugs possess a striking figure which is worked into the weave in graduated shades of burgundy, green, blue and baronial brown. You will be amazed when you see the quality of these carpets.

A 9x12 Size Rug with Hand-Bound Ends \$55.50

10% DOWN

Small Carrying Charge

LAMMERT'S
911-919 WASHINGTON AVE. ESTABLISHED IN 1891

Check . . . THIS
LIST OF SIZES FOR
COMPLETE RUGS WITH
HAND-FINISHED ENDS

17x34.....\$ 5.25	9x21.....\$ 95.35
23x9.....\$ 9.98	9x22.6.....\$102.33
23x12.....\$13.13	9x24.....\$108.90
23x15.....\$16.38	12x6.....\$ 38.40
46x7.6.....\$20.00	12x7.6.....\$ 47.30
9x4.6.....\$22.13	12x10.6.....\$ 65.70
9x6.....\$28.80	12x12.....\$ 74.00
9x7.6.....\$35.48	12x13.6.....\$ 82.90
9x9.....\$42.15	12x15.....\$ 91.80
9x10.6.....\$48.83	12x16.6.....\$100.70
9x13.6.....\$ 62.18	12x18.....\$109.60
9x15.....\$ 68.85	12x19.6.....\$118.50
9x16.6.....\$ 75.33	12x21.....\$127.40
9x18.....\$ 82.20	12x22.6.....\$136.30
9x19.6.....\$ 88.88	12x24.....\$145.20

TROLA NO CASH!

Have an old Victrola? Be sure to enter in. It's not necessary to pay anything to win \$250 checks. See blank and details!

Small Charge on Time Sales

RADIO IS OF THIS VERSARY

Victrola

\$139.95

Includes Old Set

40th Anniversary

U-125 — \$179.95

old set, only \$139.95

'ANIMALS ABUSED IN MOVIES'—HEAD OF HUMANE ASSN.

Speaker Opens Four-Day Convention With Plan to Curb Real or Faked Fights and Killings.

SAYS AUDIENCES LIKE BRUTALITY IN FILMS

Also Seeks Less Painful Ways to Slaughter Cattle, Trap Game and Groom Horses for Shows.

The American Humane Association's program of activities for the next year, based on education for the prevention of cruelty to children and animals, was outlined today by Sydney H. Coleman of New York, president of the association, in his report at the organization's sixty-second annual convention at Coronado Hotel.

The meeting, which will continue through Thursday, will be devoted to the presentation of papers dealing with child and animal welfare by members of humane groups throughout the country. The association is a national federation of humane societies which serves as a clearing house for information on child and animal protection.

The needless killing and forced fights of animals in motion pictures was attacked vigorously by Pres-

Lane Bryant 37th Anniversary
SUPREMACY Sale

Tomorrow! Second Floor



Reg. \$22.95 to \$16.95
Unfurled, Winter-Weight

BLACK COATS
\$16

REEFERS!
BOXY COATS!
FITTED COATS!

Smart Nubby Fabrics!
Braid and Velvet Trims!
Beautiful Quilted Linings!
All Warmly Interlined!

Wear them NOW with colorful scarfs! Wear them later with your fur scarfs and boleros! They'll flatter you, keep you warm at least and save you DOLLARS at \$16.

Sizes 12 to 20; 38 to 46.

Lane Bryant
on the Corner... of SIXTH and LOCUST

British Police for Czech Areas



—Associated Press Wirephoto.
British Legion members leaving their quarters in London. They were selected to serve as special police in the Czechoslovakian plebiscite areas.

dent Coleman in his address, and he charged that the "long promised" reform in the treatment of animals in the movies has not materialized.

Says Audiences Like It.

"The abuse of animals, real or faked, and the horror of killing animals ruthlessly has become so common that theater audiences accept it and like it," he asserted. "We can no longer be impressed when given assurances that a humane officer was on the lot when the picture was made."

"Scenes depicting the suffering of animals tends to break down the proper regard for animals, and 'common decency' demands that they be eliminated," he declared.

The prevention of cruelty to animals in the making of motion pictures can be achieved through a plan which the various member societies have approved and pledged support, he said.

Under the association's plan local groups and their friends serve as a board of review, and when pictures portray cruelty to animals complaints will be made to the producer and the management of the theater showing the film.

Plan for Slaughter Yards.

The speaker also reported that the organization's committee on humane slaughter has been working to bring about the use of stunning prior to the slaughter of animals. In England, he said, practically all animals slaughtered for meat are stunned by mechanical means.

He reported that stunning by electricity for hogs, sheep and calves has gained in popularity, and that British slaughterhouse officials declared they would never return to the method used in this country whereby animals lose consciousness through loss of blood.

The Wildlife Department of the Association will continue its work against cruel trapping methods by development of a trap which may replace the steel-jawed trap which has been condemned, and the campaign to eliminate the practice of tail breaking and setting among show horses has been given impetus by the offering of large stakes at the National Horse Show by Mrs. Fitch Gilbert for animals with natural tails.

It is glaringly apparent that steps must be taken to insure better regulation of pet shops, the speaker declared. "Through a proper registration medium the possibility of many shops being used as 'fences' for stolen animals would be eliminated. A stringent licensing system can bring about adequate inspection and higher standards of sanitation."

Child Welfare Questions.

Turning to the question of child welfare, Coleman asserted that public attention is being directed toward ascertaining the causes of neglect and delinquencies of children. Playgrounds and recreational centers have aided materially in filling up the idle time of children, and better housing conditions are helping to raise the standard of home life, he said.

"In spite of all that may be done there will continue in every community situations that require the services of organizations like our Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children," he said.

"These organizations have a splendid record in the rescue of children from cruelty and neglect and their work does not overlap or infringe upon the work of other charitable or public agency."

Isolation for Degenerates.

Establishment of institutions where sex offenders may be held until they have been cured of their condition, was recommended by Charles H. Warner, superintendent of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, Brooklyn, N. Y., in a talk during the afternoon session.

Warner stated that persons convicted of assaulting children are imprisoned, and released without supervision after serving their terms. In prison they receive no treatment for their disorder and when released there is no means of ascertaining whether they will commit other similar crimes, he said.

Sex offenders, usually men of av-

SHOT, SERIOUSLY WOUNDED

IN TAVERN AT MADISON

Venice Man Attacked Without Warning; Alleged Assassin Has Not Been Found.

Norman Lockhart, an asphalt worker of Venice, was shot in the abdomen and wounded seriously in a tavern at Fifth and State streets, Madison, at 1 o'clock yesterday morning.

Witnesses said Lockhart was shot by Marion Gibson, a Venice steel worker, who drew a revolver and fired two shots without warning, then fled. Associates said the men had been enemies since Lockhart beat Gibson in a fight about a year ago. Gibson has not been caught. Lockhart, 33 years old, resides at 1200 Selb street. He is in St. Elizabeth's Hospital, Granite City.



It costs less than the expense of home washing. The average weekly family washing, returned slightly damp for ironing, costs only **49c**

SHIRTS laundered and professionally finished **10c ea.**

CURTAINS like new, when they're "Clean as Sunshine" **35c pr.**

SUNSHINE LAUNDRY and Dry Cleaning Company
We Are Members of the American Institute of Laundering

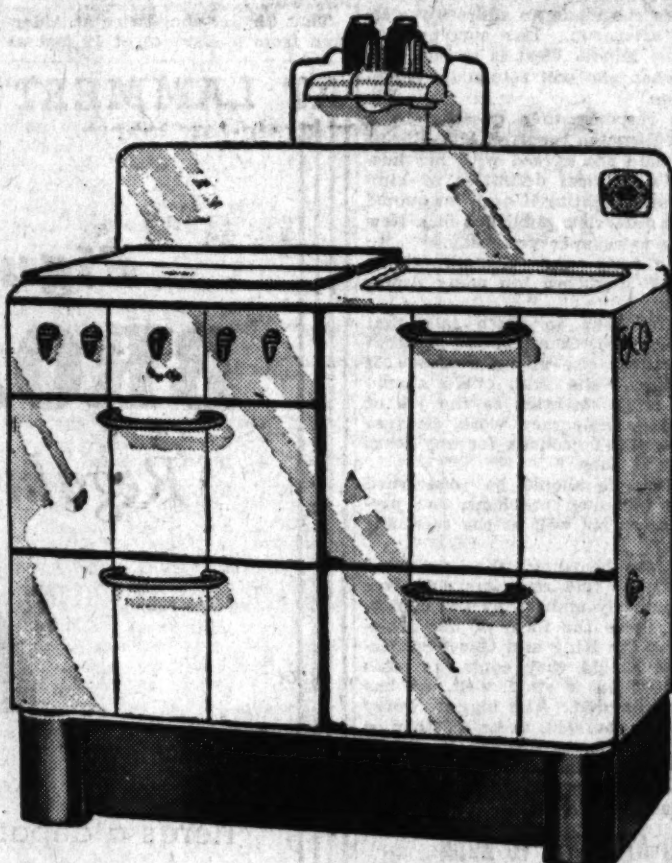
CALL GRAND 2468

"Let Us Put Sunshine in Your Home"

Listen to the Sunshine Serenaders, Station WIL, 9 to 9:30 A. M. Daily

IGOE'S MAGIC CHEF OFFER

Save
\$30



MAGIC CHEF RANGE

Regularly Sold for \$109.50

\$79.50

and Your Old Stove
Delivered on a \$5 Down Payment

In co-operation with the makers, we are privileged to give you an actual \$30 saving on this genuine Magic Chef Range—with all the Magic Chef quality and all the exclusive Magic Chef features, including full porcelain exterior and porcelain oven; minute-minder electric light; Lorain Oven Regulator and a host of other features.

While our very limited allotment lasts—save \$30—this \$109.50 Magic Chef Range for only \$79.50, and your old stove. Delivered on a down payment of only \$5.

Store Open Evenings
HOME FURNISHERS
12th & LOCUST

IGOE'S

STIX, BAER & FULLER DOWNSTAIRS STORE

Sale! SAVE \$11.50 TO \$24.50 ON THESE ROOM-SIZE

WILTONS, BROADLOOMS and AXMINSTER RUGS

Sizes from 9x9.9 ft. to 9x14.3 ft., but mostly the popular 9x12-ft. size. Choose from beautiful Persian, lustrous Chinese, quaint hook and new modern patterns in the Axminsters and Wiltons. The Broadlooms are in rich solid colors. Rugs of beauty and quality can be chosen for most any room in the home at rare savings.

\$25

New Patterned AXMINSTERS

Seconds \$32.99
~~\$44.50~~

PAY 10% DOWN
The Balance in Convenient Monthly Payments

Swedish modern! Textured! Two-tone leaf Popular Fern Patterns. All the new trends that decorators are using. Seamless—woven of all-wool yarns by a well-known weaver. The slight seconds will not impair the wear or beauty of these rugs.

SEAMLESS RUGS
Seconds \$42.99
~~\$57.50~~

So new in pattern—such rich, vibrant colorings—thick luxurious quality you'll not hesitate to buy. New fern, leaf and textured modern patterns as well as Persian, Chinese and Colonial designs. All 9x12-ft.

9x12 Waffle Rug Cushions
Hair-top Cushions—will not stretch—moist and verminproof; doubles the life of your rug. **\$4.29**



NOW! Welt-Constructed NURSES' OXFORDS

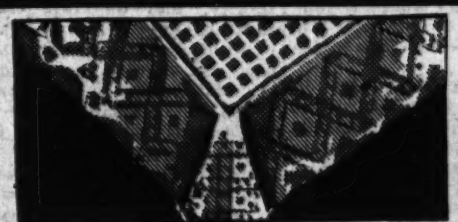


Black Kid

WITH META-TARSAL FEATURE

\$2.29

Not the ordinary type of Nurses' Oxfords, but Oxfords having all the important features of those selling at much higher prices. Grand for nurses, housewives, salesgirls, and all women who have to be on their feet for any length of time. **SIZES 4 TO 9—AA TO E WIDTHS**



\$5.98 Handmade Tuscany FILET CLOTHS

Beautiful Cloths, the kind you'll choose for gifts as well as for your own use. Made in an attractive daisy pattern. 72x90-inch. Limit one to a customer. **\$3.99**

58x78 All-Linen Dinner Cloths
Reg. \$1.49 — **99c**

Imported, all-linen crash dinner cloths with colored plaid center and colored borders; hemmed; choice of red, blue, green and yellow combinations. **\$1.89 7-Piece Damask Sets**

\$1.87 In. Cloth & 8 Napkins
Rayon and cotton woven damask sets in dainty pastel shades and eggshell color. Hemmed, ready for use. Buy several sets for gifts and your own use. Phone orders filled.

25c Steven's Towels
Extra heavy, large size, all-linen, crash kitchen Towels; red, blue, green or yellow woven border; hemmed. Run of the mill. **16c**



39c Spun Rayon Challis

Wide array of patterns, printed on colorful backgrounds of wine, rust, navy, green and black. Washable—39 inches wide—desirable lengths. **24c**

Spun Rayon and Wool Challis

Desirable lengths of 49c. This fashionable fabric comes in all the wanted, new Fall shades and black. 39 inches wide. **19c**

25c TUXEDO PRINTS

These popular 80-square percales, known for their wonderful wearing and laundering qualities. Wanted patterns on colorful backgrounds. 36 inches wide—guaranteed colorfast. Also printed poplins. **16c**

STIX, BAER & FULLER DOWNSTAIRS STORE

KING GEORGE VI SAID TO PLAN TRIP TO UNITED STATES

London Daily Herald Declares British Monarch and Queen Will Go to Washington.

WILL BE GUESTS AT WHITE HOUSE

Program to Include Reception by Congress and Dinner at Embassy in Honor of President.

By the Associated Press.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—The Daily Herald said today a state visit of King George VI of England to the United States at the end of his Canadian tour next spring would be announced in his speech from the throne at the opening of Parliament Nov. 8.

The Herald said the British Embassy in Washington and the United States State Department were arranging a provisional program for the approval of King George and President Roosevelt.

The program, the paper added, provides for a stay of three days and two nights at the White House and one night aboard a United States warship, with a naval review off the mouth of the Potomac.

The program includes, the paper said, a state dinner and a ball at the White House; a state reception by Congress at the Capitol; a dinner and reception given by King George and Queen Elizabeth at the British Embassy in honor of President Roosevelt and Mrs. Roosevelt, and a visit to Mount Vernon and the grave of George Washington.

On the way home to London the King and Queen expect to visit Bermuda.

A brief announcement from Balmoral Castle, Scotland, Oct. 8, said the King and Queen were planning a three weeks' visit to Canada next year. At the time nothing was said of extending the tour to the United States, though it was pointed out by observers they were likely to do so as a gesture of the "friendship of the two peoples."

If they visit Washington, King George VI and his Queen will be the first reigning British sovereigns ever to set foot on United States soil.

Two Princes of Wales have visited the United States, however, the last, Edward VII when a student at Oxford before the Civil War, and the present Duke of Windsor who visited that country on three different occasions, soon after the end of the World War, in 1922 and a year later. The visit to the United States would take King George on his second state visit to a foreign country since his accession to the throne. In July of this year he visited France.

It is expected the King and Queen will charter the liner, Empress of Britain, 42,000-ton flagship of the Canadian Pacific fleet. Their party likely will include about 100 persons, including equestrians, servants, ladies-in-waiting and secretaries.

State Department Not Officially Informed of Proposed Visit.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—The State Department and the British Embassy professed today to have no official information regarding the proposed visit of King George and his Queen to the United States.

The State Department said it had no information on the subject except what officials had read in the newspapers.

At the British Embassy, an official said the Embassy had taken no action. He referred all other inquiries to the Foreign Office in London.

FINDERS OF \$3000 LOSE CLAIM
Jury Decides Gold, Uncovered in Cellar Is Part of Estate.

BLOOMSBURG, Pa., Oct. 17.—John Johnson and George Hill, laborers, lost their claim of "finders keepers" today in the case of \$3000 in gold coins they uncovered in a cellar.

A jury awarded the treasure to F. Harold Kline who claimed the gold as part of the estate of his father, who died in 1890 while living in the home. All the coins bore dates prior to that time. Johnson and Hill found the cache while lowering the cellar in the home.

Former "Baby Peggy" to Be Bride.

HOLLYWOOD, Cal., Oct. 17.—Fanny Montgomery, now 19 years old but famous in comedies years ago as "Baby Peggy," will become the bride of Gordon D. Ayers, playwright, on Wednesday. Marie Wilson, comedienne, will be married to Nick Grinde, director, Friday.

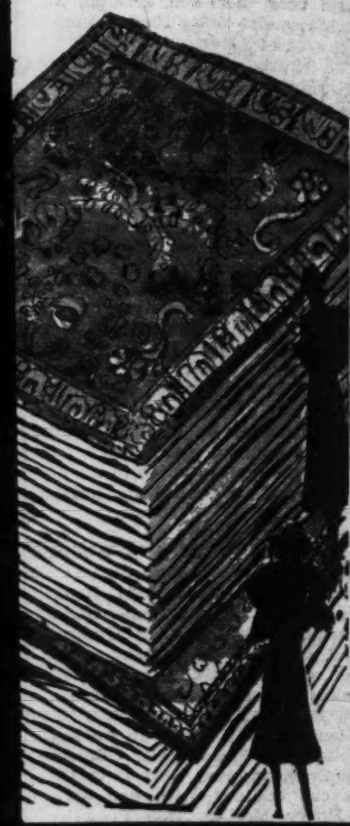
HELP STOMACH DIGEST FOOD
—Without Laxatives and Vomiting
Everything from Soup to Nuts
The most delicate and effective for stomach troubles, indigestion, heartburn, gas, flatulence, constipation, etc. It takes these things out of the stomach and helps the stomach to digest them. It is a sure and safe remedy for all stomach troubles. Ask for Bell's for Indigestion.

FULLER STORE

\$11.50 TO \$24.50
EASE ROOM-SIZE

OADLOOMS
ER RUGS

\$25



structed



Black
Kid

RSAL FEATURE

\$229



un Rayon Challis

of patterns,
colorful back-
ne, rust, navy,
back. Washable
wide-desirable

24c

Rayon and Wool

Desirable
lengths of 49c
quality. This
fabric comes in
ed, new Fall
back. 39 inches

19c

OXEDO PRINTS

er 80-square
wn for their
ring and laun-
des. Washable
colorful back-
inches wide—
storfast. Also
s.

16c

RS STORE

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Harold Kline who claimed the gold
as part of the estate of his father,
who died in 1890 while living in the
home. All the coins bore dates prior
to that time. Johnson and Hill
found the cache while lowering the
cellar in the home.

Former "Baby Peggy" to Be Bride.

HOLLYWOOD, Cal., Oct. 17.—
Peggy Montgomery, now 19 years
old but famous in comedies years
ago as "Baby Peggy," will become
the bride of Gordon D. Ayers, play-
wright, on Wednesday. Marie Wil-
son, comedienne, will be rosted
by Nick Grinde, director, Friday.

ADVERTISEMENT

HELP STOMACH
DIGEST FOOD

Everything from Soup to Meat
is made easy to digest with Bell's
Stomach Food. It is the only food
that is both a laxative and a stimu-
lant. It is the only food that is both
a laxative and a stimulant. It is the
only food that is both a laxative and
a stimulant. It is the only food that
is both a laxative and a stimulant.

New York world's fair in miniature...

Like a trip to the New York World's
Fair itself when a representative
takes you on a tour through this
miniature exhibit. All week—free.
Assembly hall 9th floor



fall-into-winter
best seller!

Nelly Don
wool jersey

\$798

So popular that we can't
keep it in stock! Short-
sleeve style tailored in
the inimitable Nelly Don
manner of Sag-No-Mor
wool jersey with a tucked
blouse and a skirt that
flares! Skyline blue, Le-
gion copper, green, gold
or black. Sizes 12 to 20.
(Nelly Don Shop—
Second Floor.)

Yolande
classic
satin slip

\$398

Lovely classic Slip exqui-
sately made by hand of
pure-dye silk satin; with
hand-fagotted finish.
Regular and short lengths;
in tearose, white, navy
or black. Sizes 32 to 44.

Yolande Slips in Pure-
Dye Silk Crepe — \$2.98
(Lingerie—
Second Floor.)

dress up for a
gay hallowe'en!

more than 50 styles of costumes
for children and grownups!



Snow White and the Seven
Dwarfs
Costumes \$1.50-\$2.50
Children's Cos-
tumes, 14 styles \$1.00
Children's Cos-
tumes, 12 styles \$1.98
Adults' Costumes,
12 styles \$1.98
Adults' Costumes, 14 styles.
\$3.50 to \$4.98

Be a lively gypsy, a bold
Spaniard, a Russian, a gay
pirate, a funny Chinaman, or
be "scary" as a witch, a
devil or a skeleton.
(Toy Dept.—Fifth Floor.)

Dial Magic Number CEntal 9449 for Phone Orders

STIX, BAER & FULLER

The "GRAND-LEADER" Since 1892

\$1.00 to \$1.98 silks, rayon velvets and rayons
10,000 yards highlighted in this

fabric sale!

inspirations for an enviable wardrobe at savings!

- \$1.00 Wine and Dine Satin Back Rayons
- \$1.98 Mallinson's Silk Matelasse, High Shades
- \$1.69 Black Transparent Velvet with Silk Back Rayon Pile
- \$1.00 Double Alpaca Rayon Crepe, Solid Tones
- \$1.39 Novelty and Surface Interest Frocks
- \$1.00 Crepe Back Acetate Rayon Satin
- \$1.00 to \$1.98 Rough Weave Rayons and Rayon Matelasses
- Soft Swanback Printed Rayons

All 39 in. Wide! Many Quantities Limited!

your choice

78c

yard

\$1 to \$1.39 novelty silks and rayons

3500 yards—choose liberally and save!

Pure dye silk prints in multi-colored and allover patterns! New Swanback prints in washable rayon Pebble crepe! Plain and surface interest alpacas, rough crepes and novelty weaves in long-wearing acetate rayon fabrics! Variety of new colors and plenty of black. 39 inches wide.

59c

yd.

29c plaid and tweed cotton Mummie crepe, yd. 12c

(Fabrics—Second Floor.)

SALE wood-grain-top fabric

table pads

made to order up to 48x65 inches \$279 each

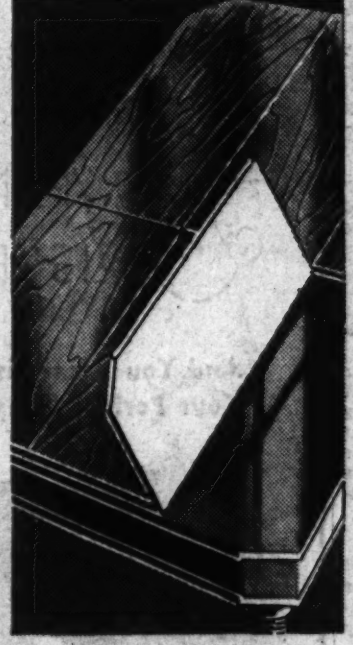
Protect your table with these durable new Pads! Wood-grain tan or white top; with brown or green fabric back. Pad and leaf fold completely in 4 folds... making it easy to put away when not in use.

Extra Leaves up to 12 inches wide, \$1.09

Please Bring Paper Pattern of Half of Your Table, and Width of Leaves.

TWO WEEKS DELIVERY

(Second Floor.)

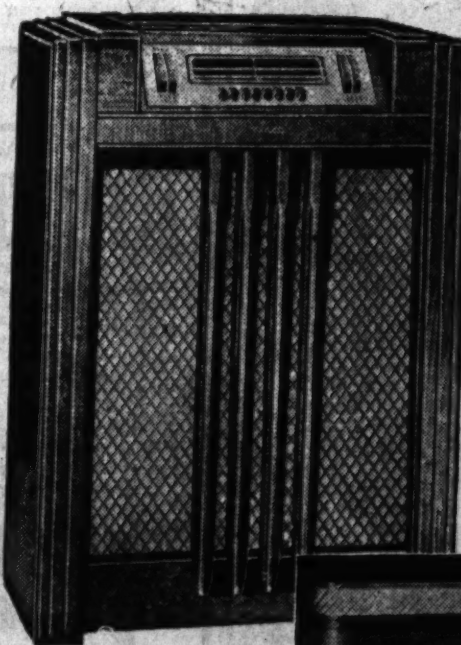


free home trial!

phone CEntal 6500
station 473

1939 Philco

\$7995
AERIAL \$3



A fresh new idea in cabinet styling.
Foreign Reception—Inclined Sound-
ing Board—Inclined Control Panel
—Wide Vision Dial—and other
1939 improvements.

football special!

SKIP FROM GAME TO GAME WITH
AUTOMATIC "ELECTRIC TUNING"

\$2350

LIBERAL TRADE-IN
ALLOWANCE FOR
YOUR OLD RADIO

5% DOWN, BALANCE
MONTHLY
Small Carrying Charge



- Light Weight Walnut Cabinet
- Big Lighted Dial
- Dynamic Speaker
- Automatic Volume Control
- Very Selective

(Fourth Floor.)



gorgeous mums!

Hardy field-grown plants...
each has from 50 to 75 blooms!
Red, bronze, pink, white, yellow
and... 69c
Shipping Charges Not Prepaid
No C. O. D.'s

peony roots

35c 3 for \$1
Named varieties in red, pink
and white. 3 to 5 eye clumps.
Labeled as to kind and color.
(Plant Shop—Fifth Floor.)

giant size economy sale

Dorothy Perkins

REGULARLY \$1.50-\$2.00
FOR A LIMITED TIME \$1



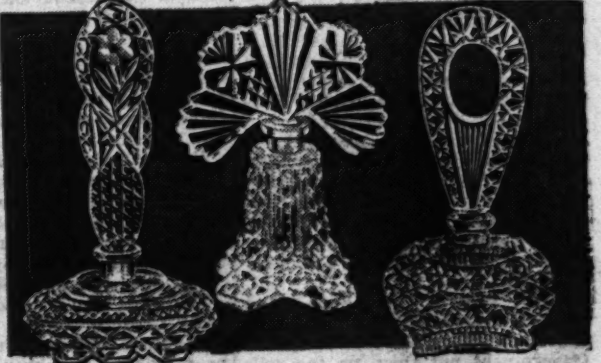
To make new users for
the Giant Sizes of Dor-
othy Perkins Beauty
Preparations, we are
privileged to offer them
to you, regardless of
their regular prices, at
the amazingly low price
of only \$1.00 each!

note these
giant
savings!

Cream of Roses,
\$1.50 Size. Now \$1!
Rose Lotion,
\$1.75 Size. Now \$1!
Cream Delight,
\$2.00 Size. Now \$1!
Skin Freshener,
\$1.75 Size. Now \$1!
(Toiletries—Street Floor.)



Dial Magic Number CEntal 9449 for Phone Orders



OCTOBER
SPOTLIGHT

hand-cut and hand-polished
perfume bottles

Hand-cut crystal in short squat-
ty styles... or tall graceful types with
elaborately cut stoppers! Put away
for Christmas gifts! 89c
(Toiletries—Street Floor.)

rugs cleaned by the
luster sheen process

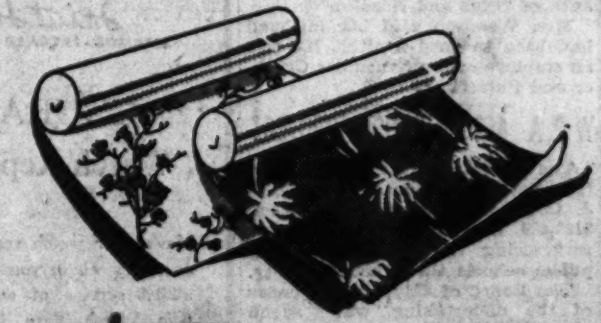
... have all the glowing beauty of rugs fresh from
the maker's loom... and they are clean, too, to
their innermost fibers.

9x12 Domestic; Cleaned, \$3.25. 9x12 American-
Oriental WASHED & "Luster-Sheen" treated, \$4.89

ORIENTAL AND CHINESE RUGS washed by the
"Luster-Sheen" soft water process are more beau-
tiful.

Estimator will be sent at your request.
Call CEntal 6500, Sta. 436.

(Sixth Floor.)



SALE of 75c, \$1 and \$1.50
wall papers

waterproof! 39c
sunfast! roll

Note the size of your rooms. Note how great your savings will
be. Large purchase from noted manufacturer brings this low
price! Moderns, colonials, metallics, marble patterns.

Clearance—10 to 20 rolls of a kind; roll 19c
(Sixth Floor.)

MEXICAN TROOPS PUT DOWN SONORA INDIAN UPRISING

National Defense Secretary
and His Men Restore Or-
der After Yaqui and Mayo
Outbreak.

By the Associated Press.

NOGALES, Sonora, Mex., Oct. 17.—A dispatch to the Nogaes Herald from Ciudad Obregon said today military forces, under Gen. Manuel Avila Camacho, Mexico's Secretary of National Defense, had restored order after an uprising by several hundred Yaqui and Mayo Indians, members of the CTM, labor union opposed to the political policies of Gov. Roman Yocupicio of Sonora.

The Herald's dispatch said observers considered the rift was purely a controversy between CTM, powerful national labor organization, and the CTS, Sonora labor union.

The CTS contends it is backed by Gov. Yocupicio, and the two labor organizations are sponsoring rival candidates for state offices.

The trouble, brewing for several months, was brought into the open last week by several minor skirmishes, observed by the Nogaes Herald. Gov. Yocupicio blamed Gen. Jose Tafolla, commander of the fourth military zone, for inciting the trouble and spurring the armed Agrarians to action. Gen. Tafolla was recalled to Mexico City by President Lázaro Cárdenas.

The Herald said it was informed that Jacinto Lopez, leader of the CTM in Southern Sonora, and several other union officials had been arrested.

Governor Reports to President on
Uprising of Army Reserves.

By the Associated Press.

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 17.—Three groups of agrarians listed as army reserves are reported to be in revolt in the northern State of Sonora, with Yaqui Indians also exhibiting restlessness.

Despite the situation, however, the military department declared there was no movement of Federal troops to the region.

Gov. Roman Yocupicio of Sonora telegraphed President Lázaro Cárdenas Saturday that three groups of army reserves were in rebellion. For some months there have been rumors concerning the loyalty of Gov. Yocupicio to the Federal Government.

A heated political campaign for Governor is in progress in Sonora, with Yocupicio and the powerful Confederation of Workers of Mexico (CTM) backing rival candidates.

The Yaqui, who once were conquered by Yocupicio, are now considered to be his friends.

About 8000 of them have rifles which they kept after a truce with the Government 15 years ago. The Government put them on the rolls as army reserves and paid them about 25 cents a day as a part of the bargain to keep the peace.

LAUNDRY INSTITUTE OPENS 55TH CONVENTION HERE

National Group to Be in Session
Through Thursday; St. Louis
Speaks Over Radio.

The fifty-fifth convention of the American Institute of Laundering opened at the Jefferson Hotel yesterday with a discussion of modern technical methods and of the position of the laundry industry in the nation. The convention will close Thursday.

H. H. Milligan, president of the St. Louis Laundry Board of Trade, said in a radio interview in connection with the opening of the convention that industries in St. Louis employ about 2700 workers and pay in wages 56 cents of every dollar taken in.

O. L. Roach of Danville, Va., president of the institute, and Fred E. Wilson of Los Angeles, Cal., also spoke on the opening program. The institute operates a \$500,000 laboratory at its headquarters in Joliet, Ill., where textiles are tested for laundering qualities before being put on the market.

FALLS DEAD IN THEATER LOBBY

Burt Woodson, 54, Collapses Sudden-
ly at the American.

Burt Woodson, 54 years old, 946 Belt avenue, collapsed and died last night in the lobby of the American Theater, where he had gone with his wife for the opening performance of "Pins and Needles."

Mrs. Woodson said her husband had been in good health. He was an employee of the Gruendler Crusher and Pulverizer Co.

W P A AIDS SCHOOL PROJECT

The Works Progress Administration notified Congressman John J. Cochran today it had allotted \$191,489 to continue the work of resurfacing the playgrounds of public schools throughout the city.

The Board of Education, sponsor of the undertaking, will spend about \$25,000 for materials and other costs. The yards of 25 schools have been paved so far under the project.

Jacob W. Moerschel Dies.

JEFFERSON CITY, Oct. 17.—Jacob W. Moerschel, president of the Moerschel Products Co., and a former executive of the Capital Brewery Co., died at his home here today following a heart attack. He was 52 years old. Mr. Moerschel, widely known for his Knights of Columbus activities, was born in St. Louis. His widow and a brother, Ernst C. Moerschel, survive.

Czechs Expect Hungarian Accord

Continued From Page One.

either the Hitler-Mussolini plan to make Prague accept a new, more acceptable Hungarian plan with the approval of other western Powers as a basis for resuming negotiations or a four-Power conference for the same purpose to be called by Hitler or Mussolini.

The first plan was regarded here as the more likely to be adopted. Dr. Ferdinand Duriansky, Minister of Justice, Social Affairs and Health in the new Slovak autonomous Government, was reported to be anxious to resume direct negotiations.

New Proposal Awaited.

Baron Bothmer of the Foreign Office asserted today that Czechoslovakia must make a new proposal before Hungary takes further action in its demands for Hungarian-populated regions of Czechoslovakia.

Such an offer, to lay a basis for resuming interrupted Komarom conversations, is expected shortly, Baron Bothmer said, but any new plan would be made more difficult to accept because of "increased Czechoslovak atrocities" in Hungary.

Despite a general feeling that chances for a peaceful settlement have brightened considerably, Hungary still moved men and equipment to the Czechoslovak frontier.

Troops Crowd Roads.

Roads were crowded with requisitioned trucks, farm cars and horses moving troops toward the North. Many of the newly mobilized reserves traveled to the border by train, but regular train services suffered little. Reports from the frontier said Czechoslovak troops also were moving up their lines facing Hungary.

Officials continued to emphasize that the mobilization was for peace, not for war.

The Herald said proposals from Hitler and Mussolini were submitted in response to a note addressed to Germany, Italy, Great Britain, France and Poland asking for a quick conference or other means of settling the dispute with Czechoslovakia.

Poland also was known to have made proposals for a solution, but it was not known whether Great Britain and France had replied.

The plans under consideration were said to include a suggestion by Hitler that a mixed commission of Czechoslovak, Hungarian, Polish, British, French and Italian diplomats meet in Germany within a week. Mussolini's plan was said to be similar except that he proposed that the commission meet in Italy.

Mobilization was said to be a heavy drain on Hungary's military budget and it was reported the Government soon would ask for new internal loans.

It was understood that because of the heavy cost of calling the two classes of reserves already mobilized, the other three classes under orders to report would not be called unless it was absolutely necessary.

Bridges Reported Bombed.

Refugees who crossed the border from Czechoslovakia brought reports from Ruthenia that four railroad bridges had been bombed by members of the "free corps," organized by Hungarian army officers.

The refugees said the "free corps" and Czechoslovak soldiers had clashed several times in various parts of Ruthenia and that numerous casualties had resulted.

Life in Budapest appeared normal except that there were fewer buses and more military equipment on the streets.

The public seemed no longer afraid there would be war, but wondered how much longer they would have to wait for the great victory celebrations prepared for the day Hungary occupies the hundreds of square miles of Czechoslovak territory it expects to get.

Shortage of Labor.

Non-resident civilians were not permitted to enter Hungarian border zones north and northeast of Budapest without special military passes.

A temporary shortage of labor on farms and factories because of mobilization measures will be overcome quickly, a Government labor official said.

According to Government plans, unemployed men and women will replace temporarily men who are believed now to have been called to the colors. Mobilization of agri-

cultural production workers already was under way to assure adequate food supplies.

Besides the five military classes the mobilization decrees arranged to call, it was understood that thousands of "technical and other specialists" of all ages also would be mobilized.

Officials said these would include chauffeurs, mechanics, engineers, physicians, coffin carpenters, tailors, shoemakers, blacksmiths and others. Budapest already felt a shortage of such professionals.

Demands By Hungary.

Hungarian delegates walked out of the conference with Czechoslovakia at Komarom last week after negotiations had left what they considered an unbridgeable chasm between their demands and Czechoslovakia's offers.

Hungary demanded all districts in which a 1910 census showed more than 51 per cent of the population said its language was Hungarian. It demanded, also, a plebiscite in Slovakia and Ruthenia "in accord with the Munich agreement," presumably on the assumption that a majority in both districts would favor union with Hungary.

Czechoslovakia, however, contended that the 1910 census was not on a basis of race but merely was an Hungarian attempt—when Slovakia still belonged to Hungary—to determine how many persons in Slovakia, Ruthenia and Moravia preferred the Hungarian language for daily use.

Dispute Over Population.

The total of "Hungarians" at that time was 1,260,000, the number Budapest demands be returned to Hungary now. But at Komarom, the Czechoslovakia delegation asserted an earlier census showed that in 1870 less than a third of that number lived in Slovakia.

The Czechoslovakia's final offer at Komarom was to return to Hungary seven districts with a population of 610,000—480,000 Hungarians, 50,000 Slovaks, 30,000 Ruthenians, 50,000 Jews and 10,000 Germans. Thus, according to Czechoslovak figures, only 80,000 Hungarians would remain within Czechoslovakia after a settlement.

Within Hungary's demands was the border city of Bratislava, seat of the new Slovak autonomous Government. Not only Czechoslovakia but also Germany was said to be opposed to this demand.

Fortifications Are Involved.

Should Czechoslovakia be forced by a decision of the Powers to accept the Hungarian demands, Hun-

gary would come into possession of vast Czechoslovak fortifications along the Danube below the Tatra Mountains and, at the same time, regain extremely fertile country and some industries.

Czechoslovakia in the last 18 years has strung fortifications along 600 miles of the Hungarian border at a cost estimated at more than \$200,000,000. These are believed to be many "Maginot type" underground fortresses in the hilly territory, covered with forests and vineyards.

Hungary's prospective economic gain by occupation of those areas is considered to be immense. Foreign trade experts here look on the huge forests of Southern Slovakia as a source of lumber sufficient to supply all of Hungary's needs. The rest of the country mostly is fertile farmland.

Hungary now must import much of its lumber and, thus, depend on the foreign currency which it receives for its wheat exports.

THREE DOGS DIE, APPARENTLY
OF POISON, WITHIN TWO DAYS

Riverview Gardens Woman Notifies Police When Second of Her Pets Gets Convulsions.

Mrs. Henry T. Hendricks, 324 Fork drive, Riverview Gardens, reported to the Sheriff's office at Clayton today that her two pet dogs and one belonging to a neighbor died, apparently of poison, yesterday and today.

She said her collie and a German police dog of Clarence Shellhart, 320 Fork drive, were seized with convulsions and died yesterday. This morning, her other dog, a mongrel, had a similar attack while chewing a bone he had picked up in the back yard.

CHANGED MIND ABOUT JUMPING

Man Who Said in Note He Was Going Off Bridge Returns to Job.

Erman E. Tucker, an employee of the County Dairy Co., Clayton, who left a note at the plant Friday in which he said he intended to jump from a bridge, returned to his job yesterday morning. His car was found on the Municipal Bridge Friday night.

An executive of the dairy concern said Tucker offered no explanation. Tucker's estranged wife, Ethel, had told police she saw him Friday morning and he threatened to end his life.

TUGBOAT STRIKERS REFUSE OWNERS' PAY COMPROMISE

Say at New York They Will
Hold Out for Minimum
Demands—Another Con-
ference Planned.

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Three hundred tugboats remained at their posts today, hampering shipping in the world's busiest port as a strike of 2000 tugboat workers entered its third day.

The strikers, members of the International Longshoremen's Association (A. F. of L.) rejected last night a compromise wage scale offer made by the New York Tugboat Exchange, an organization of employers.

Joseph P. Ryan, president of the I. L. A., said the union would remain firm on its minimum demands. A closed shop, seniority rights, time and one-half for Sunday work, \$10 a month pay increase for firemen, deckhands, others and cooks and a \$5 monthly increase for captains and engineers.

The Tugboat Exchange proposed a \$7.50-a-month increase for unlicensed personnel and \$5 a month for licensed men employed by major tugboat lines, and a flat \$5 increase for all workmen on tugs of smaller companies. Ryan said another conference would be held today with the exchange's wage adjustment committee.

To avert an electrical power stoppage threat, the strikers agreed to operate three boats carrying coal to city powerhouses. The union also furnished workmen to insure normal movement of garbage scows.

Although the strike affected harbor shipping, it had no serious effect on the operation of passenger and freight vessels. Since the walk-out went into effect Friday midnight, several large ships—aided by perfect weather conditions—have docked or left the port without the usual help of tugs.

Arrival of the Queen Mary tomorrow, however, will pose a special problem. The 30,000-ton liner is one of the largest in the world, and it was thought unlikely that Cunard Line officers would risk trying to berth it without tugboats. If the strike remains unsettled, harbor officials said the Queen Mary might be forced to anchor in the channel and send passengers ashore in tenders.

DUCK HUNTING SEASON ENDS
ON NOV. 28 AND NOT ON NOV. 30

New Shooting Period Opens With
Weather Warm and
Birds Few.

The duck hunting season, which opened Saturday in Missouri and Illinois with few ducks, due to warm weather, will continue through Nov. 28.

Following reports of an increase of migratory fowl at northern breeding grounds, the season, limited last year to 30 days, was extended this year. The shooting period is the same in Missouri and Illinois. It was incorrectly stated in yesterday's Post-Dispatch that the season would end Nov. 30.

\$12.32 Lowest One-Way
Coach Fares Daily

CLEVELAND

\$16.44 Buffalo, \$9.69 Lima

Slightly Higher in Fall Term

ABE-CONDITIONED EQUIPMENT

City Street Office, 215 N. Broadway

Call Cleveland 7260

NICKEL PLATE ROAD

BAKED BY A&P BAKERS

SOFT TWIST

2 20-OZ. 15c

SLICED LOAVES

DOUBLE WRAPPED TO HOLD ITS FRESHNESS

Taste the new, improved flavor, see the new improved texture, see how well the new improved crust toasts, notice the low price for such a fine bread. There's a taste sensation awaiting you the moment you try A&P Soft-Twist Bread. Get two loaves today. It's a real value at the price.

DELICIOUS PAN ROLLS — DOZ. 5c PLAIN OR SUGARED DONUTS — DOZ. 10c

A GREAT VALUE SCOOP!

NEW 1938 PACK IONA BRAND

GREEN BEANS OR TOMATOES

10 FULL No. 2 SIZE CANS 53c BUY A CASE OF 24 \$1.25

SUPPLY LIMITED! PRICE GOOD MONDAY TO WEDNESDAY ONLY—IN ALL ST. LOUIS A&P STORES

NEW LOW PRICE! IDAHO

BAKERS 10 -LB. CLOTH BAG 19c (WT. APPROXIMATE)

IDAHO JONATHAN APPLES — Lb. 5c ALL PURPOSE FOR COOKING, BAKING.

KRAUT CABBAGE — 10-Lb. Bag 59c

A&P BRAND-WISCONSIN

KRAUT... 4 No. 2 1/2 CANS 25c CASE OF 24, \$1.45

IONA SLICED OR HALVED PEACHES — 2 No. 2 1/2 CANS 25c

PEACOCK ELICED DRY BEEF — 3-Oz. 10c

Special A&P Cream Style CORN — Golden 3 Cans 23c

WHITE KING BRAND GRANULES 3 9-OZ. PKGS. 25c

36-oz., 31c 24-oz., 21c

SUNNYFIELD PANCAKE FLOUR — 30-Oz. Pkg. 5c

A&P BRAND PUMPKIN — 3 No. 2 1/2 CANS 25c

IONA CORN OR PEAS — 4 No. 2 1/2 CANS 25c

G-E 30-40-60-70-100 WATT BULBS — Each 15c

Laundry Soap CRYSTAL WHITE — 8 Glass Bars 25c

AXA SOAP — 7 Glass Bars 25c

TOILET SOAP CREAM OIL — 8 Cans 25c

TOILET SOAP PALMOLIVE — 8 Cans 17c

RED PAKET SUPER SUGS — 2 Lbs. 35c

BLUE (Concentrated) SUPER SUGS — 2 Lbs. 20c

A&P FOOD STORES

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DOUBLE WRAPPED TO HOLD ITS FRESHNESS

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RED PAKET SUPER SUGS — 2 Lbs. 35c

BLUE (Concentrated) SUPER SUGS — 2 Lbs. 20c

A&P FOOD STORES

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

2000 U. S. VOLUNTEERS

IN SPAIN 'MISSING'

State Department Can Account
for Only Half of Americans
in Civil War.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—More than half of the 4000 Americans who volunteered in the Spanish civil war apparently have been lost in action.

Surveys undertaken after the announced withdrawal of foreign volunteers by the Spanish Government failed today to account for at least 2000 men.

Between 1000 and 2000 Americans are understood to be in the units now being withdrawn. Some of them are injured and have been in hospitals. More than 200 are reported still to be in Spanish hands, their evacuation delayed by serious injuries or by difficulty in getting them out of the enemy zone, which has no communications with France.

About 100 wounded veterans have returned to the United States. State Department reports show that 100 or 100 are in Gen. Franco's prison camps.

The department has records of the deaths of only about 200 Americans during the entire campaign. The rest are listed as missing, their fate undetermined after long inquiry by relatives and American officials in Spain. Search has been complicated by the fact that many of the volunteers fought under assumed names.

The Justice Department, meanwhile, has been inquiring into the way the American volunteers got into the war. Virtually all Americans who went to Spain enlisted on the Government side. The volunteers first went into action on the Jarama River, south of Madrid, in February, 1937. Their heavy losses were in March and April, 1938, when they were caught in Franco's big push down to the sea

REBEL PLANES BOMB EASTERN COAST OF SPAIN

Gandia and Denia Attacked
in New Raids—No Casualties Reported at Either Place.

By the Associated Press.

MADRID, Oct. 17.—Insurgent air squadrons made widespread raids today on the Government's Mediterranean Coast.

One seaplane dropped eight heavy bombs on the Port of Gandia at dawn and later dropped four bombs on Denia. No casualties were reported in either raid.

Two insurgent squadrons, each of five planes, raided Valencia. One dropped 50 bombs on Malvarrosa beach and the other crossed Valencia to bomb Sagunto but was driven off by Government pursuit planes after dropping four bombs.

Scattered exchanges on Ebro front; other lines quiet.

HERNANDEZ, France, Oct. 17.—Fighting in Spain's civil war was reduced today to scattered exchanges of shots on the Ebro River front. Other fronts were inactive.

Spanish Government dispatches said yesterday insurgent attacks had been halted on the Ebro in Lower Catalonia, but insurgents insisted they had advanced on a front of several miles. Neither side, however, reported the exact region in which fighting was taking place.

Declaring insurgent Generalissimo Francisco Franco had lost the initiative of attack on the Ebro front, the Government dispatches asserted his army had lost 80,000 dead and wounded in the three months since the Lower Catalonia campaign began.

A Government air force report said two Italian planes were shot down by Government squadrons, raising insurgent air losses to 20 for the week.

Rebel Planes Drop Bombs Close to British Destroyer.

VALENCIA, Spain, Oct. 17.—Five trimotored planes dropped bombs yesterday within 30 yards of the British destroyer Imperial, anchored a half-mile outside Gandia, British-operated port on Spain's Mediterranean coast. The decks of the destroyer were sprayed with bomb splinters, but no one was injured.

Spanish insurgent authorities at Palma, air base on Mallorca Island, apologized to British officials for the incident.

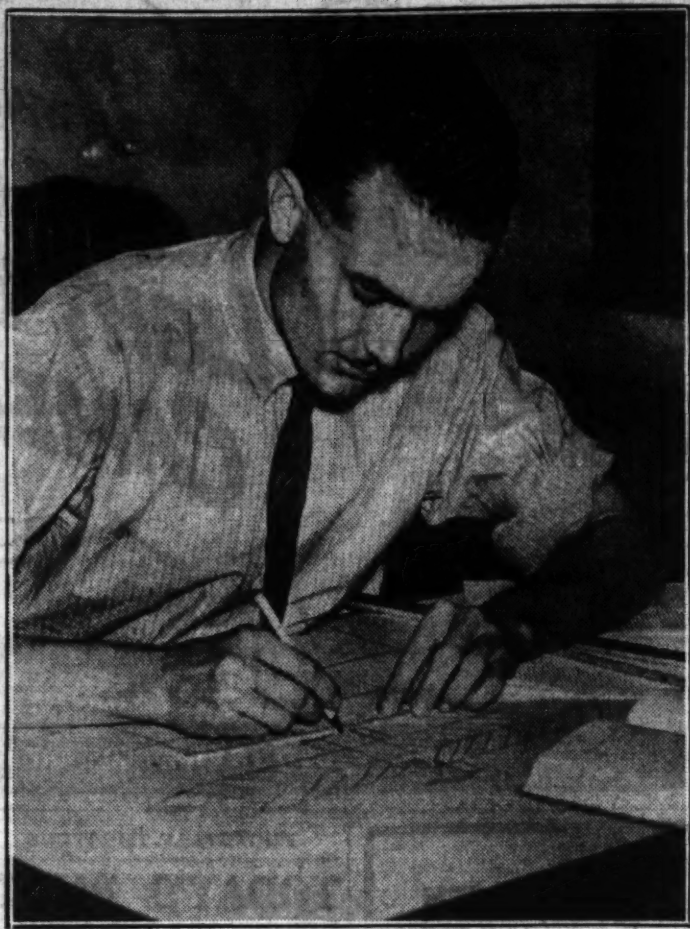
Five Italian-made bombing planes rained Alcoy, on the Mediterranean coast, about 55 miles north of Alicante. Three persons were reported killed and 27 injured, with 17 buildings destroyed.

Man Who Guarded Coolidge Dies.

SUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 17.—Funeral arrangements were made today for William C. Stokes, 77 years old, policeman who guarded the assassin of President McKinley from a mob.

A turnkey at the time President McKinley was shot, Stokes hid Leon Czolgosz, the assassin, in a secret cell in police headquarters when a mob formed outside and demanded the prisoner.

Handicap of Deafness Fails To Stop Young Engineer



By a Post-Dispatch Staff Photographer.
ARTHUR MOMBER.

English Youth Returns After Years to Visit Central Institute, Where He Learned to Speak and to Understand Others.

Arthur Momber, who in spite of deafness learned to speak and understand other persons, then completed an engineering course at a college in England and worked as a draftsman in Shanghai, has been renewing old friendships during the last week at Central Institute for the Deaf, which he attended.

He left this morning for Chicago, then will go to Montreal and finally London, where he has obtained a job designing engines and turbines. He gave up his job in China about two months ago, convinced that the war will not end soon and that when it does young Japanese probably will take over all jobs.

The fact that he was wounded last winter when walking in a Shanghai street did not influence his decision, he told a Post-Dispatch reporter last night.

A Chinese airplane was flying one night over the Japanese-controlled city, he related, when anti-aircraft guns opened fire. As he walked along, a shell struck the pavement behind him. He went back to have a look, observed that the street had been torn up a little and then started on again. Suddenly he felt a pricking sensation in his hand and found that a silver of metal had entered his right arm. It was a minor wound, and within a week only a scar remained.

Enrolled in School Here at 7.

Momber is 24 years old, tall and slender, and has curly, reddish-brown hair. By lip-reading, he understands almost perfectly anything that is said to him, and he enunciates distinctly.

He was born of English parents

in Japan, then moved to China as a small boy. His father, Cecil Momber, owned a large shipping concern.

Because of his total deafness, young Momber failed to make much progress in an ordinary school for hearing children. His mother then took him to England, intending to enroll him there in a school for deaf children. There she met Dr. Max Goldstein, the "father" of Central Institute for the Deaf in St. Louis. He suggested she send her boy to school here.

After placing the 7-year-old boy in the care of Central Institute, Mrs. Momber returned to her home in Shanghai. Arthur remained here, except for an occasional vacation, for nine years. He learned to speak and he learned to watch the lips of other persons to understand what they were saying.

Completing his elementary schooling at 16, he returned to Shanghai. His family planned to enroll him in a high school for hearing children, but, on the suggestion of the principal of Central Institute, he received a private tutor, and in two years he completed a four-year high school course.

Apprenticeship on Coal Boat.

Then he spent a year working as a marine apprentice on a boat hauling coal from North China to Shanghai. This served to acquaint him with engines and gave him the background of information he wanted before enrolling in an engineering school.

He traveled half-way around the world again and entered University College of Southampton, England. At first he had some difficulty understanding lecturers because of his unfamiliarity with technical terms, but he asked questions after class and got the material straightened out in his mind.

He is engaged to Miss Jean MacWilliams of Los Angeles, whom he met in England when he was in college. She was there with her father, a Hollywood movie director, who instructed English camera men in motion picture production.

Miss MacWilliams is 18 years old and is hard of hearing.

When the war began in China, Momber related, everyone thought it would be very brief. But now the conviction is growing there that the war may go on for a long time, he said.

His mother was in England when the war started, but his sister and father were with him. After bombardments of Shanghai began, his sister and all other foreign women were taken by boat to Hongkong. Later she and his father went to England. His father gave up the shipping business, one of the largest in the Orient, after most of the firm's property and ships were seized or destroyed. Young Momber decided to follow them two months ago.

BROADCAST OF DANCE MUSIC ON SUNDAY UPSETS BRITISH

Lord's Day Observance Society to Protest Against It "With Every Nerve and Fiber."

By the Associated Press.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—The first cautious venture by the British Broadcasting Corporation into Sunday broadcasting of dance music brought a quick decision by the Lord's Day Observance Society today to "protest with every nerve and fiber of our religious conviction."

H. H. Martin, secretary of the society, called the 20 minutes of modified jazz at church time yesterday morning an "indefensible and deplorable desecration of the sabbath."

The B. B. C., a Government monopoly, put Charlie Kunz and his band on the air at 11:45 a. m. without calling it a dance program. The orchestra avoided crooning and extreme jazz.

Until yesterday, the B. B. C. always had clung to classical music, if any, on Sundays.

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN TAKES IN 100 MEMBERS

Admissions Mark Opening of Two-Week Celebration of 100th Year.

One hundred new members were received at Second Presbyterian Church, Taylor avenue and Westminster place, yesterday as the congregation began a two-week celebration of its hundredth anniversary and launched a campaign for a \$100,000 endowment fund to stabilize finances and extend its activities.

The Rev. Dr. William Covert of Philadelphia spoke of the difficulties faced by the founders and told of the work of his life-long friend, the late Rev. Dr. S. J. Niccolai, pastor of Second Presbyterian Church for 50 years.

"The nation was in the greatest financial crisis it had ever experienced in 1833," he said. "The country seemed to be headed for certain bankruptcy. But St. Louis was better off in some respects than other parts of the country although there was still great trouble in banking circles."

Dr. Covert referred to the widespread speculation in railroad and canal promotion. In Illinois, he said, there was not enough money in the State treasury to pay postage on invitations to the inauguration ceremonies for the Governor.

"In spite of these handicaps," he concluded, "the 62 charter members bravely began their adventure for God and for faith."

A historical pageant, "The Ful-

KARL KAUTSKY, EDITOR OF MARX'S BOOKS, DIES

Fled From Austria at Time of Anschluss; Attacked Soviet Leaders.

By the Associated Press.

AMSTERDAM, The Netherlands, Oct. 17.—Karl Kautsky, friend of Karl Marx and veteran German-Austrian Social Democrat, died here today in exile. He was 84 years old.

He fled from Vienna when Austria was united with Germany last March and was offered refuge in The Netherlands for life.

He founded the newspaper "Die Neue Zeit" and was its editor for 34 years.

Most Important Interpreter of Marx's Accused Kaiser.

Karl Kautsky, born in Prague—then in Austria—was one of the foremost disciples of Marx, and after the death in 1895 of Friedrich Engels, Marx's collaborator, he was regarded as the most important interpreter of Marx's doctrines.

At the outbreak of the World War he adopted a pacifist attitude and in 1917 joined with Hugo Haase in organizing the Independent Social Democratic party in Germany.

He was strongly opposed to the Russian revolution and to the forms of Marxism adopted by the Communist leaders. He wrote a considerable body of controversial literature against Lenin, Trotsky and others, the most important of

AMENDMENT 6 CAMPAIGNERS

Mrs. Lawrence McDaniel Heads Women's Division in St. Louis.

Mrs. Lawrence McDaniel has been appointed chairman of the Women's Division of the Citizens' Road Association of Missouri, to campaign in St. Louis for adoption of the Nov. 8 election of proposed Constitutional Amendment 6, providing for a 10-year highway program.

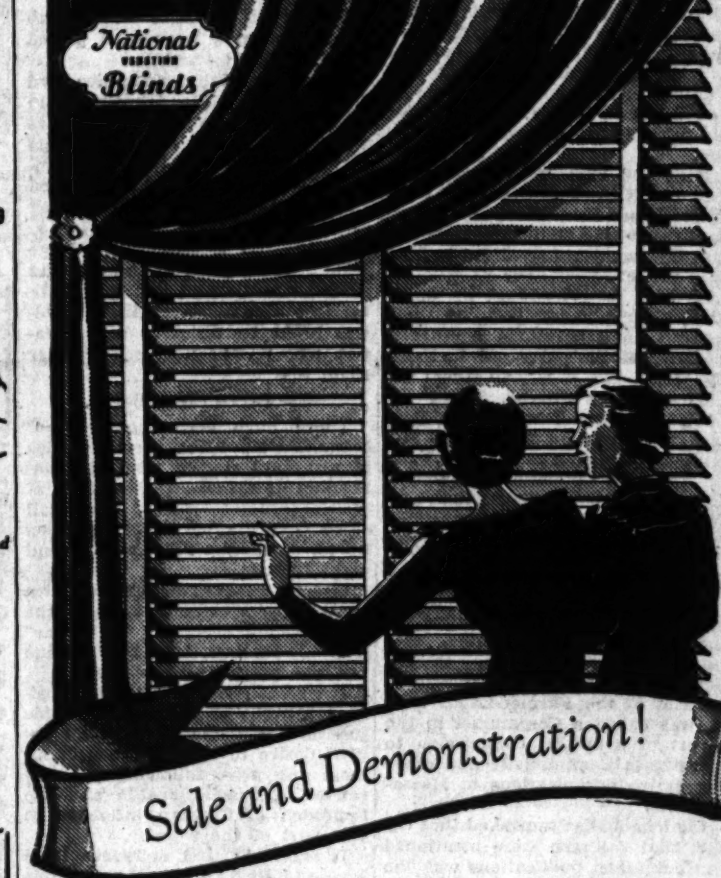
Other officers of the Women's Division are Mrs. Lon O. Hoeker, vice-chairman; Mrs. Helen M. Willey, secretary; Mrs. Schuyler Smith, chairman and Miss Marion H. Wassell, vice-chairman, of publicity; Mrs. John Trigg Moss, chairman, and Mrs. S. W. Carr, vice-chairman, of speakers; and Mrs. E. W. Hutt, chairman of meetings.

\$317 Stolen From Tavern Locker.

Receipts totaling \$317 were stolen from a whisky locker at the Fox Tavern, 3630 Washington boulevard, Saturday night. Dominio Tarella, proprietor, discovered yesterday that entrance had been gained by smashing the glass in a back door and that the whisky locker, in the basement, had been forced open. The money was in a box.

Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney

Final Week!



National Venetian Blinds

Minimum Size Reg. \$6.00. All other sizes reduced proportionally. Save \$1.00 and more on each blind!

\$4.98 each

National Blinds are recognized as one of the country's leading makes. Note these features—

- Narrow Residential-Type Slats
- Refined Streamlined Head Rails (an exclusive National feature)
- Silent and Automatic Operating Device
- Roller Bearing Pulleys
- 36 Standard Decorative Colored Slats
- No Extra Charge for Special Color Slats
- 18 Colors in Tapes
- All Wood Parts Are Clear-Grained Port Oxford Cedar, guaranteed against warpage.
- A Special Factory Representative will be in our Window Shade Shop to give you Expert Estimates and Suggestions on the Correct Treatments of your Windows.
- See Special Exhibits in our Olive Street Window

Window Shade Shop—Fourth Floor

Specially Priced! Wall Papers

39c per single roll

Regularly 75c to \$1.25 All Water-Fast and Sunfast

See the new stripes and florals for living rooms, bedrooms, and bedrooms. Novelty and conventional in soft pastels and deep tones.

Wall Paper Shop—Fourth Floor

SAFE BROKEN BY BURGLARS: \$800 AND JEWELRY STOLEN

Building of Star Furniture House Entered After Closing of Store Saturday.

The theft of about \$800 and jewelry valued at \$600 from the safe of the Star Furniture House, 1540 South Broadway, was reported today. The building was entered after the store closed Saturday night. Police said the building apparently was entered by way of a third-floor window from the roof of an adjoining two-story building. The combination was hammered off the safe.

Baby Falls From 4th Floor, Lives.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—Birken Holbrook, 2 years old, fell yesterday to a paved alley from a fourth-floor window of the family apartment. He was taken to a hospital, where his condition was said to be fair.

REDUCED PRICES! WASHERS REPAIRS Any Make Any Age Phone Chestnut 9220

Brand's 904 PINE Anything Electrical Repaired Serving the Home Electrically Since 1908

AT VANDERVOORT'S

BIG VALUES IN 3 NOTIONS

All-in-One GIRDLES 3 LENGTHS \$2.00

De-Luxe Abdo fit, fine quality garments. Double supporting and keeps tummies flat. Skillfully designed uplift bra.

Notions—First Floor

ERCCO Furniture Polish 1 Reg. 40c Pint 50c

A 20% saving on a household necessity. A Polish you will recommend to your friends.

\$1 Ercco Dry Cleaner, Quart Size, 89c

Notions—First Floor

8 Boxes—200-Sheet KLEENEX 98c

The convenient "Serv-a-Tissue" box. A sanitary necessity for use during colds. Excellent for removing creams and cosmetics. Get a supply, now!

Notions—First Floor

New Texture Weave Bath TOWELS

Practical, durable Towels in rose-dust, peach, gold, blue, beige, green, white.

Towel, 22x44, \$1.00

Towel, 15x28 59c

Wash Cloth 20c

Bath Mat \$2.50

Large Towel, size 24x46, \$1.69

Large Towel, size 27x52, \$1.98

Linens—Second Floor

Presenting Peggy Sage's SATINBASE 60c

The grandest preparation for busy women! For those who demand longer nail polish wear. Satinbase is a clear pink liquid that may be applied under or over your nail polish!

Toiletries—First Floor

VANDERVOORT'S Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney



Maybe it seems a bit early to be thinking about Christmas but it really isn't when it comes to gifts for those special ones. A photograph is just such a gift and we urge you to have yours taken now, our PhotoReflex Mirror-Camera Way, so that neither you nor we need rush about it.

Full Selection of Prints No appointment needed Studio 3RD Floor

DOUBLE EAGLE STAMPS TUESDAY

FAMOUS-BARR CO.

Operated by May Dept. Stores Co. Store Hours, 9 to 5

the Lady

including Saturday... Main 3222

231 W. Lockwood 6304 East 179 Manchester 249 Lemay Ferry Rd. 122 E. Broadway, Alton, Ill. East St. Louis, Ill. Nesco Roaster Combinations

MARKET

Vegetables—Prices for Tuesday

Center 11c NECK BONES Lb. 5c

Shoulder, 8c Stew 8c Frankfurters 9c

STRING BEANS, bushel, 25c BUNCH TURNIPS 1c

GRAPEFRUIT 6 for 10c

all set ing EASE

THE

SCO

TABLE OUTFIT

Monthly payments on your electric

all carrying charge added.)

cooking ELECTRICALLY, with its fine results—at this low price! A convenient table to put it on! Put it steaming—and it will perform to order EXACTLY and AUTOMATICALLY—you can DEPEND on it! Cook family—or use it for quick snacks. Ends of St. Louis women have found electric roaster brings you economy in cheap in St. Louis.

Electric Roaster (illustrated) is heavily polished aluminum cover. One-lift operation. Bake, Roast, Strong Metal Adjustable control for any heat

the Lady

DEMONSTRATED! ELECTRIC KITCHEN

Tues., Oct. 18, 2 pm

complete broiled dinner cooked in operation. Also the time-saving means at once.

ERIC COMPANY

including Saturday... Main 3222

231 W. Lockwood 6304 East 179 Manchester 249 Lemay Ferry Rd. 122 E. Broadway, Alton, Ill. East St. Louis, Ill. Nesco Roaster Combinations

Lloyd George Says Britain Proposed Poland-Bohemia Union

Former Premier Tells of Memorandum of 1916, Which Also Called for Annexation by Germany of Part of Austria.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—Lloyd George disclosed today in his latest book, "The Truth About the Peace Treaties," that the British Foreign Office drew up a memorandum in 1916 proposing that Bohemia should be attached to a recreated kingdom of Poland.

The war-time British Premier said the memorandum was based on the assumption of either a victory by the allied Powers against Germany or a stalemate in the World War. It recommended creation of the kingdom of Poland under a Russian Grand Duke.

The Foreign Office memorandum examined three proposals regarding Bohemia, which is now partly controlled by Czechoslovakia and partly by Germany as a result of German annexation of Sudetenland.

They were: Formation of an independent state, linking Bohemia with a Southern Slav state, and adding it to the kingdom of Poland.

It further envisaged Slav provinces of Austria constituting the Southern Slav state, German provinces in Austria incorporated in the German empire, and Hungary's purely Magyar areas as an independent state.

Conflict at Versailles.

Lloyd George told of the sharp conflict at Versailles between himself and Woodrow Wilson on the one hand and French Premier Georges Clemenceau and French President Raymond Poincaré on the other. The latter two wanted Germany crushed completely.

Answering a proposal submitted by French Marshal Foch that the Rhine should be Germany's western military frontier, Lloyd George said he warned that if Germany were treated unjustly in the peace treaties "she will find means of exacting retribution from her conquerors."

"I cannot conceive any greater cause for future war than that the German people, who have certainly proved themselves one of the most vigorous and powerful races in the world, should be surrounded by a number of small states, many of them consisting of people who have never previously set up a stable government for themselves, but each of them containing large masses of Germans clamoring for union with their native land," he wrote.

Task of Treaty Makers.

The former Premier added that the emancipated races of Southern Europe "rose from their graves hungry and ravening from their long fast in the vaults of oppression" and fought avidly over the carcasses of the dead empires.

He said the task of the treaty makers became "not to decide what in fairness should be given liberated nationalities, but what in common honesty should be freed from their clutches when they had overstepped the bounds of self-determination."

Lloyd George vigorously defended the Treaty of Versailles, declaring: "As one of the authors of that settlement I protest against its being judged on subsequent abuse of its provisions and powers by some of the nations who dictated its terms."

He blamed those who "repudiated their own solemn contracts and pledges" and used their temporary superiority to deny justice.

Rivers Stages at Other Cities.

Pittsburgh 16.7 feet, no change; Cincinnati 12.7 feet, a fall of 0.5; Louisville 9.2 feet, a rise of 0.1; Cairo 11.2 feet, a fall of 0.1; Memphis 5 feet, a fall of 0.6; Vicksburg 5.2 feet, a fall of 0.8; New Orleans 3.5 feet, a fall of 0.1.

WITNESS TELLS OF REEFACTS IN MINNESOTA DRIVE

Ex-Communist Says They Obtained "Complete Domination" of Farmer-Labor Association.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Albert Kittock, who said that he had been a member of the Communist party from 1933 to 1937, told the House committee investigating un-American activities today that Communists had obtained "complete domination" of the Farmer-Labor Association of Minnesota.

The association, he said, is a "rank and file political organization" of workers, farmers, professional people and small business men.

Kittock read in somewhat halting English a statement which he said had been prepared by the House committee investigating un-American activities today that Communists had obtained "complete domination" of the Farmer-Labor Association of Minnesota.

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BRITISH TROOPS BEGIN NEW ATTACK ON ARAB REBELS

Ordered Out After Commissioner Returns From London Presumably With Wider Powers.

JERUSALEM, Oct. 17.—British troops deployed to positions throughout Palestine today as a preliminary to an intensified campaign to crush Arab resistance to Britain's rule in the Holy Land.

The new campaign was ordered yesterday immediately after the return from London of Sir Harold Alfred MacMichael, British High Commissioner and Commander-in-Chief of Palestine.

Tension persisted as Jews, Holy Land Arabs and Arabs in Trans-Jordan and Syria awaited publication of a British Commission's report to learn whether Britain still intends to establish separate Arab and Jewish states. The plan to partition Palestine into three areas, including a zone to remain under British mandate, is deeply resented both by Jews and Arabs.

Clashes continued throughout the Holy Land last night. The old walled city of Jerusalem was virtually beleaguered. All gates except the Jaffa Gate were closed after a 24-hour curfew was imposed at 7 p. m. yesterday.

Strong British patrols searched automobiles and pedestrians entering and leaving the city. Except for guards, however, the streets were almost deserted.

More than 12 cities with Arab populations now have been placed under night restrictions.

Terrorist sniping and frequent skirmishes continued in Jerusalem. Two British soldiers were wounded by snipers' bullets at the old crusader town of Ramleh. Several Arabs were arrested at Jaffa and Haifa for circulating seditious literature.

British troops dispersed a large band of Arabs which was menacing a Jewish settlement in Lower Galilee last night. Royal Irish Fusiliers broke up an Arab concentration also on the northern frontier road.

HOUSEHOLD DUTIES AND SHOPPING DO A LOT TO GET MY NERVES UPSET!

I PAUSE EVERY LITTLE WHILE TO LET UP—LIGHT UP A CAMEL!

SMOKERS FIND CAMEL'S COSTLIER TOBACCOS ARE SOOTHING TO THE NERVES!

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CLOWN HANGS SELF IN PARK

John Stone, 80, Ends Life Near Park.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—John Stone, 80 years old, English clown famed for 30 years in both England and France, hanged himself Saturday in a public park of suburban Le Vallois.

Stone returned briefly to the limelight last summer when Queen Elizabeth of England, inspecting the British hospital in Paris during her state visit with King George VI, was photographed at his bedside. Publication of the picture in England brought Stone's sister, Mrs. John Hawthorne, 76, who had not seen him in 20 years. Mrs. Hawthorne returned to England when Stone left the hospital several months ago.

MRS. RONDE AT MONTICELLO

Former Ruth Bryan Owen Re-counts Experiences to Students.

Mrs. Ruth Bryan Owen Ronde, former Minister to Denmark, recounted her experiences in the diplomatic service to students of Monticello College at Godfrey, Ill., yesterday. Her three-day visit will end tonight.

Mrs. Ronde attended Monticello from 1890 to 1901. Her mother was a student there from 1878 to 1879.

TODAY'S POST-DISPATCH WANT ADS Tell Of Business Openings

PHOTOPLAY THEATERS

LOEW'S

DOORS OPEN 11:30

FREE PARKING

ROBERT TAYLOR

THE CROWD ROARS

QUICK HIT

JACK HOLT & BEVERLY ROBERTS

MAKING THE HEADLINES

PHOTOPLAY THEATERS

TODAY'S PHOTO PLAY INDEX

COMPTON

FAIRY

HI-WAY

IVANHOE

KING BEE

KIRKWOOD

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KING BEE

KIRKWOOD

LEMAY

MACKLIN

MARQUETTE

MARYLAND

MERRY WIDOW

SHENANDOAH

OSAGE

OZARK

PALM

PLYMOUTH

APOLLO

LINDERELLA

VIRGINIA

MELBA

MICHIGAN

STUDIO

SAVOY

MELVIN

GEM

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TREASURE

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STUDIO

SAVOY

MELVIN

GEM

OVERLAND

TREASURE

LONGWOOD

DAKOTA

CATHOLICS GATHER AT NEW ORLEANS

Cardinal Mundelein Arrives—To Open Eucharistic Congress Tomorrow.

DOUBT

FAMOUS BASEMENT

Operated by The May Dept.



WILL ROGERS

3 HITS!

MAUREEN O'SULLIVAN

EDWARD ARNOLD

'THE CROWD ROARS'

JACK HOLT & BEVERLY ROBERTS

'Making The Headlines'

COLUMBIA

JOAN BENNETT

'THE TEXANS'

JANE WITHERS

'KEEP SMILING'

POWELL

JUDY GARLAND

MICKEY ROONEY

'LOVE FINDS ANDY HARDY'

ROXY

'TWO QUITS WITH SHIRLEY'

WHITE WAY

'A QUIET PICTURE'

'LITTLE MISS BROADWAY'

'TROPIC HOLIDAY'

KROGER-PIGGLY WIGGLY

YOU CAN'T BUY BETTER—SO WHY PAY MORE?

KROGERS COUNTRY CLUB PEAS

Country Club—Sifted or Tiny

PEAS. 2 No. 2 Cans 25c

LARGE SWEET PEAS Country Club 3 No. 2 Cans 29c

AVONDALE PEAS 3 No. 2 Cans 25c

PEAS Standard Brand 4 No. 2 Cans 25c

COUNTRY CLUB SALAD DRESSING

32-Oz. 29c

8-Oz. 10c 16-Oz. 18c

BULK EVAPORATED PEACHES—2 Lbs. 19c

AVONDALE KRAUT—4 No. 2 Cans 25c

RECIPE BAKING POWDER—2 10-Oz. Cans 15c

PORK & BEANS Country Club 3 No. 2 Tall Cans 25c

LEMON or Vanilla Extract Her Grace 1-Oz. Bottle 10c

CARAMELS Milk Chocolate 1-Lb. 19c

DONUTS Plain or Sugared Doz. 10c

PORK CHOPS Choice Center Cuts Lb. 28c

STEWING CHICKENS... Lb. 21c

★ MINCE MEAT Country Club-Bulk Lb. 17c ★

★ TAMALES Armour's Star 2 for 25c ★

★ BRAUNSCHWEIGER Armour's Star Lb. 29c ★

★ THURINGER Or Cooked Salsami Lb. 25c ★

★ CHILI Country Club Concentrated 15c-Oz. Can 25c ★

BANANAS Delicious Flavor Properly Ripened Lb. 5c

ORANGES Sunkist Valencia 288 Size Doz. 15c

CABBAGE For Kraut 6 Lbs., 10c 50c

SWEET POTATOES Candy Yams 3 Lbs. 10c

GRAPEFRUIT Texas Seedless 80 Size 5 for 19c

POPCORN South American Shelled, Fancy Lb. 5c

FIRM, RIFE FOR SLICING TOMATOES Lb. 10c

SNO-WHITE FLOWERS CAULIFLOWER Ea. 15c

EXTRA FANCY BOX JONATHAN APPLES 4 Lb. 25c

KROGER PIGGLY WIGGLY

GUARANTEED BRANDS

MONDAY THRU FRIDAY

DOUBLE ORDER OF ROMANCE

LINDA'S FIRST LOVE

THE EDITOR'S DAUGHTER

BRING THE LADIES—ALWAYS POP PRICES

RED MARSHALL—A. R. REVUE

'TEASES & WHEEZES'

AMERICAN ROLLICKING MUSICAL REVUE

PINS & NEEDLES

ORIGINAL N. Y. CAST

NIGHTS: 50c, \$1.15, \$1.65, \$2.25

MAT. WED., SAT.: 50c, \$1.15, \$1.65

WEEK END: 50c, \$1.15, \$1.65

NEXT MONDAY NIGHT

TALLULAH BANKHEAD

in "I AM DIFFERENT"

Fritz Schell & John Emery & Glenn Anders

Nights: 50c, \$1.15, \$1.65, \$2.25

Mat. Wed., Sat.: 50c, \$1.15, \$1.65

WEEK END: 50c, \$1.15, \$1.65

ST. LOUIS—"Always in Trouble"

starring Jane Withers

With Eddie Collins and Arthur Treacher, at 1, 4:00, 7:12

and 10:10; "Swing It, Professor"

with Pinky Tomlin and Paula Stone, at 3:04, 6:09 and 9:15.

MOVIE TIME TABLE

AMERICAN—"You Can't Take It With You"

featuring Lionel Barrymore, Jean Arthur and James Stewart, at 11:11, 1:29, 3:57, 7:26, and 9:54;

"Girls' School," with Anne Shirley, Nan Grey and Ralph Bellamy, at 10 a. m. and 6:02 p. m.

FOX—"Valley of the Giants

WEDNESDAY **Store Hours: 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.**
DOUGLAS-BARR CO.'S
WANT ECONOMY STORE
Rousing Savings!
Finishings Sale!

<p>Self-Polishing Glo-Coat and Applier</p> <p>Tuesday Only, Both For \$1 59</p> <p>½ gallon of self-polishing Glo-coat with applier!</p> <p>"Johnson's" Enamel</p> <p>Quick-drying enamel in 11 colors and white. "1-coat finish!" Qt. 98¢</p>	<p>Johnson's Liquid Wax and Applier</p> <p>Tuesday Only, Both For \$1 59</p> <p>¾ gal. liquid Wax the wax of 100 cans! With applier!</p> <p>64¢ "Blen" & Polish</p> <p>Johnson's "Blen" for surface scratch! With furniture polish! Both for 39¢</p> <p>Basement Economy Haulway</p>	<p>Popular Wall Papers</p> <p>Exceptional Saving Tuesday</p> <p>Per Roll 7c</p> <p>Diamonds! Plain! Florals! Chints!</p> <p>2-Tones! Tapered! All Sunfast! For All Rooms!</p> <p>Here! indeed are exceptional savings! Large variety to please many preferences! Featured at this price Tuesday only!</p> <p>Basement Economy Haulway</p>	<p>RCA! CLINTON! KADETTE!</p> <p>GRUNOW!</p> <p>Powerful, compact Radios . . . in a striking selection for "most every preference!" Choose from 4 to 6 tube models . . . from makes that are known the country over for quality and splendid performance. First come, first served . . . be early.</p> <p>Basement Economy Haulway</p>
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ary Lane, 'GOLD DIGGERS IN PARIS.'



NOW WE PRESENT



UNFURRED DRESSMAKER COATS EXCLUSIVE WITH US

Without a bit of fur—the dressmaker type of Coat so popular this year demands the exquisite tailoring found in all our Beaumonts. Styles that live longer, qualities that last longer. These three are typical of this new collection with a new label, new luxury. Rich black boucles warmly interlined for Winter—smart alone or with your own furs.

- 1—Belted Coat With Cotton Velvet, Misses' Sizes, \$29.95
- 2—Fitted Coat With New Bloused Back, Misses' Sizes, \$49.95
- 3—Box Coat with Pleated Sleeves for Little Women, \$39.95

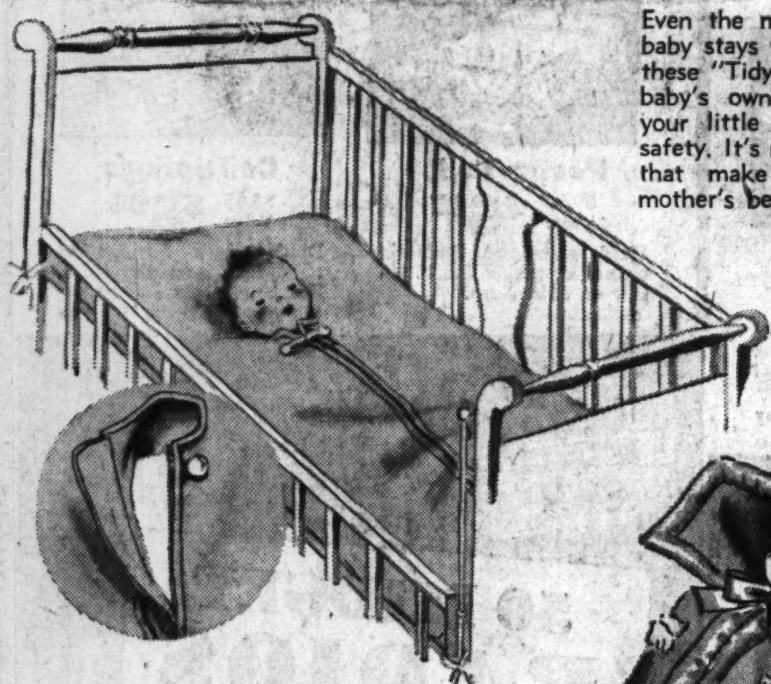
Famous-Barr Co.'s Coat Shop—Fourth Floor

FAMOUS-BARR CO.

STORE HOURS: 9 TO 5 DOUBLE EAGLE STAMPS TUESDAY OPERATED BY MAY DEPT. STORES CO.

"TIDY" THEM UP

IT'S LITTLE THINGS LIKE TIDY PRODUCTS THAT PUT OUR BABY SHOP FIRST IN MINDS OF MOTHERS!



Even the most rambunctious baby stays warm and snug in these "Tidy" covers. Soft as baby's own skin, they give your little one comfort and safety. It's names like "Tidy" that make our Baby Shop mother's best helper.

TIDY COVER-TOTS—BABY'S NIGHT WATCHMAN

\$4.98

A sleeping bag that keeps baby tucked-in. Of pink or blue blanketette cloth with extra Kleenert Softex inner-sheet for protection.

TIDY ROBE-N-HOODS, ideal outdoor wrap that envelops baby and provide warmth. Soft fleecy blanket cloth with adjustable hood.

\$1.98 \$2.98 \$3.98

Others of Fine Wool, \$4.98 and \$5.98
It's "FAMOUS" for Infants' Wear—Fifth Floor

MUSICAL ROCKER

A toy value hit! Your little girl will love it. This little chair is equipped with Swiss music box. While she rocks it plays a pretty tune, automatically. 25 inches high, in Old Colony maple finish.

\$3.99

SNOOPY SNIFFER'S A WINNER

"The Personality Pup." A pull-toy that delights young and old alike.

\$1.00

24-INCH STEEL LOCOMOTIVE

Strong and high enough to ride. Commodore Vanderbilt style.

\$1.00

It's "FAMOUS" for Toys—Eighth Floor

BUSH JACKETS ARE "TOPS" WITH BOYS

ESPECIALLY THESE NEW HOCKMEYER CORDUOYS

\$3.50

Boys rate bush jackets tops anytime... but these Hockmeyer corduroys are getting the play. They're trim for school, they're warm and action-free... and have plenty of pockets. This full-belted style comes in navy, brown and green. For ages 8 to 20.

It's "FAMOUS" for Boys' Clothing—Second Floor

\$85 White ROTARY ELECTRIC

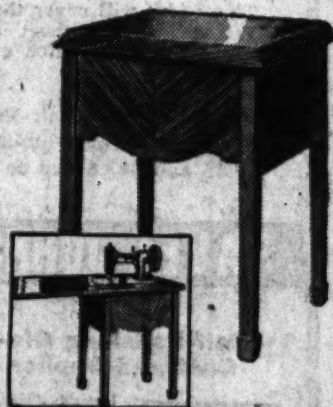
SPECIALLY PURCHASED SEWING MACHINES

\$58.85

- Full Size Head
- Air-Cooled Motor
- Numbered Stitch and Tension Control
- Attractively Finished Cabinets
- Old Machine Allowance

\$3 CASH, plus tax, balance monthly with small carrying charge.

It's "FAMOUS" for Sewing Machines—Sixth Floor



F&B COFFEE

Special blend F&B vacuum pack Coffee at a price that shouts "stock up!"

LB. CAN 21c

SPECTACULAR SALE MEN'S 25c TO 50c SOCKS

22c PAIR 5 for \$1

STARTING TUESDAY... 24,000 PAIRS!

The surplus stock from 3 noted makers is responsible for this savings spree! Long wearing, fine quality Socks all with double high spliced heels and toes. Plain colors, clocks, stripes, figures and plaids. Silk and rayons, lises and part wools. Sizes 9 1/2 to 13.

Main Floor

35c PLAIN COLOR TRIPLE HEEL AND TOE 22c

50c INGRAIN LISLE PLAIDS 22c

35c PART WOOL PATTERN SOCKS 22c

50c LISLE AND RAYON STRIPED SOCKS 22c

35c GENUINE WRAP CLOCK SOCKS 22c



HELENA RUBINSTEIN \$2 JAR NOVENA NIGHT CREAM

LIMITED TIME AT \$1.00

Take advantage of this beauty opportunity. Novena Night Cream, rich in "replenishing oils," will help recondition, protect and prepare your skin for cold weather. Buy it now and save half the price.

It's "FAMOUS" for Toiletries—Main Floor



TUESDAY ONLY—49c COTTON BROADCLOTH

Plain color Slub Broadcloth in a splendid selection of light and dark Vat colors that take to tubbing like a duck to water! Choose for blouses, play togs, etc. — 36c yd.

It's "FAMOUS" for Fabrics—Third Floor

SPOR

PART TWO

RAIL BOARD HEARS FINAL ARGUMENTS ON WAGE ISSUE

Labor Spokesman Tells Fact-Finders Proposed Cut Threatens Whole New Deal Philosophy.

CARRIERS SAY IT WOULD AID COUNTRY

Maintaining Pay Above Other Industries Is Retarding Recovery, Attorney Asserts.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Labor spokesmen told President Hoover's fact-finding board today the railroads' attempt to reduce wages threatened the whole philosophy of the New Deal—and the carriers countered with the assertion that it would improve general economic conditions.

Ray Miller, opening final arguments for the rail brotherhoods, said management had failed to produce any evidence contradicting the facts as they stood when employees were given an 8 per cent pay increase last year.

The rail brotherhoods have voted to strike rather than accept a 15 per cent pay cut.

Asserting that a rail wage cut would be followed by similar reductions in other industries, Miller said such a movement would "wreck the well-being of America."

He added he regarded this year's recession as a "strike" on the part of certain industrialists "in opposition to the progressive policies of the present administration."

Rail Attorney's Plea.

Arguing that rail wages were far out of line when compared with other industries, Sidney S. Alderman, attorney for the carriers, urged that the board recommend the pay cut to the President.

He argued that the maintenance of rail wages on a plane above that of other industries hampered general recovery.

"An adjustment of wages to a reasonable basis, as would be accomplished by the proposed reduction," he said, "will improve the general economic situation and ultimately increase the general consumer purchasing power by enabling the railroad industry to continue its normal purchases, the money for which will immediately flow into general circulation."

Alderman told the board that it need not consider the question of minimum pay in its recommendations on the carriers' proposal, since minimum pay will be fixed by the wage-hour law which goes into effect Oct. 24.

George M. Harrison, representing the rail workers, said about 30,000 rail workers would be affected by the law, which will fix a minimum wage of 25 cents an hour.

Both sides likewise agreed that hour provisions of the act do not affect rail employees.

Railways' Financial Plight.

Opening the railroads' final arguments, Alderman asserted that financial conditions of the roads are such that they require the pay cut.

"They say 'put the railroads through the wringer' and then they bring in Senator Wheeler (Dem., Montana), to testify about the great waste in these reorganization cases," Alderman said. "This whole case has been a lot of 'now you see it and now you don't' and I don't know where we are coming out."

Charles E. Hay of St. Louis, counsel for the brotherhoods, said in arguments prepared for delivery later in the day that the board's decision would affect all industrial wages.

"There is the opportunity," Hay said, "to lay down for this industry and the other industries of the country principles which should govern them in making wage adjustments with the men remaining in industry after their fellows have been eliminated by technological improvements."

After hearing arguments of both sides today, the board will study the evidence it has received and report its recommendations to President Roosevelt not later than Oct. 27.

The Social Democratic Federation, describing itself as a "Right wing Socialist organization," sent an appeal to the board to consider the findings, "the notorious wage 'stock' of the carriers and to keep in mind that 'wage cutters are working against their Government.'"

PWA Projects Under Way.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—The Public Works Administration reported today that work had been started on 3475 projects costing \$275,738 under its new program.

Edward A. Gray, Assistant PWA Administrator, said construction advanced more than three times further than on any previous program. Work is being started on an average of 40 projects daily.

ST. LOUIS, MONDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1938.

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Bruise Proves Fatal



MISS HELEN SLEPCEVIC.

GIRL, STRUCK BY BASEBALL
4 YEARS AGO, DIES OF CANCER

Miss Helen Slepcevic, 17, Succumbs to Leg Cancer Attributed to Old Injury.

Miss Helen Slepcevic, 17 years old, died yesterday at her home, 1807A McNair avenue, of cancer of the left leg. Her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Marko Slepcevic, said the cancer resulted from an injury their daughter suffered more than four years ago when struck on the leg above the knee by a baseball when watching boys at play in the neighborhood.

At the time, her father said, the injury was not considered serious and the girl declined to see a doctor for fear she would have to miss school. Last March she complained of pain in her leg and an operation at Missouri Baptist Hospital disclosed cancer. She had been confined to her home since. If she had returned to school, she would have been a junior at McKinley High School.

The funeral will be tomorrow at 2 p. m. at Holy Trinity Serbian Orthodox Church, 1910 McNair avenue, with burial in Mount Hope Cemetery. Surviving besides her parents are two sisters, Miss Sally and Miss Mildred Slepcevic.

TWO PLANES COLLIDE
IN AIR; FIVE KILLED

Pilot of One Sight-Seeing Machine at Detroit Apparently Blinded by Sun.

By the Associated Press.

DETROIT, Oct. 17.—Two pilots and three passengers were killed late yesterday when their sight-seeing airplanes collided in the air and dropped in flames on the northeast edge of Detroit.

The victims were Walter Pasick, 46 years old, a pilot; his two passengers, Robert E. Lee, 26, and Lee's son, Robert Jr., 3; William Stanislaw, 35, the other pilot, and his passenger, Francis Baby, 23. All lived in Detroit.

The wives of Stanislaw and Baby were at the airport, near which the accident occurred, and saw the planes meet. Baby faint.

Harold Frey, who said he saw the crash, said the pilot of one ship was flying directly into the sun and appeared to have been blinded by the glare. The pilot of the second ship, Frey said, climbed rapidly in a vain attempt to avert the collision.

Frey said the planes burst into flame when they collided. One man was thrown clear and his body fell with the machines into a field used as an open-air theater.

HEAT FROM STARS MEASURED

Smithsonian Institution Develops Delicate New Galvanometer.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—The Smithsonian Institution announced today the invention of a new instrument which will measure the heat of a star. Constructed by Dr. Charles G. Abbot, secretary of the institution, and W. H. Hoover, a member of its staff, the device is a galvanometer which can detect such tiny changes as one ten-trillionth of an ampere of current.

It is used to measure the tiny fluctuations of a thermocouple, essentially two small wires made of different metals placed close together, which vibrate immediately when light is focused on them.

DEVICE GIVES WARNING
PLANE WILL STALL

Instrument Turns on Light if Speed in Air Drops Too Low.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—The National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics announced today the development of a device which will warn a pilot when his plane is about to stall.

The new instrument turns on a light, blows a horn, or moves the control column when the airplane's speed in the air drops near the point where loss of control occurs.

It is this loss of control that pilots call "stalling." When it occurs, an airplane may fall from 100 to 1000 feet before the pilot can regain control. A large proportion of airplane crashes are due to such uncontrolled dives.

Stalling is due to the loss of lifting power of the wings. This lifting power results from the rapid flow of air over the upper surface of the wings and when the airplane is slowed down or is made to climb too steeply the air flow changes from a smooth current to a swirling one, destroying the lift and sending the machine into a spin.

Safe Speed Varies.

F. L. Thompson, research engineer at the committee's Langley Field (Va.) laboratory, where the new instrument was developed, said the minimum speed to insure full lifting power of the wings changes under different flight conditions, such as turns, and a pilot cannot rely solely on his air speed indicator in estimating his approach to stalling speed.

This is particularly true of military pursuit or fighter airplanes, Thompson said.

"Several such airplanes are easily stalled without warning in violent maneuvers so that such stalling is often inadvertent," he said. "It may occur in dive pullouts, sharp turns, loops, or other maneuvers."

How Device Works.

The stall detector consists of a small piece of wing mounted ahead of the leading edge of the regular wing with an air tube directly back of it.

If air is flowing smoothly across this small section, when the airplane is in normal flight, the pressure of the air compresses a spring inside the tube. If the air becomes turbulent, indicating a loss of lift, the spring releases slightly, closing an electrical circuit, and the pilot is warned so that he can take corrective measures.

Dr. George W. Lewis, research director for the committee, said the indicator should "go a long way toward eliminating accidental spins."

CURLEY DENIES TAKING
BRIBE WHEN MAYOR

Nominee for Governor Testifies He Opposed Settlement of Suit Against Boston.

By the Associated Press.

BOSTON, Oct. 17.—Resuming his testimony as a prosecution witness in the trial of Frederick H. Graves on a perjury charge, James M. Curley flatly denied today that, as Mayor of Boston five years ago, he had received any money from an \$85,000 damage suit settlement by the city.

Curley, now the Democratic nominee for Governor, said that at the time of the settlement he told Samuel Silverman, then corporation counsel for Boston, that the company pressing the suit should not get "a damn cent."

He quoted Silverman as saying that unless a settlement was made out of court "the city would get soaked for the full amount" sought by the company for damages. Curley testified that late in November Silverman informed him that he had settled the suit and that he believed the out-of-court settlement had saved the city about \$55,000.

Curley said that throughout the negotiations, he consistently had opposed settlement of the suit out of court and had urged Silverman to fight it out in the State Supreme Court. A jury in Superior Court had returned a \$129,000 award against the city—an award which was set aside by the presiding justice.

The charge against Graves resulted from his testimony last year

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On the witness stand Friday, Curley testified he never had discussed the settlement with Graves, who figured in the case as agent for a New York insurance company which pressed the damage claim against the city.

Six shots were fired at Curley's home on the night of Sept. 23, both bullets piercing a back window and lodging in the ceiling. Curley, who was not at home at the time, later told police he had no enemies and said he thought an intoxicated man probably had fired the shots.

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Six shots were fired at Curley's home on the night of Sept. 23, both bullets piercing a back window and lodging in the ceiling. Curley, who was not at home at the time, later told police he had no enemies and said he thought an intoxicated man probably had fired the shots.

Curley said that throughout the negotiations, he consistently had opposed settlement of the suit out of court and had urged Silverman to fight it out in the State Supreme Court.

A jury in Superior Court had returned a \$129,000 award against the city—an award which was set aside by the presiding justice.

The charge against Graves resulted from his testimony last year

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Accused of Killing



PATRICIA DULL.

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ST. LOUIS, MONDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1938.

PAGES 1-8C

Republicans, Jennings Wins.
The Twelfth Ward Young Repub-
licans won from the Greyhounds,
12 to 6, and the Jennings A. C. de-
feated Harmony, 12-0, in yesterday's
game in the Marquette Park Foot-
ball League.

2 Zephyrs
DAILY
to KANSAS CITY

fast, streamline, diesel-powered
St. Louis-Kansas City service.
morning and afternoon Zephyr
and the matchless smoothness and
great wonder trains.

DAILY SERVICE

5 1/2 Hours

EASTBOUND

City	Ar.	Mo.	Al.
St. Louis	2:15 am	9:30 pm	
St. Joseph	7:15 am	12:15 pm	
St. Louis	5:20 am	11:34 am	
St. Joseph	11:55 pm	9:00 am	
St. Louis	4:00 pm	7:30 pm	
St. Joseph	9:40 am	9:40 am	
St. Louis	9:15 pm	10:15 pm	

luxurious coach and parlor car
all dining service; radio; all cars
air-conditioned.

DRADO and PACIFIC COAST
scheduled to provide westbound
cross-the-platform connection at
St. Louis with the Burlington's
Pacific Northwest.

THE NIGHT HAWK

City	Ar.	Mo.	Al.
St. Louis	7:45 am		
St. Joseph	11:45 pm		
St. Louis	7:47 pm		

Information—Tickets
KLINGTON TRAVEL BUREAU
Broadway Phone CENTRAL 6360
ALTON TRAVEL BUREAU
Broadway Phone CENTRAL 0500

Life



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322 ANNEXER-BUSCH, INC., ST. LOUIS, MO.

PART THREE.

LINDBERGH'S ROLE
IN CHAMBERLAIN'S
YIELDING TO HITLER

British Sought His Advice,
and He Is Said to Have
Replied Germany Could
Beat All Foes in Air.

PRAISED QUALITY
OF ITALIAN PLANES

American Also Impressed
Lloyd George, Who
Stayed Out of Parliament
Attack on Munich Deal.

By JOSEPH F. DRISCOLL
London Correspondent of the New
York Herald Tribune.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—When the
definitive history of the "second
World War" crisis of September,
1938, can be written on the basis
of official records and private dis-
cussions, emphasis may be laid on the
important roles played behind the
scenes over here by two non-state-
men, Gen. Gustave Marie Gamelin
of France and Col. Charles A. Lind-
bergh of America.

Gen. Gamelin, who is chief of
staff of the French defense forces,
visited 10 Downing street on Sept.
26, in the company of Premier Ed-
ward Daladier and Foreign Sec-
retary Georges Bonnet. This was
after Prime Minister Neville Cham-
berlain had received the harsh
Godesberg ultimatum from Chan-
cellor Adolf Hitler and before
Chamberlain and Daladier went off
to the four-Power conference at
Munich, which resulted in "peace
with honor," meaning the dismem-
berment of Czechoslovakia.

French Confession of Weakness.
What was the reason Cham-
berlain, who found the Godesberg
terms unacceptable, surrendered at
Munich to terms which have proved
to be just as hard on Czechoslo-
vakia? The explanation whispered
about by Whitehall spokesmen is
that Gamelin confided to Prime
Minister Chamberlain that France
was in no position to wage a suc-
cessful war against Germany. Gen.
Gamelin is quoted as confessing
that not only was the French air
force inferior in numbers and mod-
ern equipment, but that the vaunt-
ed French Army would not be able
to invade Germany by smashing
through Field Marshal Gen. Herman
Wilhelm Goerring's now Siegfried
line of fortifications.

Whether this is a true explana-
tion or merely a convenient after-
thought to justify the English-
French surrender to Hitler may be
left for history to decide. How-
ever, it should be mentioned that
it conflicts with public declarations
in Paris, which pictured Gen. Gam-
elin as confident that his army
could break through the uncomple-
ted Siegfried line and that his air
force could make a credible show-
ing.

Lindbergh on Air Forces.
There is no such doubt about the
role played by Col. Lindbergh. As
far back as last May this corre-
spondent was informed by sources
close to the British Government
that Col. Lindbergh was of the op-
inion that the German and Italian
air forces were overwhelmingly
powerful, that the French and Rus-
sian air forces had been overrated
and were deteriorating and that it
was vitally urgent for the peace of
Europe that Britain should obtain
some sort of understanding with
Germany.

The correspondent has reason to
believe that this same information
was passed along to Prime Minister
Chamberlain. The opinion of Col.
Lindbergh was accepted in London
as that of an expert, for if there
was no subject the former St. Louis
Chicago air mail pilot knows from
experience. During his years of
voluntary exile from the United
States, Col. Lindbergh has kept in
close touch with aviation
developments here and on the Con-
tinent.

Last Aug. 16, Col. Lindbergh, ac-
companied by Mrs. Lindbergh, flew
out of England with his usual se-
cretary, and the next day, after a
stopover at Warsaw, Poland, they
landed at Moscow. The Lindberghs
were entertained and shown around
Russia's leading flyers until
Aug. 26, when they flew to Prague
on way of the Crimea, the Caucasus
and Rumania. They finally re-
turned to London via Paris on Sept.
10.

By that time all Europe was
frantically preparing for war—a
war in which thousands of bombing
planes were expected to spread
terror and death unknown in the
first World War. Germany alone
was reported by intelligence agents
to have 10,000 planes ready to take
off on an hour's notice to bombard
Paris and London. Italy had sev-
eral thousand planes ready to bom-
bard French cities and British and
French shipping in the Mediter-
ranean.

German Air Force Supreme.
Under such circumstances the
idea of an aviation authority such
as Col. Lindbergh were welcomed
by Government circles. Asked for
Continued on Page 3, Column 2.

SECOND INSTALLMENT

"WE OR THEY"

TWO WORLDS IN CONFLICT

By HAMILTON FISH ARMSTRONG
EDITOR OF "FOREIGN AFFAIRS"

THE first installment of Mr. Armstrong's book, printed in the
Post-Dispatch yesterday, presented a world divided into two opposed
schools of political thought—democracy and dictatorship. It pointed
out that the intensively propagandized dictator countries can not even
understand the ideas of the democracies, in art, letters, music, science,
history or even in sports. The text continues:

II (Continued).

THE GULF BETWEEN.

HOW can we discuss legal rights
and wrongs with people to
whom "law" is party expedi-
ency or personal whim?
Reichminister Frank, sweeping
aside the civilized conception that
what is not prohibited is allowed,
writes that when no specific law
applies the Courts shall mete out
punishment "according to the un-
derlying idea of the penal code or
according to healthy public senti-
ment."

"Whose idea?" asks Professor

McLwain (See Footnote 1). And
whose sentiment?

Answer is given in the decision
of the Labor Court at Weimar pub-
lished Feb. 14, 1936, and reported
the next day in the New York Her-
ald Tribune. A group of "Aryan"
workmen employed in a certain en-
terprise demanded the discharge of
a Jewish fellow employe for fear
they might be contaminated by as-
sociating with him. This Jewish
workman, who was married, had
served at the front in the World
War and had been severely times
wounded; his factory record had no
blemish. In upholding the dis-
charge, the Court admitted that it
could point to no specific law to
support its decision, but found the
necessary "underlying idea" in the
instinctive and "legal feelings" of the
Nazis.

"Model Laws" of Russia.

"The 'model laws' which certain
American professors acclaim after
spending a summer in Soviet Russia
would be challenged by those same
professors as a return to barbarism
if they were proposed in the
United States. A theft of state or
collective property is punishable by
death; wives and children may be
seized as hostages for the good be-
havior of husbands and fathers, and
may be banished to Siberia for
crimes they know nothing about;
political prisoners have been execut-
ed without public trial, without pub-
lic accusation or notice, and without
benefit of counsel; 'class enemies'
are sent off to penitentiaries and re-
gions or put at forced labor in
chain gangs. (Footnote 2).

The word "law" as uttered and
applied in Soviet Russia is separat-
ed from the same word as used in
the travel books of American pro-
fessors by all that has happened in
penology from the Middle Ages to
this day.

Deutsche Justiz, publication of
the German Ministry of Justice,
puts concisely the disdain that any
dictator must feel for legal sys-
tems:

"A handful of force is better
than a sackful of justice."
This organ of German law only
echoes Kim: "A good stick is a
good reason."

What respect can we feel for the
word "justice" if under its cover
a dictator can define crimes after
they have been committed and mete
out punishments as he is moved
by whim or expediency? What
meaning can we find for it when it
covers jail and physical abuse,
without charge and without trial,
whether at Oranienburg, or at
Narym, or on the Lipari Islands?

Concepts of Religion.

Some sort of religious belief,
whether or not it finds expression
in any organized way, is common
to very many of us. What if "re-
ligion" means something hard and
exclusive, something that makes
one cocky and ruthless, something
to be withheld rather than shared?
What basis for communion is there
with people who claim to be Chris-
tians but who exclude fellow-Chris-
tians with Jewish blood in their
veins from coming into their
churches?

Interchange of ideas ceases with
a man who can write as does Prof.
Arno Schneider: "The Nordic lives
in God. He feels himself to be
God. In his feeling and his will
he is God himself." Or with a man
like Dr. Alfred Rosenberg, "Offi-
cial Nazi Leader for Culture, who
propagates the degraded supersti-
tion that the race to which Christ
belonged is a 'bacillus which poiso-
ns our blood and our souls.'" (Foot-
note 3).

Frank persecution and proscrip-
tion of any and every form of re-
ligion—even by such people as the
late Lunacharsky who elegantly
compared it to "a syphilitic dis-
ease"—is somehow less cheap and
offensive than a phenomenon like
the German Faith Movement and
apostle-child statements like those
of one of its leaders, Ernst Berg-
mann: "We cannot kneel down be-
fore a God who pays more atten-
tion to the French than to us!"

Meeting of Minds Impossible.

What meeting of minds can
there be with scientists who think
that the word "Aryan" is a race
term? Who think that there is
such a thing as race purity? Who
think that there is such a thing
as fixed race superiority? Who
despise and mistrust the pure
science and favor applied science,
and yet who are mystical that
they teach that practical discov-

eries in chemistry or medicine
made by non-Aryans should be
ignored because they must be de-
vised to degrade superior peoples?

Take a single statement by one
of the pseudo-scientists whose
works can be published in Nazi
Germany though Einstein's can-
not: "Hereditary cancer is the con-
flict of races within the human
body." (Footnote 4).

Could Pasteur engage in profit-
able discussion with a man who
says that? No more than can
renowned scientists could in a mil-
lion years come to understand those
diffident and tentative processes
by which Darwin developed his
origin of species theory, as re-
vealed in a casual sentence which
he wrote to a friend in 1844: "At
last gleams of light have come,
and I am almost convinced (quite
contrary to the opinion I started
with) that species are not (it is
like confessing a murder) immu-
table. (Footnote 5).

Facing in Opposite Directions.

The profound difference between
true and spurious science, of
course, is that they face in oppo-
site directions. A scholar imbued
with cold scientific zeal, aiming
at knowledge and truth for their
own sake, builds out his chain of knowl-
edge and invention and discovery,
link by link, into the void of the un-
known. He is indifferent where
the chain of reasoning and fact is
going to lead him so long as he can
satisfy himself that the links are
sound.

But the dictator forbids that sort
of adventure. He forbids curiosity.
He faces the scientist the other way
about, assigns him his conclusion in
advance, and tells him to work
backwards from it by inventing
supporting theories and neglecting
discrepancies. "We do not know
of or recognize truth for truth's
sake or science for science's sake."

In those distant worldly slogans
flourish. The first Secretary-Gen-
eral of the Fascist party, Michele
Bianchi, remarked that "without a
special rhetoric it is not possible to
make a revolution." A new patter
must be invented; old evils must
be rendered more palatable by call-
ing them by new names. Thus the
"corporation" is devised in order to
coat with new procedures and new
terminology the bitter fact that
both worker and employer have
been put into a straitjacket, that
freedom of employment no longer
exists, and that labor's hard-won
right to collective bargaining
through freely chosen repre-
sentatives has been abolished. The
"Stakhanov plan" tries to popular-
ize the "speed up" and the
"stretch out." (Footnote 6).

Words like "co-operation" and
"unification" conceal the dispos-
session of racial or political minorities
and the transference of their be-
longings to the party faithful.

Difference in Terminology.

In our terminology "revolution"
means a violent uprising of extra-
governmental groups against the
government; a "coup d'etat" means
an act of violent overthrow of those
in power get rid of their opponents
regardless of the law; and "terror"
means violence carried on with the
connivance or participation of the
legal authorities.

In Fascist terminology the coups
d'etat of Mussolini and Hitler and
the terrors by which they suppress
opposition are called "revolution."
Events no longer flow from
causes; it is the effect which is
called the cause. When the Italian
Government attacks Haile Selassie
it reviles him for "provocatively"
withdrawing his troops into the in-
terior; League when the League tries
to lend the Emperor its promised
aid, Rome calls that action "ag-
gression." Fascists label anyone
who is not a Fascist a "Communist," though that person may de-
test Communism quite as much as
Fascism; some mud always sticks.
And the Communists label as
"Fascists" even old Bolsheviks who
abuse Stalin for letting world rev-
olution lag.

Both Invent Euphemisms.

Both invent euphemistic phrases
to describe the instruments of their
terror; already "protective custody"
and "state-encouraged coloniza-
tion" and "transported for reasons
of health" are well-established on
the list of older aliases headed by
the familiar "shot whil" trying to
escape.

Fittingly enough, these revisions
in the vocabulary are carried out
not by the traditional tyrant and
his praetorian guard, but by a
"leader" aided by a pretended
"elite." And if an appearance of
ratification seems for some reason
desirable, it is secured not by an
election but by a "plebiscite" in
which there is only one ticket and
only one possible vote—"yes." With
the elimination of the word "no,"
and the substitution for it of the
word "yes," which thereupon as-
sumes the duty of expressing both
approval and disapproval, the dic-
tator's power is complete.

Continued on Page 3, Column 2.

NAZIS REMOVE
ARCHBISHOP FROM
POST IN SCHOOLS

Dr. Sigismund Waitz Di-
vested of Supervision
Over Religious Instruc-
tion in Salzburg.

By the Associated Press.
VIENNA, Oct. 17.—Dr. Sigis-
mund Waitz, Catholic Archbishop
of Salzburg, was relieved by official
order today of supervision over re-
ligious education in the Salzburg
diocesan elementary schools.

The latest Nazi move against the
Catholic clergy followed the break-
down of church-state peace negotia-
tions announced in a Vienna speech
last Thursday by Joseph Buerckel,
Nazi commissioner for Austria.
Hitherto Archbishop Waitz has
had the special privilege of visiting
obligatory religious classes in the
lower schools and making sugges-
tions as to instruction. Hence-
forth such supervision, according
to the order issued by the Salzburg
District School Council, will be
carried out solely by state and
school officials.

Archbishop Waitz, one of the
Catholic leaders who signed a de-
claration of fealty to Adolf Hitler
soon after the annexation of Aus-
tria, had played a leading role in
the recent church-state negotia-
tions.

Church Losing Members.

Buerckel, in his speech to a Vi-
enna mass meeting Oct. 13, charged
some 100,000 Nazis who heard
him that the church "saw a new
chance" in the "speculation" that
Germany "would come into foreign
political difficulties" over Czechoslo-
vakia.

Since Buerckel's speech various
Catholic parishes in Vienna have
reported church withdrawals vary-
ing from 15 to 40 per cent. Similar
Continued on Page 3, Column 2.

BRITAIN UNITED
FOR REARMING ON
IMMENSE SCALE

Chamberlain Returning
From Vacation, to Work
Out Plans to Spur In-
dustry to New Efforts.

By the Associated Press.
LONDON, Oct. 17.—Resentment
against Prime Minister Cham-
berlain's accord appeared today to be
subsiding in favor of a new note
of national unity to speed up re-
armament.

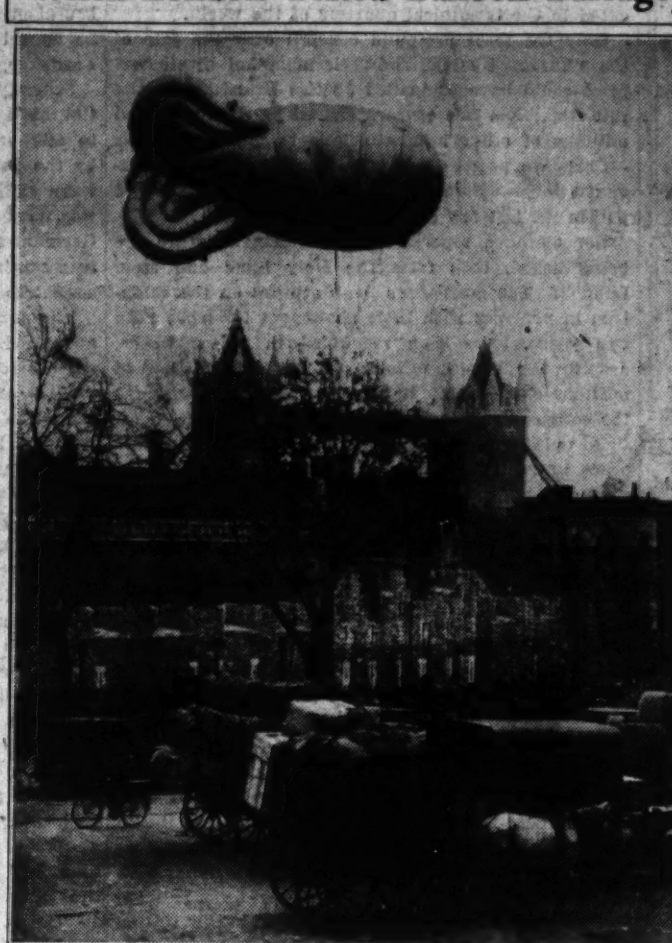
Newspapers kept up a steady
campaign for the rapid integration
of all civil and military defense
measures.
Premier Chamberlain will return
from his Scottish vacation tomor-
row to take up with his advisers
the details of spurring war indus-
tries to greater strides than in all
peace-time history, promised after
the Munich agreement with Ger-
many, Italy and France for partici-
pation in Czechoslovakia.

The Premier had also to fill two
vacancies in the Cabinet, one caused
by the death Sunday of Lord Stan-
ley, 44-year-old Secretary of State
for the Dominions, and the other by
the resignation of Alfred Duff
Cooper as First Lord of the Ad-
miralty. Duff Cooper quit in pro-
test against the Munich accord.

Other Important Matters.

Palestine's civil war, the further-
ance of British-Italian talks on
Spain and the Mediterranean, and
perhaps English-American trade ne-
gotiations are the other matters be-
fore the Premier.
The Cabinet meeting on Wednes-
day is expected to approve new
large arms expenditures, a register
of men and women to determine
defense availability, and perhaps the
creation of a new ministry for vol-
unteer defense work.
There was belief in political cir-
Continued on Page 3, Column 1.

When London Tested Balloon Barrage.



ONE of the captive balloons rising from its position near the Tower
of London during a recent all-day test. The balloons, dangling
cables from high in the air are intended to trap enemy planes. Five
broke loose during the recent test.

WOMEN'S GROUP QUITS LEAGUE
FOR PEACE AND DEMOCRACY

Differences in Policies and Meth-
ods of Promoting Alma Given
As Reason.
SWARTHMORE, Pa., Oct. 17.—
The United States section of the
Women's International League for
Peace and Freedom announced it
had severed its affiliation with the
American League for Peace and
Democracy, formerly the American
League Against War and Fascism.
Differences in policies and meth-
ods were given by the national
board of directors as the reason.
The Women's League backs a
policy of non-intervention and neu-
trality and peaceful change by non-
violent methods, democratic pro-
cesses and international co-opera-
tion, the board said, while the
American League for Peace and
Democracy stands for "concerted
action to quarantine aggressors."

ROOSEVELT SEES SELF
AS 'FIGHTING LIBERAL'

Anne O'Hare McCormick
Writes of His Political Views
—No Need for Third Party.

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—President
Roosevelt calls himself "a fighting
liberal," according to a copy-
right article in yesterday's New
York Times Magazine by Anne
O'Hare McCormick, who in 1936
won the Pulitzer prize for "Dis-
tinguished service as a foreign cor-
respondent."

In her article, entitled "As He
Sees Himself," Mrs. McCormick
wrote: "President Roosevelt has
dropped the phrase 'a little left
of center' to describe the direction
of his policy and the slant of his
mind."

"He has revived the old-fash-
ioned word 'liberal,' long rather ob-
solete in the political vocabulary.
He refers to himself as 'a fighting
liberal,' and declares that he will
be found battling for liberal prin-
ciples as long as he lives, up to
1940 and after 1940, in the White
House and after he leaves it."
"The President also designates
the Democratic party as the lib-
eral party in American politics.
With some lapses, with frequent
exceptions within the ranks, on
the whole and as a usual thing
it has been the party of progress
and the instrument of social re-
form."

"Since that is proved by the re-
cord, he intimates that there is
every reason to continue the liberal
fight within its ranks and no good
reason to establish a new party
for the same purpose."

No "Surprises" in Store.
"As for the New Deal, the frame-
work of its reforms is laid down.
The objectives and the program
are embodied in legislation either
enacted or in preparation. Nothing
new is contemplated. No 'sur-
prises' are in store."
"From now on, the efforts of the
administration will concentrate on
the natural extension and develop-
ment of the program."

Continued on Page 4, Column 2.

CHOOSE EITHER SERVICE...LUNGSTRAS GIVES YOU

MORE FOR YOUR MONEY

DIAMOND FINISH

BE QUALITY-WISE

... in your search for a cleaning service to please your pocket-book.

Lungstras Diamond Finish is a superior cleaning service designed to fit your budget. When you specify Diamond Finish your clothes are carefully cleaned by Lungstras' workmen with modern cleaning equipment and high-quality cleaning fluids.

Because of this... your clothes stay fresh, stylish and new-looking.

Lungstras offers Diamond Finish for those of you who desire to look immaculate at all times but who must adhere to a strict budget. Remember, Diamond Finish is done in Lungstras' Sanitary Plant... by superior workmen.

This time be quality-wise in your cleaning. Lungstras' purse-pleasing, eye-pleasing DIAMOND FINISH gives you more for your money.

Suits, Overcoats, Plain Dresses

49¢ Cash and Carry

Stop at your nearest Lungstras Branch today.

LUNGSTRAS FINISH

A Service With a Style

... for your clothes. ... Spotlessly clean, tucks and pleats just so... draped and moulded to perfect fit... restored to all their original beauty and smartness... that's the way your clothes come back to you after they've received Lungstras Finish.

In Lungstras Finish, sixty-five years of cleaning experience reaches the height of perfection. You get a multiplicity of cleaning operations that assure you of a smarter appearance at all times. For those of you whose requirements demand this smartness... Lungstras Finish is the cleaning service for you.

For your finer things... get the finest cleaning money can buy. Call your nearest branch and specify... "LUNGSTRAS FINISH."

Suits Overcoats Plain Dresses

75¢ Cash and Carry

*Slight additional charge for delivery.

Now IS THE TIME

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ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER.
December 12, 1878.
Published by
The Pulitzer Publishing Co.
Twenty-Second and Olive Streets.

THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its editorial policy; that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare; never be satisfied with merely printing news; always be drastically independent; never be tempted to attack wrongs, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.
April 16, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

Urges Election of Douglas and McDonald.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

THOMAS F. McDONALD has been drafted to become a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court of Missouri. The bar of this city has overwhelmingly endorsed him. It seems to me that an issue is clearly presented to the voters of this State, the answer to which lies entirely in their hands.

Shall Pendergast dictate the personnel of the highest court of Missouri? The people very convincingly indicated their view in the primary when they elected Judge James Douglas as a candidate for the Supreme Court, definitely rebuking Pendergast and his selections. I know of no Democratic or Republican justice. Judicial positions should be based on integrity and ability, regardless of the individual's party badge.

It seems to me that at this time the people of Missouri should unite to elect James M. Douglas and Thomas F. McDonald for Judges of the Supreme Court of Missouri. One and for all time the fact should be established that the long arm of the "Boss" cannot touch the seat of justice. The gauntlet of challenge is squarely at the feet of the people of Missouri. It should be accepted by the election of Douglas and McDonald, men whose reputations, integrity and ability mark them with particular fitness for the highest court of this State.

I would like to see a group of men and women of this State organize for the single purpose of electing these two.

INDEPENDENT JUDICIARY.

A Merchant Complains.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

MYSELF and other St. Louis merchants are now paying taxes which are almost confiscatory to finance the WPA and other Government and State organizations.

When we merchants extend credit to the WPA people for necessities, we are in most cases unable to collect for our merchandise.

If we appeal to the director of the WPA, we receive no co-operation at all, although we pay these officials.

Why can we not have officials who understand that they also have some obligations due the public, who pay taxes that make their salaries possible?

GEORGE A. JOHNSON.

A 12-Year-Old's Questions.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I AM a schoolboy, I attend the Sudbury School here at Blytheville; my age is 12. I have two brothers and three sisters. My father is employed by the Frisco Railway as a section foreman and has had regular employment in that capacity for the last 15 years, and for this reason I don't know what it means to have to depend on Government relief work, as many of my playmates do.

I read in the paper that we have the richest country in the world in the way of natural resources, the best factories, the best railroads and highways—in fact, everything that goes to make life happy. I am told that we have over-production of cotton, wheat, corn, cattle, hogs and poultry, and also of building material.

Then why do we have so many people living on the crusts of hunger, in dingy, dilapidated shacks and hovels that would not be decent goat shelters? Why are there so many little children who are deprived of the clothing necessary to keep their bodies protected from the cold? Why don't they have sufficient footwear and other pleasures of life?

Blytheville, Ark. ROBERT HOLLEMAN.

WPA Jokes—Poor Taste.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

SO-CALLED comedians think it smart to crack jokes about WPA workers just to get a snicker out of the audience. I think that is degrading rather than elevating.

If WPA workers and their families and friends should cease to patronize these places, the wise-crackers would be looking for aid. I am quite sure that there would be a big demand then for shovel handles.

G. E. SULLIVAN.

Peace: A Reward for Faith.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

JESUS said to him: "Thou shalt love the Lord, thy God, with thy whole heart, and with thy whole soul, and with thy whole mind. This is the greatest and the first commandment. And the second is like to this: Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself. On these two commandments depend the whole law and the prophets."

Is that last sentence a warning that, unless these two great commandments be observed, no other law of God or man will be held sacred? Is the Savior teaching mankind that only love for God and man can light the way to peace?

Today the people of the earth are longing for peace, because God's commandments are being spurned there is no peace. The frenzied activities of statesmen bring only a temporary check to the gathering storm. Before His death, the Prince of Peace comforted His disciples, saying: "I leave with you; my peace I give unto you: not as the world giveth do I give unto you." After His resurrection He appeared to them, reassuring them, saying repeatedly: "Peace be to you." Peace, therefore, would seem to be a reward for faith. Can any human power supply a substitute?

Pierson, Ill. T. A. T.

WILL PALESTINE BE SACRIFICED?

Justice Brandeis has broken the almost monastic seclusion from participation in outside affairs that he has maintained throughout his 23 years on the Supreme Court. It was for a cause very near his heart that the veteran jurist called on the President and made his unprecedented appeal. That cause is the maintenance of Palestine as a refuge and national home for the Jewish people, today being persecuted in the tyrannical quarters of the world.

Only the most profound concern over the fate of these harassed beings and their home-building enterprise could have compelled Justice Brandeis to take this step. His is a concern shared by thousands and millions of other humanitarians in many countries—Christian pastors and laymen, public officials, organizations—whose appeals have gone into the record within the last few days.

For ominous reports as to Palestine's future are being heard, both from the Holy Land and from London. The murderous Arab attacks on the colonists, in progress with little abatement for more than two years, have been redoubled in recent weeks, despite the utmost efforts of British reinforced military expedition. But that is not the worst. At the conferences now going on in London, British official opinion is said to lean toward seeking to make peace by meeting Arab demands through some such steps as cutting off Jewish immigration and converting Palestine into an Arab state.

This would end the dream of making Palestine a haven for the oppressed, as envisaged for years by Zionist leaders and as promised by Britain in the Balfour Declaration of 1917 and the mandate of 1923. Such a blasting of hopes would be particularly bitter at this moment, when the tide of anti-Semitism is sweeping with renewed fury through Europe, and additional thousands of Jews are being made homeless and destitute wanderers.

For Great Britain, it may be a matter of practical politics; the same sort of practical politics that brought conflicting promises to Jews and Arabs in the World War. These mutually impossible pledges caused friction from the very moment of the national home's beginning. A new factor now has entered: the stirring of Arab revolt by the Italian and German Fascist regimes, to bring pressure upon Britain and serve their own aggressive ambitions.

Britain has a stake in conciliating the Arabs, and thus insuring the safety of the Empire's Eastern dominions and lines of commerce. Britain has adopted a policy of appeasing the Fascist dictators, of which the sacrifice of Czechoslovakia as a means of preserving peace was a recent manifestation. That a similar deal is in the making for Palestine is the fear that grips advocates of Zionism.

This country is not involved in Britain's diplomatic maneuvers. It is, however, party to a convention on the mandate, signed with England in 1924, of which one article reads:

Nothing contained in the present convention shall be affected by any modification which may be made in the terms of the mandate, as recited above, unless such modification shall have been assented to by the United States.

It is under this provision that the present pleas are being made in Washington. The State Department, however, interprets the section as referring only to American rights and interests, for whose protection it asserts readiness to take "all necessary measures."

Whatever our official obligation, the gravity of the crisis and the tide of sentiment in this country would seem to justify an expression from Washington. Senator Wagner of New York takes a correct view in expressing hope that the President will "exert every proper effort to deal with the situation."

It is a dark hour in the career of the Palestine venture. Is it too late to bring reason and justice into play as a basis for peaceful settlement? The millions poured into the Holy Land by the immigrants and their backers have benefited Arabs as well as Jews. From a barren waste, the country has been converted almost into the Biblical "land of milk and honey." If the agitators were brought under control, Arab discontent might well be satisfied without jeopardizing the Zionist cause.

The preservation of Palestine as a land of refuge is vital not only to the Jewish world, but to other peoples as well. If the thousands of refugees are denied the haven they have made, their misery will become an even greater problem than it is today. Certainly the cause which brought Justice Brandeis from his self-imposed seclusion is one which all lovers of justice and tolerance will share.

REPORT ON MADISON COUNTY.

Coroner Billings drove the gamblers and racketeers out of Madison County last summer in a whirlwind campaign. It was undertaken, he explained, at the request of citizens after the Sheriff and State's Attorney had failed to do their duty.

The Coroner ran up a few expenses in doing this job: fees for special deputies, badges for same, handcuffs for prisoners and 23 cents for postage; total \$222.33. He submitted a bill for \$47.23 of this amount to the Board of Supervisors, which refused to pay it. Why? Because it preferred to accept Acting State's Attorney Lewis' opinion that the expenses were an "illegal and unjustified expenditure of public funds."

A lengthy editorial could be written on the status of law and order as it now prevails in Madison County. But why bother? The episode related above carries its own eloquence.

THE POOR OLD TOCSON.

Last summer, certain arch-Tory newspapers, syndicated columnists and other bulwarks of the Republic were attempting to terrify the populace with the warning that Mr. Roosevelt, by entering state primary contests, was embarking on a campaign for dictatorial power in the United States. They expatiated on the gross breach of presidential propriety in the attempt to purge certain candidates who did not agree with the Rooseveltian view.

The people themselves put the quietus on this alarm by stubbornly refusing to send rubber-stamps to Congress and nominating the President's foes instead. There were, of course, exceptions, but the purge as a whole was a failure. Now, those who were sounding the tocsin last summer are clanging the poor thing again, on the ground—of all things—that the President refuses to enter election contests on behalf of liberal Republicans, as he intimidated he might do.

One columnist put it in this pathetic way: "Liberal Republicans... have reason today to be deeply disappointed at President Roosevelt for deserting them in their hour of political need." He and others with the same view, in their enjoyment in catching the President in an apparent inconsistency, have

themselves committed a howling one. To the man on the sidelines, who is interested in rational criticism of presidential policies, this sort of thing is laughable.

CHURCHILL INVITES AMERICA IN.

The address by Winston Churchill, heard yesterday over a nation-wide American hook-up, had been announced as a reply to Hitler's speech at Saarbrücken a week before. Instead, it proved to be an appeal to the United States for help in stopping Fascist aggression.

Scarcely at all, and then only by indirection, did Churchill attempt to answer Hitler's contentions, or to answer the slurring personal references to him by the Fuehrer. It is significant that, while short-wave radio carried the address to this country, it was not broadcast to British listeners. Certainly the German radio audience did not hear it. It was American sentiment, not British or German, that Churchill sought to sway.

The former First Lord of the British Admiralty appraised the Munich deal as an action that "deserted, destroyed and devoured" the Czechoslovak Republic, and greatly weakened the world's liberal forces. It is an opinion with which many Americans concur. He emphasized the need for British rearmament as "the sole guarantee of peace," and most observers on this side agree as to the logic of such a course. They indorse, too, Churchill's statement that America must arm to meet a possible Fascist menace in this hemisphere.

Acquiescence ceases, however, when Churchill invites immediate American participation by asking, "Will you wait until British freedom and independence have succumbed and then take up the cause when it is three-quarters ruined, yourselves alone?" Hitler in Europe is a European problem. America will arm to defend its own territories and its own interests. It will lend its moral force to the cause of world peace. But eloquent pleas about "resolute and sober acceptance of their duty by the English-speaking peoples" have lost much of the glamour they held 20 years ago.

It was to have been expected that efforts would be made to draw this country into the European crisis. Winston Churchill has fired the first gun in the propaganda barrage.

A MOB'S IDLE CURIOSITY.

A posse which lynched a 19-year-old Negro youth near Ruston, La., has managed to achieve the ultimate in mob law's horrible irony. After a sadistic orgy in which a heated poker was the instrument of torture, the mob hanged its victim, riddled his body with bullets and then built a fire under the corpse.

Then some methodically minded members of the mob conceived the idea of a post mortem investigation to ascertain whether the victim actually committed the murder and assault for which his life was taken. Accordingly, they put out the fire so that the Negro's fingerprints could be compared with those found on the automobile of the murder victim.

The investigation which should have been made by law enforcement officers to furnish evidence for an orderly trial was salvaged merely to satisfy the curiosity of the mob as to whether it had crucified the guilty man. What object it could serve, we do not know, unless, in case the first mob victim was proved innocent, another lynching might be incited.

This is the third lynching in the United States this year, and each one has been marked by the use of fire as a means of torture. It is a striking verification of the theory of Dr. Edward B. Reuter of the University of Iowa, and other sociologists, that, while the number of lynchings in recent years has fallen rapidly, they have increased in barbarity.

In perpetrating this mob murder, Ruston—situated, incidentally, in Lincoln County—has done its part to insure that the anti-lynching bill will be a live issue in the next Congress.

OUR PROSPECTIVE ROYAL VISITORS.

The authenticity of the London Daily Herald's story that King George and Queen Elizabeth will visit the United States at the conclusion of their three-week stay in Canada next spring is hardly to be doubted. It is improbable, in the present state of world affairs, that the British monarch would make the strenuous trip across the Atlantic without taking the opportunity to make a gesture for British-American solidarity.

Although under the Statute of Westminster the British sovereign is also King of Canada, this will be the first time that a reigning King has crossed the Atlantic. The visit is indicative of the role English statesmen would like for the United States to play in the strenuous effort now to be made toward restoring British diplomatic prestige.

The King and Queen will be welcome. The pageantry of their visit will be an interesting diversion. It should not be allowed to obscure any fact that should be taken into account in the formulation of our international policy.

TOWARD LOWER DISTRIBUTION COSTS.

Secretary of Commerce Roper a few weeks ago declared that the "pyramiding of needless costs is the prime defect in the channel of distribution." The spread between production and the consumer, he said, frequently includes needless services and is out of proportion to the legitimate charges.

In some other countries, notably in Scandinavia and Great Britain, flourishing consumer co-operatives set the pace in cutting down the charges of the middle-men and afford a pattern for efficient retailing. Some spokesmen for business have stated that retailing costs in many cases now run as high as 30 per cent.

The problem of lowering costs of distribution has recently been treated in a book by Roger Babson, the business analyst and statistician. Mr. Babson believes the co-operatives help bring about a reduction in the spread between the man who produces commodities and the consumer who pays the final price for them. He thinks we need a flourishing consumer co-operative movement.

At present co-operative stores at Federal suburban model villages near Cincinnati and Washington are under attack by independent stores on the ground that the co-operatives are receiving a Government subsidy. Certainly the co-operative stores are entitled to no subsidy, but if they can stand on their own feet, they should prove a valuable addition to our economy, both in the merchandising and manufacturing field.

In Sweden, according to the magazine Fortune, co-operatives have proved such an effective regulator of prices that the monopoly issue, once of burning importance, has ceased to be of interest.



HITLER HAS NOTHING ON US.

Double Bills and Movie Block-Booking

Public demand is not correct explanation for two-feature programs, but monopolistic methods imposed by producers, independent exhibitor says; under block-booking scheme, operators must take all or most of a firm's products, whether good or bad; writer urges legislation to free industry from domination and to improve films.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I HAVE read with interest C. B. Nelson's rebuttal to "Anti-Double Bill," in which he asserts that "St. Louis patrons, along with those of many other cities, absolutely demand double programs." To support this assertion, he quotes admission figures to the St. Louis at \$4.126 during the first week end of the double bill composed of "Dracula" and "Frankenstein." May I offer the following observations on what is probably the most serious problem facing the motion picture industry today?

Mr. Nelson's argument is misleading in that he postulates that the exhibitor could cut the cost of operation if the public would permit single billing. As a matter of fact, it has been proved that the public will permit single billing provided the single feature is a new picture of A1 quality. However (and this requires no explanation), the public will not accept single billing of "quickie" productions, euphemistically termed "B" pictures.

In other words, the demand of the public is for one good picture, but failing to get one good picture, they have been deluded by raucous and unremitting propaganda into believing that two mediocre pictures are an adequate substitute for one good feature.

That the supposed "demand" of theater patrons for double features is fictitious is proved in the successful operation of the Low Theater in St. Louis. This theater has never found it necessary to present an "associate feature" with a new picture of A-1 caliber. Box-office records have been established in St. Louis by such pictures as "Grand Hotel," "Dancing Lady," "San Francisco," "Mutiny on the Bounty," "The Hurricane," "The Great Ziegfeld" and "Rose Marie," all of which have been presented singly with a few well-chosen shorts. More recently, "Marie Antoinette," presented singly, was sufficiently popular to hold over.

Among pictures presented singly in neighborhood theaters during the 1937-38 season are "Emile Zola," "The Hurricane," "In Old Chicago," "Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs," "Buccaneer," "Wells Fargo," "Robin Hood," "The Firefly" and "The Hurricane." Here and elsewhere, these pictures have been shown to large numbers of enthusiastic patrons. True, they have been double-billed by many operators, but never because of any "demand" for double features when these pictures have been presented, but because of a condition in the industry.

This condition is that under the exigencies of block-booking, an exhibitor takes all (usually) or a section of the product of a certain producer. The average exhibitor will purchase the complete product of six major companies, bringing him about \$20 pictures for the year. With so much product coming in, the better a picture is the more chance that the exhibitor will get rid of an inferior picture which he is contractually obligated to take by placing it on the same bill with a strong feature.

The obvious remedy for this phase of double billing would be for the exhibitor to take fewer pictures. But he cannot do so. In order to get the "big money" pictures from a company at profitable terms, he must accept the block or play pictures behind his competitor who "plays ball." Furthermore, he must play a picture within a certain number of days after the picture is "avail-

How Fascism Treats Business

From the New York Post.

WHAT'S it like to be a German in 1938? That question is important to the world, because on it hangs issues of war and peace and the issue of the spread of Fascism in other countries.

Many writers have attempted to present a picture of Germany under Hitler. Most of them concentrate on Hitler, on the Nazi system, on the position of Germany in Europe. Frank C. Hanighen, in his series in the Post, focused his attention on the German people themselves.

He finds the standard of living sharply depressed, but the German worker in no frame of mind to rise against the Government. This acquiescence is due to the complete Nazi domination of press and radio. It is important to realize that there is little possibility of a popular uprising in Germany. Too many who hate the Nazi regime assume that it "can't last more than a few months." Naziism is dangerous because its iron control can perpetuate its power for years.

But perhaps the most significant of Hanighen's findings relates not to exploited German workers but to exploited German employers, including the biggest industrialists who put Hitler in power to save themselves from "Bolshevism," as they termed the Social Democracy of Hitler's predecessors.

German business is not allowed to keep profits of more than 8 per cent, or, in some cases, of more than 6 per cent. Government restricts production, restricts the supply of raw materials and brings pressure to bear on business in a score of ways ranging down to personal blackmail. All the rest of German business is being sacrificed to the needs of the munitions industry. And even there the interests of the Government leave little room for private profit.

German business men supported Hitler because they wished to crush the German labor movement. They had their way. But today they are afflicted with a form of labor trouble more difficult to deal with than anything they had known before.

In every country, including Russia, where the right to strike has been taken from employees, discontent finds a substitute in "striking on the job." That is one of the headaches of German business today. One factory superintendent is quoted as saying: "Many workers left us to take jobs in full-time plants. We appealed to the Labor Front and the Labor Front issued orders that no more workmen were to leave us. But they were even more discontented. They slackened on the job. Production costs increased and our profits are diminishing."

In that kind of labor trouble, there is no union with which terms can be made, no counter-move that is possible for the employer. In Germany he cannot even go out of business. Hanighen sums it up in this sentence: "I have the impression that it is the business man rather than the worker who suffers the most curtailment of his old rights and privileges."

That statement should be posted in the hats of all those business men who see in Fascism "a way out" of labor troubles and liberal reforms. The powerful super-state which such reaction creates is so strong that it crushes even its own creator.

IN FULL AGREEMENT.

From the Kansas City Times.

Mr. Roosevelt would abolish the poll taxes that still are levied in some of the states, and agree with him. If Mr. Roosevelt can think of any other tax he would abolish, we will agree with him on that, too.

TV A Inquiry Whether Go Into Unanswered About 'Yardstick'

Outlay for Phosphate I
Directors and It
Under Sc

By SAM J. SHELTON
A Staff Correspondent of the
Post-Dispatch.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 17.—Brought to light in the extended congressional investigation of the Tennessee Valley Authority are certain facts of vital interest to American taxpayers, which cannot be fully appraised until completion of the inquiry, now scheduled for resumption in Washington about Oct. 20.

This investigation, if completed in good faith according to the terms of the resolution authorizing it, should provide a comprehensive audit of this vast governmental enterprise in which all the people of the United States, as taxpayers and citizens, have invested more than \$200,000,000 of public funds, with construction plans under way calling for probably \$300,000,000 more.

Unanswered Questions.
Outstanding as items of unfinished business for the investigating committee are these questions: Is the "yardstick" that TVA has established for electricity rates an honest one?

What are the facts in the Authority's purchase last year of 570 acres of phosphate-bearing land for \$274,450, providing a profit of \$280,000 to the seller who had acquired the land from 1934 to 1936 for \$148,380?

Are the public funds being prudently expended, and particularly how does TVA justify such claims as \$600,000 a year for operation of a personnel department, nearly \$1,000,000 a year for its accounting department, \$175,000 annually for an information division, and more than \$600,000 for health and safety?

How and why have utility corporations obstructed development and operation of the TVA electric power program?

Are the present directors of the Authority competent?

Two Directors Cleared.

The pause in the inquiry affords opportunity to review important points which have been cleared up or on which light has been shed in more than a month of hearings at Knoxville, TVA headquarters. Most important, perhaps, is the clearing of Directors Harcourt A. Morgan and David E. Lilienthal of the vague charges of "dishonesty" brought against them by former Chairman Arthur E. Morgan who was removed from office last spring by President Roosevelt. Although complaints were lodged against TVA by others, it was the accusations by the former chairman of its board of directors which spurred Congress to form the investigating committee composed of five Senators and five Representatives.

The former chairman himself finally disposed of the charges against the two directors by telling the committee he had never intended to imply that they were guilty of personal dishonesty or corruption; that he thought their administrative policies were not "honest" and forthright. The question thus became one of the competency of the two directors, rather than of their integrity—a question which has not yet been fully explored.

The record made up here, which consisted of more than 8000 pages of the testimony of the two directors, shows a great deal of time was taken up with the personal quarrel between the two directors and the former chairman. The committee had never intended to delve into the personal quarrel between the two directors and the former chairman. The committee had never intended to delve into the personal quarrel between the two directors and the former chairman.

Berry Marble Case.

The Berry marble case was probably the most minutely examined incident of the hearings. The committee delved deeply into the record of how United States Senator George L. Berry of Tennessee unsuccessfully sought compensation for his marble collection. Berry had been brought out already had become public knowledge.

Before the construction of the Norris Dam, Berry, for many years president of the International Printing Pressmen and Assistants' Union, acquired leases of mineral rights on about 240 parcels of land in the Norris reservoir area. Testimony before the committee was that these cost him and his associates about \$1 each.

Berry sought before 1937 to get compensation from TVA for losses he alleged he had sustained by the flooding of his marble leases. Testimony showed that in July, 1936, two TVA directors, H. A. Morgan and Lilienthal, entered into an agreement with Berry for the payment of a conciliator to determine how much was to be paid on account of the marble claims, and that A. E. Morgan, then TVA chairman, assented to this agreement. The committee was told that Berry was in bad faith and should not be recognized.

Conciliation Agreement.

At the committee hearing James H. Berry testified that he drew up the conciliation agreement and purposefully worked it up so it would not be enforceable or binding on the Authority. That this method of dealing with the case was followed because Berry was an important political figure was described by Berry as

TV A Inquiry When Resumed Will Go Into Unanswered Questions About 'Yardstick' and Spending

Outlay for Phosphate Lands, Competency of Directors and Items of Budget Under Scrutiny.

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On the committee hearing James Lawrence Fry, TVA general counsel, testified that he drew up the constitution agreement and purpose-ly worded it so it would not be enforceable or binding on the Authority, that this method of dealing with the case was followed because of "an important political reason."

He described Berry as

Just a country boy trying to pull a city slicker trick."

Berry achieved political prominence in 1936 as head of Labor's Non-Partisan League, working for the re-election of President Roosevelt. In an unofficial advisory capacity he was appointed "Industrial Co-ordinator" by the President.

The fact that Berry had large claims against the Government, running into millions of dollars, for the submerging of his marble deposits was first published in newspapers early in May, 1937, after he had been mentioned as the probable choice of Gov. Browning of Tennessee for appointment to the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Nathan L. Bachman.

Berry's Claim Disallowed.

Berry got the appointment, his claims against the Government were further publicized and almost immediately TVA abandoned all pretense of conciliation and filed suits to condemn the so-called marble rights. The suits were heard here last December before condemnation commissioners and resulted in a finding that the claims were "commercially worthless."

Berry and his associates sought by testimony to prove the marble had a potential value of \$5,000,000 or more.

It is possible that the congressional committee in its report to Congress, and the public, will have something to say about the parts played by the three TVA directors in this affair.

In this year's Tennessee primary Berry sought nomination as the Democratic candidate in the November election for the Senate seat he now holds by appointment, but was defeated.

Phosphate Land Purchases.

Purchases of phosphate lands by TVA were closely scrutinized by the committee. The Authority submitted a list of such outright land purchases aggregating 1275 acres, and additional purchases of mineral rights on 551 acres, the total investment in both categories being \$895,906. These lands contain phosphate rock, a raw material for the production of high-grade fertilizer.

Most attention was given to a purchase from the International Agricultural Corporation, covering 349 acres outright and the mineral rights to 221 acres. The price paid was \$275,459 and testimony was the land had paid only \$148,880 for the lands.

TVA witnesses defended the purchase on the ground that the Authority thereby acquired 4,657,950 tons of mineable phosphate, and the cost of the Government's deposits for mining and transportation made the price reasonable. The principal witness for TVA on this point was Dr. Harry A. Curtis, its chief chemical engineer, who recently was installed as dean of the school of engineering at the University of Missouri.

Special Report Kept Secret.

In the course of the hearing, Senator Vic Donahoe of Ohio, Committee chairman, announced the committee was in possession of a special report by the Government's General Accounting Office dealing with the phosphate land purchase. TVA counsel objected to any use or publication being made of this report until it had been submitted to the Authority for comment or correction.

After sharp debate, the committee decided to withhold the report temporarily, and the nature of it has not yet been made public. It is understood that it is sharply critical. Undoubtedly it will be an important item before the committee when the inquiry is resumed at Washington.

One of the most stinging blows to faithful TVA defenders was testimony concerning the efforts of one of the Authority's most highly paid employees to use inside information to help his father-in-law, John E. Connelly of New York City. Admitting that he had written the letter, Snyder said the copy must have been stolen from his files. He also admitted his action was very much to be criticized and said that at the time he had "no conception of public office."

The letter, a long one, related how in acquiring certain quarry rights for the Authority he had learned of a large tract of land about to be sold at auction to satisfy creditors' judgments. He proposed organization of a corporation to acquire it and estimated a profit of \$30,000 could be made in a short time.

He suggested that his brother-in-law, a young lawyer, be sent to Knoxville to work out the deal and proposed giving him a part-time job with TVA at about \$2400 a year.

The letter contained a paragraph stating the writer intended to consult the TVA directors before any action was taken on his suggestion, as he did not wish to do anything he might be criticized for. Snyder testified that after he sent the letter he realized his mistake and telegraphed his father-in-law to "forget it."

Attitude of Utilities.

Thus far the committee has inquired only briefly into obstructive tactics used by utility corporations against TVA. At a hearing at Chattanooga it was brought out that the Commonwealth & Southern Corporation, holding company for the Tennessee Electric Power Co., had contributed \$30,000 to a campaign fund to oppose a bond issue of \$8,000,000 for a municipal electric distribution system at Chattanooga. There also was testimony that the Tennessee Electric Power Co. had placed a large volume of advertising in the Chattanooga Free Press, a newspaper opposing the municipal system, and had discontinued advertising in the Chattanooga News, favoring the municipal plan.

Francis Biddle, counsel for the committee, told this correspondent that the utility practices would be investigated further when the committee meets in Washington.

Budget Expenditures.

The committee has in its possession the Authority's "Schedule of Budget Control Accounts," covering proposed expenditures of some \$40,000,000 in the current fiscal year, ending next June 30. It is expected some members of the committee will try to have TVA justify the various departmental budget accounts, in such a way as to determine whether or not there is waste or extravagance in the conduct of the agency.

Only about \$23,500,000 of the contemplated expenditures will be for the construction of dams now under way, and about \$3,000,000 will be for the purchase of land. Among items likely to be questioned is that of about \$440,000 for the personnel department which has charge of the hiring and training of employees. There are now about 13,000 persons employed by TVA.

Another large item is about \$700,000 for reservoir property management. The legal department will spend \$400,000 for salaries and expenses. Besides its large staff of full-time lawyers TVA has employed John Lord O'Brien of Buffalo, a former assistant United States Attorney-General, as special counsel in two cases for fees of \$75,000.

"Yardstick" Tests.

Some testimony was heard by the committee bearing on the honesty of the TVA "yardstick" test, but most phases of this question remain to be examined. Director Lilienthal, who established the present rates shortly after the Authority began operations, testified that in his opinion the rates were too high, that even lower rates would constitute a fair measure. He added, however, that not until all of the 10 dams were completed and in operation and costs known would it be possible to determine fair rates with accuracy.

Utility companies subjected to TVA competition have contended the present TVA rates are possible only through large subsidies at the expense of the taxpayers.

They assert that far too small a part of the total public funds expended by TVA has been charged to the power program, and that if the power program had to bear its proper share of the capital investment, rates would have to be higher to cover all costs of the service. The Congressional Committee has had its own engineers and experts studying this question, and Attorney Biddle said it would be examined thoroughly at the forthcoming hearings.

Dr. Holt's Successor

The Rev. Dr. John Brandon Peters to Take Pulpit Vacated by Bishop Holt.

The Rev. Dr. John Brandon Peters of Atlanta, Ga., will come here about Nov. 1 as new pastor of St. John's Methodist Episcopal Church, Kingshighway and Washington boulevards, under an appointment announced by Bishop W. T. Watkins yesterday at conclusion of the St. Louis Conference at Fredericktown, Mo. He succeeds the Rev. Dr. Ivan Lee Holt, elected Bishop last May and now stationed at Dallas, Tex., in charge of Southwestern conferences.

A native of Virginia, Dr. Peters attended Richmond College and Princeton University and received the degree of Doctor of Divinity at Centenary College, Shreveport, La. He was ordained deacon in the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, in 1914 and became an elder in 1916.

Various Pastors.

Since 1917, Dr. Peters held various pastorates in Virginia, Maryland, Louisiana and Georgia, including those of the First Methodist Church of New Orleans and the Druid Hills Methodist Episcopal Church, South, of Atlanta, his present pastorate. He is now stationed at Atlanta church building debt of \$68,000 was paid and 1575 members were added to the Druid Hills congregation.

In the World War he received a commission in the army and was assigned as Senior Chaplain to the Thirty-eighth Infantry, Third Division. After the armistice he aided in demobilization of troops.

He and his family will reside at St. John's parsonage, 5088 Washington boulevard.

Other Appointments.

Other appointments in the St. Louis district were announced as follows:

C. Q. Smith, presiding elder; Arlington, E. C. Headrick, Bellefontaine, E. G. Hamilton; Bridgeton-Fenton, W. N. Ware; Cabanne, P. Frank Baker; Centenary, Dawson C. Bryan; Christy Memorial, M. G. Joyce; Clayton, J. Wesley Miller; Crescent circuit, J. K. Kern, supply; Emory Memorial, New Haven, S. M. Robinson; Eureka, O. A. Bowser; Ferguson, E. W. Bartley; Haven Street, J. H. Jones; Immanuel, A. A. Watkins; Kirkwood, M. C. Johnson; Lakeview, H. A. Summitt, H. A. Showmaker; Lafayette Park, H. S. Anglin; Manchester, E. E. Burton, and Marvin-Kingdom House, F. W. Gramp.

Mount Auburn, Harold E. Camp; St. Louis, J. B. Peters; St. Paul, Joseph E. Fulkerson; Scruggs Memorial, George R. Bowles; Shaw Avenue, B. L. Schubel; Stephan Memorial, H. T. Payne; University, John F. Caskey; Valley Park, John C. Glendon; Washington, H. A. Raper; Waggoner Place, C. C. Barnhardt; Washington, R. C. George.

General secretary, board of finance, C. W. Tadlock; chaplain, Barnes Hospital, C. Wesley Webb; secretary, Grand Park, Thomas E. Sauri, Arthur Mather; missionary to Japan, S. H. Wainwright; superintendent, L. R. Jenkins.

7 PRE-CONCERT LECTURES ON SYMPHONY PROGRAMS

First One to Be Given Next Monday at Famous-Bar by Corinne Frederick.

A series of seven lectures on music to be played by the St. Louis Symphony Orchestra will be opened with a talk by Corinne Frederick, pianist, at 10:30 a. m. next Monday in the auditorium of the Famous-Bar.

She will discuss the program to be presented the following Friday and Saturday, which will consist of the Brahms First Symphony, Strauss' "Death and Transfiguration," Beethoven's "La Valze," and the overture to Wagner's opera, "Oberon."

Other speakers in the series of pre-concert lectures, sponsored by the Women's Association of the Symphony Society, will include: Nov. 18, Robert R. Rye, music director of Country Day School, at Stix, Baer & Fuller Co.; Dec. 2, Paul Freiss, organist, at Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney, Inc.; Jan. 6, Victoria Cassan, ballet school director, at 27, Ernest C. Brown, music teacher; March 17, Miss Margaret Riggs, Community School music director.

Japanese Publisher Dies.

TOKYO, Oct. 17.—Seki Noma, 59 years old, author and publisher of the newspaper Hochi and of Japanese magazines, died today of a heart attack.

See Those Frown, Squint, Arch-Brow Lines In Your Forehead

... to say nothing of the worn, tired look caused by needless eyestrain! A pair of restful glasses will relieve the strain and drive away the lines that threaten to mar your lovely face. Have your eyes examined by our registered optometrists, tomorrow!

Frames Priced From \$3.50 to \$15.00

JACCARD'S

DR. MEYER DR. BENNETT

Locust at Ninth Main 3975

Locust at Ninth

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NOVEL ENTERTAINMENT IN 'PINS AND NEEDLES'

Garment Workers' Revue Has Good Music and Fresh Type of Satire.

PINS AND NEEDLES, a musical revue in two acts, with music and lyrics by Harold J. Rome, staged by Charles Friedman, sketches by Arthur Arant, Marc Blumenthal, Emanuel Eisenberg, Charles Friedman, Harold J. Rome and David Gregory. Presented by Labor Union Players of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union Players as the cast, at the McPherson.

By COLVIN McPHERSON

FOR the price of a month's union dues and maybe a special assessment or two, one this week may enjoy the rarest musical show of the post-Ziegfeld era. This is the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union production of "Pins and Needles," which opened last night at the American Theater.

Here is a show which has no headlines, no chorus girls, no vaudeville entertainers, no dazzling dancings, in fact no professional talent at all, which is short on singers, dancers and comedians and long only on intellectual content, wit, ingenuity, originality and a few such minor details.

Yet it is surprising how much exposed flesh one good idea is substitute for. "Pins and Needles" is lively and beguiling from start to finish, refreshing and stimulating always. It played to a sell-out house at the opening and there is no doubt that the audience, half composed of local garment workers but with a sprinkling of the orchid class of patrons, loved it.

Taking the view of the "Left" which knows that the Right hand is doing it, the Garment Workers or Labor Stage, as they call their theatrical production, satirizes a wide variety of things—labor problems, Mussolini, 100 Per Cent Americanism, the labor catechism, advice to the lovelorn, the Federal Theater, international affairs and most of the past devices of musical shows.

The biggest success last night, two of which resulted in curtain calls, were the sketches entitled "Call It Un-American," "Four Little Angels of Peace" and "Lesson in Etiquette." The first is the one about pompous Americanism, the second pictures Mussolini, Hitler, Chamberlain and a Japanese General assassinating each other, and the last sends a Tory lady to a picket line to tell the pickets "It's Not Cricket, To Picket."

As its commercial success would indicate, "Pins and Needles" does not carry intelligence past the point of amusement. It ends each act with a serious declaration of labor's purpose to organize and unite but the nearest it comes to explanation of the economic system is a Joe Cook-stunt started off with a kick in the seat of the pants. The lampooning of the formula that "the workers to triumph is STRUGGLE" is as malicious as if it had been written for a gridiron banquet of the Liberty League.

The outfit does go as highbrow as all get-out in two ballets, both of the type that has arisen since the dance started smothering its fists and stomping the floor with its bare feet. As near as I could figure out, aided by program notes, the first of these proves that in war, people are killed, and that the second only that the I. L. G. W. U. is as good at this sort of thing as anybody else.

In fact, this last reflection is somewhat the total impression of the show. The Garment Workers are exceedingly well trained and by virtue of nearly a year's experience in New York and on the road, non-professional in performance only. The company is small and those taking leading roles in the sketches are seen at other times in the choruses. Many individual members reveal unusual ability with Harold Clark, Ruth Rubenstein, Lynne Jaffee and Anne Brown getting the greater attention.

The real credit goes to Harold J. Rome, who wrote the all-important music and lyrics. His melodies, like "Sing Me a Song of Social Significance" "Sunday in the Park" and "One Big Union for Two" are good enough for recollection on the way home and the verses are nothing short of superb. A few bad words are said in the course of the evening and the "All-Italy Maternity Sweepstakes" almost goes the limit but generally "Pins and Needles" is as wholesome as it is clever.

Miss Mary Caroline Morrison, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Morrison, 5296 Westminster place, was the debutante honored at a luncheon today at Le Chateau at which Mrs. Edward P. Cave of the Speeds Road was hostess. The hostess and Miss Morrison, the latter dressed in a grape-colored wool dress and orchid corsage, received the guests informally.

At each place was a corsage of gardenias and the small tables, set up in the recreation room, were centered by pink roses and baby's breath. The guests included: Miss Margaret Adron, Miss Mary Jane Allen, Miss Martha Elby, Miss Theoline Bostwick, Miss Mary Frances Carter, Miss Lida Lee Christy, Miss Elinor Curran, Miss Mary Louise Ewing, Miss Louise French, Miss Agnes Galt, Miss Caroline Galt, Miss Mary Frances Hazleton, Miss Warren Hobbs, Miss Frances Howell Lewis, Miss Marian Merrell, Miss Nancy Bliss Morfit, Miss Jane Price, Miss Laura Rand, Miss Nancy Russell, Miss Betty Jones, Miss Betty Jane Shaw, Miss Becky Wells, Miss Suzanne White, Miss Mary Sue Peckham, Miss Nanon Burns, Miss Virginia Baugh, Miss Nancy Martin, Miss Mary Kathryn Nangle, and Miss Mary Ellen Nidringhaus.

Seated with the hostess were Mrs. Morrison and Mrs. Reuben C. Taylor.

White flowers adorned the altar of the Church of the Annunciate this morning at 9 o'clock for the wedding of Miss Geraldine Dolores Jones, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Gray Jones Jr., 4 Rio Vista drive, Ladue, and John J. Fox, The Rev. C. B. Faris read the service.

Mr. Jones gave his daughter in marriage. Her gown of off-white satin had a long V-neckline and buttons shirred to a high bust line. Boudice were used on the back of the dress to the waistline and the long sleeves were made full at the shoulder line. Two white ostrich plumes formed a coronet from which fell the long tulle veil over the dress train. An old-fashioned bouquet of white orchids and gardenias completed her costume.

Miss Marian Jones was her sister's maid of honor and bridesmaids included Miss Margaret Bates, Miss Margaret Scherrer and Miss Mary Catherine Lamb. They wore similar gowns of plum-colored taffeta fashioned with heart-shaped necklines, short sleeves, puffed to the elbow and full skirts touching the floor. The maids carried tallman

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Collision on India Railway.
PATNA, India, Oct. 17.—One person was killed and 30 injured yesterday in a train collision at Mughalsaria on the East India Railway.

ESCALA, MARY (nee McCoy)
bl., suddenly, Sun., Oct. 18
p. m., beloved wife of Fred
sister of Helen Schnur and
Coy.
Funeral from Stuart &
Home, 1225 Union bl., Wed.,
a. m., to St. Ann's Church, Pa.
ter. Interment Calvary C.

3953 Page Oct. 15, 1938, 10:25 a. m., beloved
1938, 2:15 band of Katherine Meehan (nee L)
Escala, dear father of Mrs. Mary Burke, Mrs.
Gertrude Mc O'Hare and the late Catherine and N
Meehan, our dear grandfather and un
Funeral Tues., Oct. 18, 8:30 a. m.
Oct. 19, 8:30 Cullen & Kelly Funeral Home, 7287 N
and Whit- Bridge, to St. Edward's Church. Inter
Culney Cemetery.

WESLING, AUGUST H.—Mon., Oct. 17, 1938, dear father of Alma, Arthur and Hugo Wesling and Hilda Klaker, age 73 years.

Remains at Witt Bros' Chapel, 2929 S. Jefferson av. Funeral Wed., 2 p. m. to Missouri Crematory. Please omit flowers.

MEN'S CLOTHING DESIGNING
MEN—Big demand for professional designers, pattern drafters, cutters and graders. Evening classes, 6:30 to 9.
ST. LOUIS SCHOOL OF MEN'S DESIGN,
R. 0414, 615 Arcade Bldg. 813 Olive.

WEATHERSTRIPPING
FREE Weatherstrip Co., 2861 Iowa.
22. Caulking. Reliable, reasonable.

MAS CARDS \$1
ARDS. FREE Samples.
Co., 491 Arcade Bldg.
ards. \$1, with names, your
sample. Nichols. 4617
3-9 p. m. FL 5895.

keeping room;
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DEMAND FOR LOW-PRICED STOCKS. ROP IN PIVOTALS

Market Goes Through Fervish Session as Aircrafts and Utilities Are Bought and Profit Sales Depress Numerous Other Issues.

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Aircraft soared over new high territory for the past year, and utilities were given a fast buying play in today's stock market, but many recently strong pivotal leaders were blown down by profit taking.

Gains ran to around 2 points at the best among the favorites, while losses of as much as more were widely distributed elsewhere. Steels, motors, rubbers, mail orders, copper, rails and specialties were under pressure and best advances in the favored groups were reduced substantially at the close.

A wild first hour took the ticker tape behind as blocks of 1000 to 30,000 shares of low-priced stocks changed hands in rapid succession. The turnover of \$600,000 shares in the initial period was one of the largest in months. Dealings quieted subsequently and transfer for the day totaled 2,523,960 shares.

Steel Operations Down.
The news, on the whole, was fairly comforting to recovery contingent, but there were a few cloudy spots in evidence. The financial sector apparently was a bit disappointed at official estimates placing this week's steel mill operations at 2 points at 49.4 per cent of capacity. A moderate increase had been predicted.

Best share performers included Douglas Aircraft, North American Aviation, United Aircraft, Boeing, National Aviation, Consolidated Edison, American Water Works, United Corporation and Commonwealth and Southern.

On the decline side most of the times were U. S. Steel, Bethlehem, General Motors, Chrysler, U. S. Rubber, Montgomery Ward, Western Union, Anaconda, Kennecott, Westinghouse, General Electric, Johns-Manville, New York Central, Southern Pacific, Allis-Chalmers and U. S. Gypsum.

On the copper fairly resistant as the group fairly recent months' earnings of \$2.31 a share against \$5.33 in the 1937 quarters. Other corporation statements disclosed sizable drops in income from last year, but these were in line with Wall Street's earlier pessimistic forecasts.

Bonds were shaky, especially rail loans. Commodities were mostly in arrears. Wheat at Chicago was off 1/2 to 3/4 of a cent a bushel and corn 1/4 to 1/2 of a cent. Cotton, in late transactions, was down about 20 cents a bale.

Sterling, near mid-afternoon, was up 1 cent at \$4.72 and the French franc was .004 of a cent improved at 2.56 1/2 cents.

European securities markets were up at the start, with coppers popular, but they finally gave ground.

News of the Day.
Spurring power company and aircraft shares were further expectations of a national rearmament program. The former stocks also were again buoyed by better prospects for a truce between the utilities and the Government.

Removal of all production restrictions on its members by the international copper cartel at London, owing to the sharply expanding demand for the metal for military purposes as well as commercial use, brought little response from most domestic copper shares. Copper futures and export quotations dipped.

Over Week-End Developments.
Analysts studied the survey of the magazine "Steel" which said that favorable factors still predominated in the steel industry despite price weakness which has caused some hesitation in buying.

It was added that prospects for steady or heavier steel requirements of leading users over the next 60 days are regarded as bright.

Expanding demand from automobile producers was seen as a sustaining influence for steel output.

At the beginning of foreign currency transactions sterling was up 1 1/2 cents at \$4.74. The French franc was 0.17-18 of a cent higher at 2.56 1/2.

Days' 15 Most Active Stocks.
Sales, closing price and net change of the 15 most active stocks:

Curtis Wright, 134.00, 6 1/4, up; United Corporation, 98.80, 1/4, up; Commonwealth and Southern, 82.00, 1/4, up; North American Aviation, 73.40, 1 1/2, up; Columbia Gas & Electric, 81.90, 1/2, up; American Power and Light, 49.20, 1/4, up; United Aircraft, 49.20, 1/4, up; Martin (G. L.), 37.00, 3/4, up; Electric Power & Light, 35.00, 1/4, up; Anaconda, 28.00, 3/4, down; North American, 31.00, 1/4, down; Greyhound, 31.00, 1/4, down; Consolidated Edison, 30.40, 3/4, up; Am Water Works, 30.00, 1/4, down; Aviation Corporation, 30.00, 1/4, up.

Report of Failures.
NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Business failures in the United States for the week ending Oct. 13 amounted to 236 from 193 in the corresponding week of 1937.

COMMODITY INDEX

AVERAGES

Other statistics showing economic trend

TREND OF STAPLE PRICES.
NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—The Associated Press daily wholesale price index of 25 basic commodities:

Monday 103.87
Tuesday 103.87
Wednesday 103.87
Thursday 103.87
Friday 103.87
Saturday 103.87
Sunday 103.87

RANGE OF RECENT YEARS.
High 104.37
Low 103.37
1938 103.87
1937 103.87
1936 103.87
1935 103.87
1934 103.87
1933 103.87
1932 103.87
1931 103.87
1930 103.87
1929 103.87
1928 103.87
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ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH COPPER CARTEL MEETS RENEWED DEMAND FOR CURBS ON PRODUCTION IN LONDON COPPER INDUSTRY

Associated Companies Act on Demand Occasioned by Restrictions on Production Cited in Buying.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—The cartel decision to remove restrictions on the production of copper caused a renewed demand for copper shares on the stock exchange today. Motor and tobacco issues were well supported and base metals also moved higher. Home rubber stocks were a field of labor as they were re-shaded firmer. Glitged issues re-acted and closed lower and a trans-Atlantic group was slightly down. Foreign bonds finished heavy with losses ranging from 1 to 4 points.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—Price movements were irregular in the Bourse today with the general tendency lower. French rents fell 65 to 105 centimes and Suez Canal was down more than 500 francs. Royal bank and Bank of France issues closed slightly up.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 17.—Trade buying and local support in cotton futures encountered edge selling and liquidation today. Final quotations were down 4 to 6 points. Wheat futures eased after selling higher early in the session. The market reacted to disappointing North American grain prices today.

BAR GOLD, SILVER AND MONEY.

The St. Louis Clearing House Association today reported that the gold market was steady at \$20.00 per ounce. Silver was steady at \$1.25 per ounce. The market for gold and silver was quiet today.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY STOCKS.

Mississippi Valley stocks were steady today. The market for these stocks was quiet. The prices of these stocks were not significantly changed.

EGGS AND POULTRY MARKET.

Eggs and poultry prices on St. Louis market today were steady. The prices of eggs and poultry were not significantly changed.

BUTTER AND CHEESE.

Butter and cheese prices on St. Louis market today were steady. The prices of butter and cheese were not significantly changed.

VEGETABLE MARKET.

Vegetable prices on St. Louis market today were steady. The prices of vegetables were not significantly changed.

NEW YORK RUBBER MARKET.

New York rubber prices today were steady. The prices of rubber were not significantly changed.

CRUDE OIL PRICES.

Crude oil prices today were steady. The prices of crude oil were not significantly changed.

NEW YORK CURB

By the Associated Press.
NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Following is a complete list of closing prices of stocks and bonds traded in today on the New York Curb Exchange:

SECURITY	Close	SECURITY	Close	SECURITY	Close
Am. Can. 28	104 1/2	Gen. Elec. 34	104 1/2	Int. Paper 34	104 1/2
Am. Oil 28	104 1/2	Gen. Elec. 34	104 1/2	Int. Paper 34	104 1/2
Am. Oil 28	104 1/2	Gen. Elec. 34	104 1/2	Int. Paper 34	104 1/2
Am. Oil 28	104 1/2	Gen. Elec. 34	104 1/2	Int. Paper 34	104 1/2
Am. Oil 28	104 1/2	Gen. Elec. 34	104 1/2	Int. Paper 34	104 1/2

Chicago Stock Market

By the Associated Press.
CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—Following is a list of closing prices on stocks and bonds traded in today on the Chicago Stock Exchange:

SECURITY	Close	SECURITY	Close	SECURITY	Close
Am. Can. 28	104 1/2	Gen. Elec. 34	104 1/2	Int. Paper 34	104 1/2
Am. Oil 28	104 1/2	Gen. Elec. 34	104 1/2	Int. Paper 34	104 1/2
Am. Oil 28	104 1/2	Gen. Elec. 34	104 1/2	Int. Paper 34	104 1/2
Am. Oil 28	104 1/2	Gen. Elec. 34	104 1/2	Int. Paper 34	104 1/2
Am. Oil 28	104 1/2	Gen. Elec. 34	104 1/2	Int. Paper 34	104 1/2

UNIT QUOTATIONS

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Quoted rates of prices when dealers in particular units are reported willing to trade the units of their respective shares as reported by the Investment Bankers' Conference.

NEW YORK CURB

By the Associated Press.
NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Following is a complete list of closing prices of stocks and bonds traded in today on the New York Curb Exchange:

SECURITY	Close	SECURITY	Close	SECURITY	Close
Am. Can. 28	104 1/2	Gen. Elec. 34	104 1/2	Int. Paper 34	104 1/2
Am. Oil 28	104 1/2	Gen. Elec. 34	104 1/2	Int. Paper 34	104 1/2
Am. Oil 28	104 1/2	Gen. Elec. 34	104 1/2	Int. Paper 34	104 1/2
Am. Oil 28	104 1/2	Gen. Elec. 34	104 1/2	Int. Paper 34	104 1/2
Am. Oil 28	104 1/2	Gen. Elec. 34	104 1/2	Int. Paper 34	104 1/2

THE BOND MARKET

By the Associated Press.
NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Total bond sales today on the New York Stock Exchange amounted to \$2,822,822 compared with \$4,684,500 yesterday; \$7,099,800 a week ago and \$11,945,600 a year ago. Total sales from Jan. 1 to date were \$1,399,945,805 compared with \$2,236,486,875 a year ago and \$2,896,776,000 two years ago.

Following is a list of closing prices of bonds traded in today:

SECURITY	Close	SECURITY	Close	SECURITY	Close
U.S. Gov. 28	104 1/2	U.S. Gov. 34	104 1/2	U.S. Gov. 34	104 1/2
U.S. Gov. 28	104 1/2	U.S. Gov. 34	104 1/2	U.S. Gov. 34	104 1/2
U.S. Gov. 28	104 1/2	U.S. Gov. 34	104 1/2	U.S. Gov. 34	104 1/2
U.S. Gov. 28	104 1/2	U.S. Gov. 34	104 1/2	U.S. Gov. 34	104 1/2
U.S. Gov. 28	104 1/2	U.S. Gov. 34	104 1/2	U.S. Gov. 34	104 1/2

LOUIS MERCHANDISE EXCHANGE.

By the Associated Press.
LOUIS, Oct. 17.—Following is a list of closing prices on commodities traded in today on the Louisville Merchandise Exchange:

COMMODITY	Close	COMMODITY	Close	COMMODITY	Close
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2

LOUIS MERCHANDISE EXCHANGE.

By the Associated Press.
LOUIS, Oct. 17.—Following is a list of closing prices on commodities traded in today on the Louisville Merchandise Exchange:

COMMODITY	Close	COMMODITY	Close	COMMODITY	Close
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2

LOUIS MERCHANDISE EXCHANGE.

By the Associated Press.
LOUIS, Oct. 17.—Following is a list of closing prices on commodities traded in today on the Louisville Merchandise Exchange:

COMMODITY	Close	COMMODITY	Close	COMMODITY	Close
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2

LOUIS MERCHANDISE EXCHANGE.

By the Associated Press.
LOUIS, Oct. 17.—Following is a list of closing prices on commodities traded in today on the Louisville Merchandise Exchange:

COMMODITY	Close	COMMODITY	Close	COMMODITY	Close
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2

LOUIS MERCHANDISE EXCHANGE.

By the Associated Press.
LOUIS, Oct. 17.—Following is a list of closing prices on commodities traded in today on the Louisville Merchandise Exchange:

COMMODITY	Close	COMMODITY	Close	COMMODITY	Close
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2
Wheat 28	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2	Wheat 34	104 1/2

IN "BUSINESS"

By the Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Banking and business conditions in the United States were reported in the weekly report of the Federal Reserve Board, issued today. The report showed that the banking system was in a healthy condition and that business activity was increasing.

The report showed that the banking system was in a healthy condition and that business activity was increasing. The report also showed that the Federal Reserve Board was maintaining a policy of stability and that the economy was in a sound condition.

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BRITAIN UNITED FOR REARMING ON IMMENSE SCALE

Continued From Page One.

cles that ministries of supply and merchant shipping also might be added to insure speedier realization of defense measures.

William Morrison, Minister of Agriculture, and Capt. David Wallace, parliamentary secretary of the Board of Trade, were mentioned for the Dominions post; Sir John Anderson, former Governor of Bengal, for the national service job.

Choice of Runciman Likely.

Viscount Runciman, former president of the Board of Trade and an authority on mercantile marine, was considered a likely choice should the new shipping ministry be established; and Sir Thomas Inskip for the Supply Ministry, which could be merged with his present job as Defense Co-ordinator. Runciman was unofficial arbitrator for Britain in Czechoslovakia until the situation there developed into a crisis that led to the Munich accord.

Parliament will meet Nov. 1 and the session probably will end a few days later. King George VI will open the new session in a formal ceremony Nov. 8.

Lord Stanley, according to provisional plans, will be buried next Thursday at Knowlsey, the Lancashire seat of his father, the Earl of Derby. His death ended a two-brother partnership in the Cabinet. Oliver Stanley is president of the Board of Trade, a Cabinet post similar to that of Secretary of Commerce in the United States.

Lord Stanley's widow is a patient in the same London clinic where he died. She is suffering from a broken ankle.

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If gas and fullness are caused by constipation don't expect to get the relief you seek by just doctoring your stomach. What you need is the gentle laxative, Adierka. This 35-year-old remedy is BOTH cathartic and cathartid. Cathartid is that warm and soothing the stomach and eliminate gas. Cathartid acts quickly and gently, eliminating the material that may have caused gas, fullness, headache, indigestion, sour stomach and nerve pressure for months. Adierka does not grip—it is habit forming. Adierka acts on the stomach and bowels. It gives you this gas almost at once, and often moves the bowels in less than two hours. Adierka has been recommended by many doctors for 35 years. Get the genuine Adierka today. At all leading druggists.

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Even if other remedies have failed, don't be discouraged, try Croomulsion. Your druggist is authorized to refund your money if you are not thoroughly satisfied with the benefits obtained. Croomulsion is one word, ask for it plainly, see that the name on the bottle is Croomulsion, and you'll get the genuine product and the relief you want.

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Follow Noted Ohio Doctor's Advice To Feel "Tip-Top" In Morning! It liver bile doesn't flow freely every day into your intestine—constipation with its headaches and that "half-alive" feeling often result. So step up that liver bile and see how much better you should feel! Just try Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets used so successfully for years by Dr. F. M. Edwards for his patients with constipation and sluggish liver bile.

Olive Tablets, being purely vegetable, are harmless. They not only stimulate bile flow to help digest fatty foods but also help to keep your regular. Get a box TODAY. 15c, 50c, 90c. All druggists.

Partners with Experience or money, can be located through the Post-Dispatch Want Ad Column.

'WE OR THEY'

TWO WORLDS IN CONFLICT

Continued From Page One.

tated reform of the dictionary reaches its logical and ultimate conclusion.

Even the Past Called Back.

Even the past is called back. Fact succumbs to fable. By the rules of the new Nazi history a man who volunteered and died for his country is no longer a hero if his mother or his wife who mourned him was a Jew. His name is no longer allowed to figure even on the list of soldier dead. "We do not know of or recognize truth for truth's sake."

Can we conceive of Washington or Lincoln trying to build greatness on a lie and robbing a dead man of his honor? We come here to such a divergence from the ideal of what seems to us an honorable patriotism that we find it impossible to follow further even in our minds.

A great gulf indeed is fixed between the two conceptions of life. Nor does there seem a way to bridge it with words, because on the two sides words no longer have any commonly accepted meaning.

Here ends the second installment of the Post-Dispatch's republication of Mr. Armstrong's book. The third will be printed tomorrow and subsequent portions daily thereafter. The footnotes marked in the text follow:

Footnote 1—C. H. McIlwain, "Governments by Law," Foreign Affairs, January, 1934.
2—"Paradise Imagined," by William Henry Chamberlin, American Mercury, September, 1935.
3—"Die Deutsche Schule in Deutschland," by Arno Schmeider, Leipzig, 1935.
4—"But and Khris," by Alfred Rosenberg, Der Mythen des 20. Jahrhunderts, p. 697.
5—"Neue Methoden der Rassenforschung," by Hermann Gaus, Leipzig, 1935, p. 74.
6—"Lies and Letters of Charles Darwin," p. 384.
7—"Not always successfully. A dispatch to the New York Times, dated Moscow, March 21, 1938, said that the Soviet press had just reported the second case within a fortnight in which an ambitious officer had been killed by his enraged fellow workers.

LINDBERGH'S ROLE IN CHAMBERLAIN'S YIELDING TO HITLER

Continued From Page One.

his advice, Lindbergh is said to have declared that the German air force could defeat, single-handed, the combined French, Russian, Czech and British air forces. He also had praise for the technical excellence of the Italian planes.

Particularizing about the Soviet air force, Col. Lindbergh said it had a large number of good planes, many of them manufactured in American plants familiar to Lindbergh, but that it lacked sufficient trained pilots to fly the machines owing to purges and other political conditions.

Government people were so impressed by the Lindbergh survey of European military aviation that he was taken down to see former Prime Minister David Lloyd George vacationing in Surrey. It was feared that if the Government surrendered to Hitler, Lloyd George would be its chief critic when Parliament reconvened.

It seems likely that Col. Lindbergh's report impressed Lloyd George almost as much as it impressed Chamberlain. Anyway, the fact is that when Parliament met last week and voted confidence in the Chamberlain foreign policy, the former Prime Minister was strangely silent. Winston Churchill, Alfred Duff Cooper and Anthony Eden took pot shots at Chamberlain's "peace with honor," but Lloyd George sealed his lips.

Afterwards in Russia and England. The Soviet flyers who entertained Lindbergh in Moscow have now denounced him as a "stupid liar, satellite and lackey to the German Fascists and their English followers."

Lady Astor, at whose home Col. Lindbergh was reported to have aired his views across the dinner table, said: "Col. Lindbergh has not dined with us since he returned from Russia. In fact, I have never given a dinner party for him. It is a complete lie, too, that Col. Lindbergh has ever made any sort of pronouncement about the Russian air force or about anything else during a dinner party at my house or in my house at all."

Regardless of whether Col. Lindbergh has been circulating his opinions at dinner, luncheon or high tea, it is well known that he has a high opinion of the German and Italian air forces and a low opinion of the French and Russian. These opinions were brought to the attention of the Chamberlain Government and played a part in influencing its policy when it came to a showdown at Munich.

Thus "Slim" Lindbergh, the son of an isolationist, radical Congressman from the Midwest, has had a hand in the ultra-conservative policies of Great Britain.

EDITOR'S NOTE: The writer, Mr. Driscoll, who was born in St. Louis, was a member of the Post-Dispatch news staff for more than 10 years, until he joined the staff of the New York Herald Tribune.

Ex-Mayor Harry A. Mackey Dies. By the Associated Press. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 17.—Harry A. Mackey, lawyer and Mayor of Philadelphia from 1928 to 1931, died at the age of 65 after an illness of two months. He was injured in an automobile accident and developed pneumonia. At the University of Pennsylvania he was known as one of the great football players of his day. He was captain of the team in 1893.

NAZIS REMOVE ARCHBISHOP FROM POST IN SCHOOLS

Continued From Page One.

movements were reported from Salzburg, where up to Saturday noon 225 had withdrawn from the church.

Authorized Nazi spokesmen predicted this movement would be general throughout Austria because of "public indignation over Bueckel's revelation."

Church schools were placed under state control last month. The Archbishop of Salzburg, however, retained the special privilege of visiting religious classes.

Attack on Church Wealth.

The Vienna edition of Reichsfuehrer Hitler's Volkischer Beobachter raised the question yesterday of "millions of marks" worth of Catholic church property in Austria which "it does not seem easy to socialize and in some way make useful to the community." (The mark is valued at 40 cents.)

The newspaper, in a full-page attack, said foundations and cloisters hold more property than "any layman, even more than the state." Its title was "Rich Churches—Poor People," and the occasion was street collection day for the Nazi party's worker relief fund.

Speaking of the wealth of the church, Hitler's newspaper said: "Millions worth lie collected in the treasure rooms of churches and cloisters."

"On one side are these millions worth of dead and highly lively capital in jewels, cloisters and castles, in land and richly productive factories, and on the other side in church dioceses are hundreds of thousands who are cold and hungry, poor and needy, for whom the church and priests do nothing. "Absolutely nothing? Oh, yes, they pray and beg for them. . . . In showy palaces and proud strongholds live the earthly managers of divine property who draw from their business enterprises rich rewards."

The article said the church had "known how" to "hold and increase" its holdings throughout the centuries while "princely landholders of the feudal period had to suffer property changes and land divisions brought about by liberalism and capitalism."

Pictures of Church Property. The specific property held by the church, "including lucrative manufacturing enterprises," was listed with seven photographs.

Hitler's newspaper said that through the winter relief fund German people are fulfilling God's words, which say: Feed the hungry, warm the cold, clothe the naked.

"How much more help could be given if those who recite these words in prayer would do something positive."

"What possibilities, what means stand at their disposition!" Collectors shaking tin boxes combed all streets yesterday while brass bands and trucks with loudspeakers stirred Vienna into action. Some collectors stood by the doors of St. Stephen's Cathedral. One girl wore a "jump-in" suit with a gas mask and tin hat around her neck.

The cathedral was filled all morning with worshippers, but no mention was made in the customary 9:30 a. m. sermon of Nazi attacks against the church.

However, there were Catholic demonstrations in three districts of Vienna when high mass in local churches ended in the morning. After leaving the churches the congregations assembled on the sidewalks and sang hymns until they were dispersed by the police.

COAL MONEY-BACK GUARANTEE
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Franklin Co. (Grade A) \$5.40
Three Tons or More Cash
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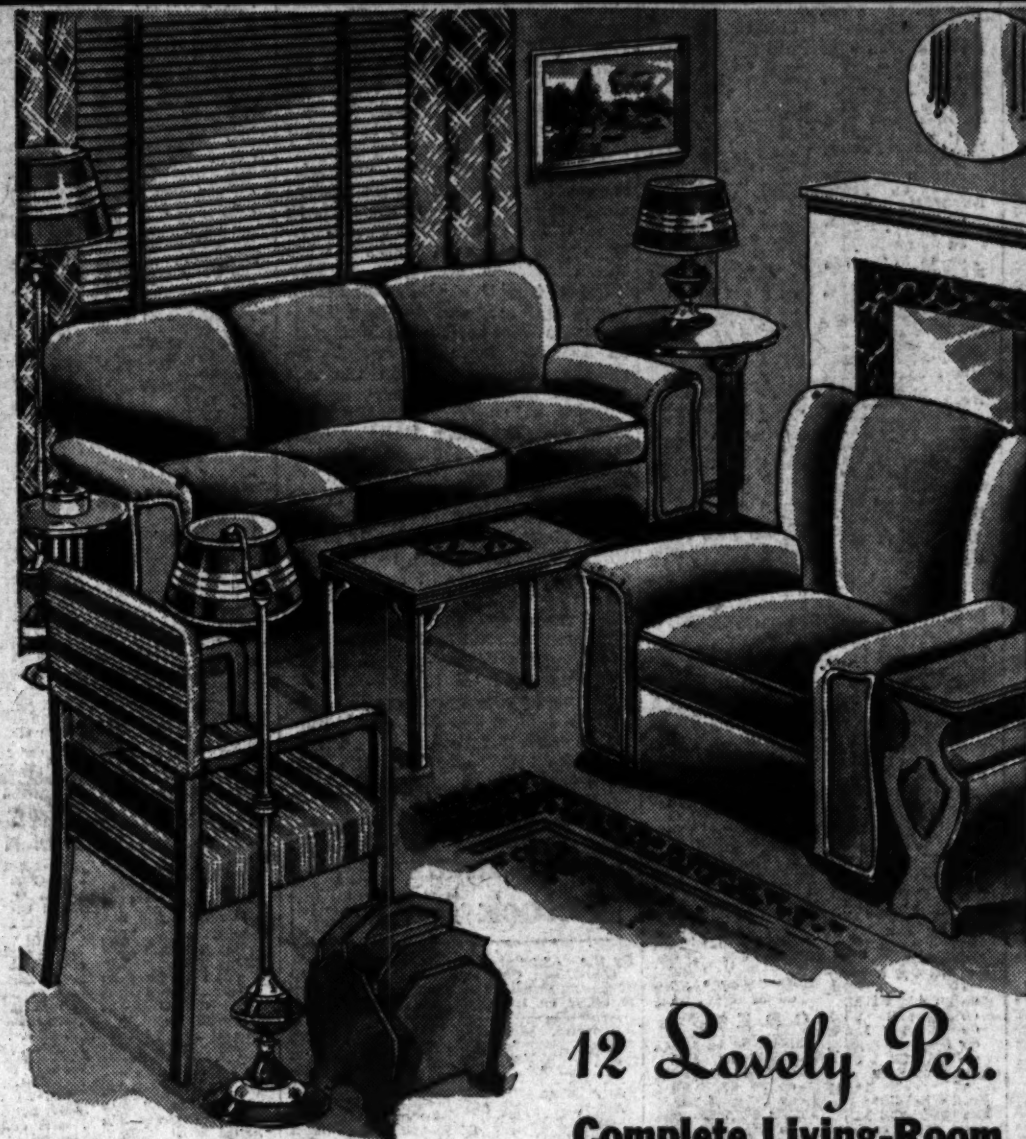
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WORTH A DIME

Save In Union - May - Stern's. MILLION DOLLAR SALE



12 Lovely Pcs.

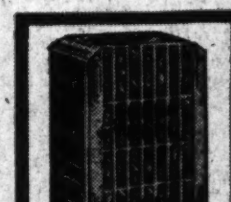
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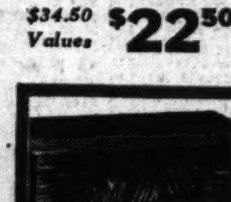
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Simmons Cribs
\$11.95
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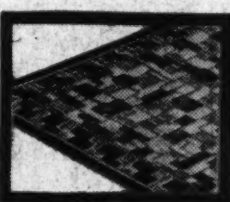
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Excellent, staunchly built sets including extension table and four chairs. Beautifully decorated—durable finishes—choice of natural oak or pearl white. \$19.50 values — **\$12.95**



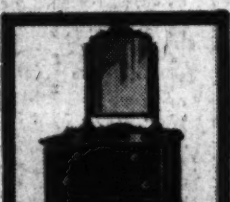
Part-Wool Blankets
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An exquisite hand-rubbed walnut cabinet with transcontinental automatic tuning, large, easy-to-read dial, built-in antenna system, guaranteed foreign reception. Come in and see the new 1939 Zenith "Giant Values." There's a Zenith for every purse.
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By Stearns & Foster

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Values to \$37.50
Superb Innerspring construction—with can't-slip springs, heavy nial insulation or pad, thick cotton layer felt upholstery, stitched walls, rolled edges, French edges, cord handles and slippers. A wide selection of finest tickings—ACA, woven stripes, damask, floral, etc.
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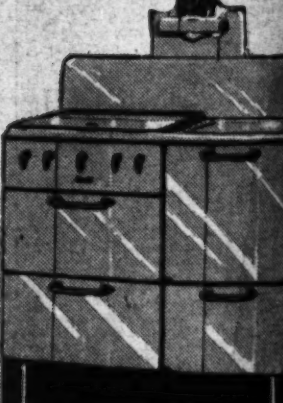
8-Piece Twin Studio Ensemble
\$44.95 Value **\$29.75**

• Innerspring Couch that Opens to full-size or twin beds
• Pull-up Chair and Rocker
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9x12 Seamless Axminsters
A record low price for Rugs of this quality. Thick, lustrous pile . . . lovely patterns. \$34.50 values. **\$25**
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SAVE \$30



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Table-top range, fully insulated. Minit Minder! Electric Light. Condiment Set. Lorain oven heat regulator. Was \$109.50. Now **\$79.50**
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SUDETEN DECORATION

Flags in Graslitz.

WILL ROGERS ME

nearing completion. It is being Rogers once selected for a home.

LITTLE THEATER PL

Maze and Martha Jensen rehearsing final production of the St. Lou

rn's.
SALE

Spring Mattresses

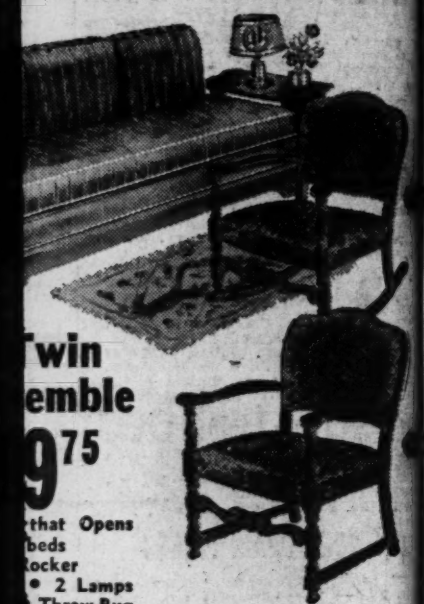
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Superb inner-spring construction—with can't-slip springs, heavy airtight insulation, thick cotton layer felt upholstery, stitched walls, rolled edges, French edges, cord handles and air-vents. A wide selection of finest tickings—ACA, woven stripes, damask, floral, etc.

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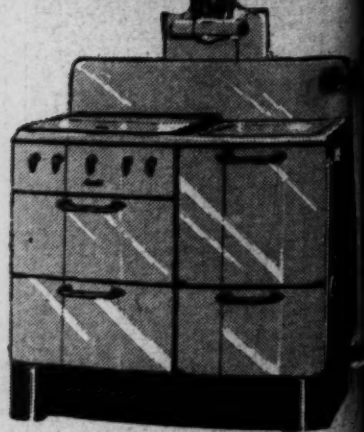
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\$25

Easy Terms*

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ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH DAILY

PART FOUR

MAGAZINE

ST. LOUIS, MONDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1938.

PAGES 1-6D

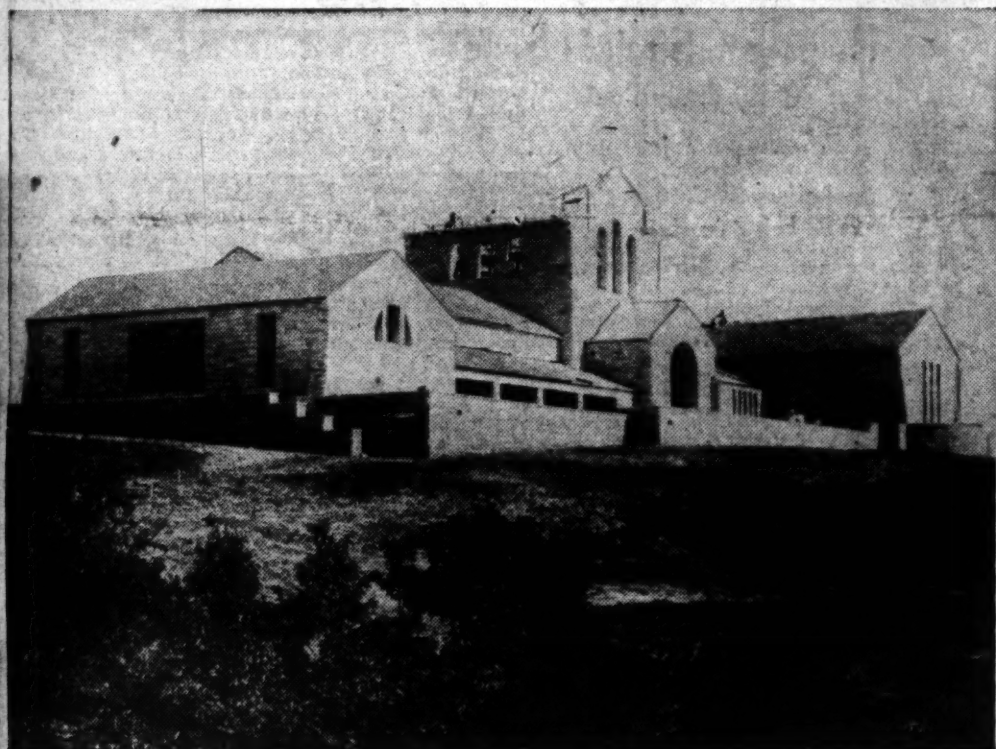


SUDETEN DECORATION

flags in Graslitz.

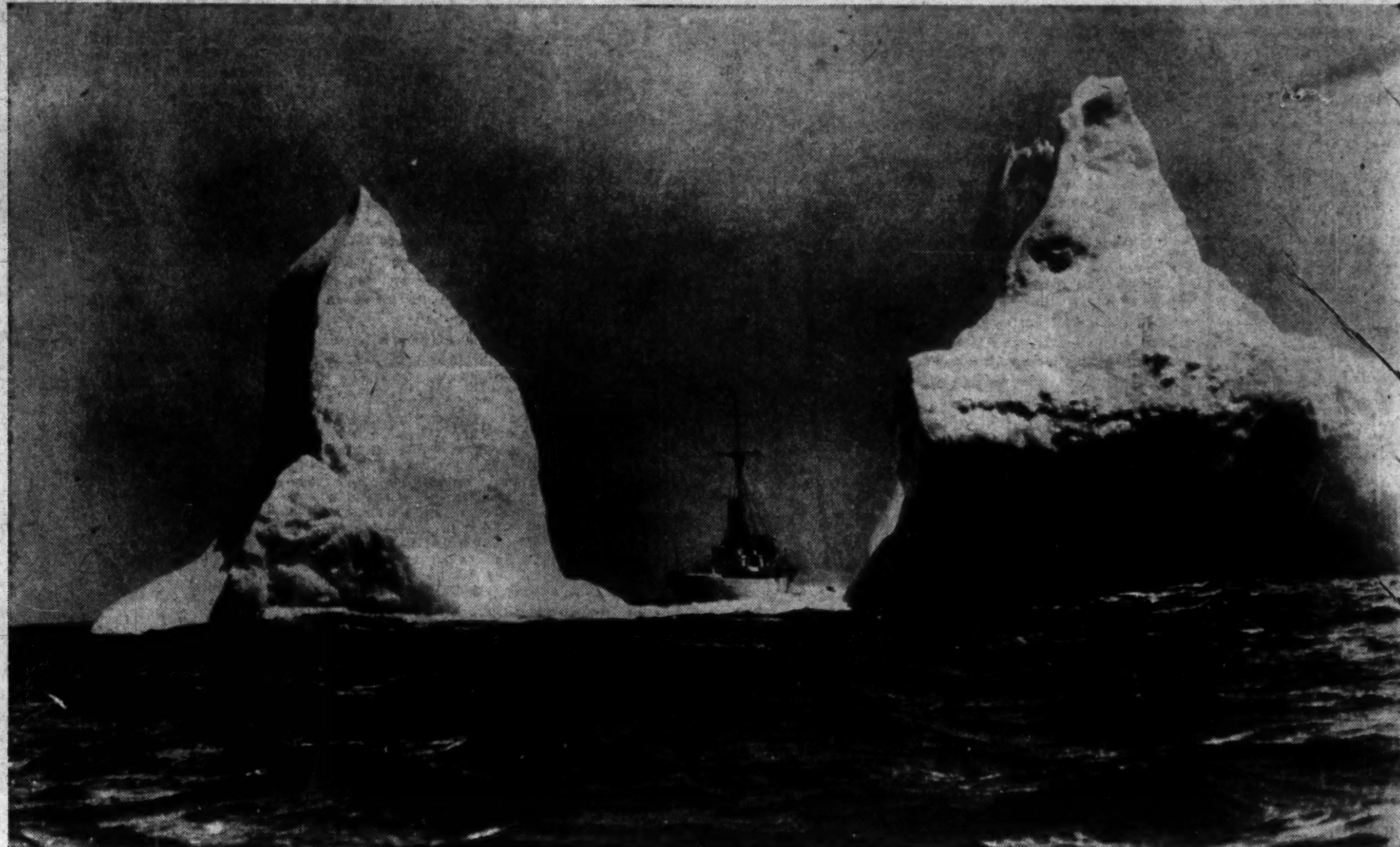
A Sudeten German girl puts up a big poster of Adolf Hitler and surrounds it with Nazi

—Associated Press Wirephoto.



WILL ROGERS MEMORIAL

Oklahoma's Will Rogers Memorial, near Claremore on Highway 66, is nearing completion. It is being built by legislative appropriation on the site which Rogers once selected for a home. It will be dedicated Nov. 4.



DRIFTING ICEBERGS

United States ice patrol ship between gigantic twin icebergs in the Atlantic off the Grand Banks. The patrol ship keeps a constant watch on drifting icebergs floating southward toward the North Atlantic shipping lanes warning all craft of their locations.



WHITE HOUSE CALLERS

Stephens Chadwick, (left) new commander of the American Legion, and Secretary of War Harry Woodring arriving at the White House for a visit with President Roosevelt.



THEIR FOURTH PAIR OF TWINS

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Bates and their children. Mrs. Bates holds Martha Jean and Mary Jane the newest arrivals. The other children, from left, Lloyd, 9; Loraine and Loreen, 12; Betty and Byron, 11. Lloyd's twin brother died shortly after birth.



LITTLE THEATER PLAYERS

From left, Jacqueline Wise, Mildred Basden, Elmira Roessler, Katherine Maze and Martha Jensen rehearsing for Maxwell Anderson's "The Star Wagon," initial fall production of the St. Louis Little Theater opening on Oct. 26.



IN ST. LOUIS

Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt at Union Station where she stopped between trains this morning. She was enroute from Joplin to Charleston, Ill., where she will speak tonight.

—By a Post-Dispatch Staff Photographer.



IN CHURCH PAGEANT

St. Louis businessmen donned costumes and Thespian airs last night to take part in the centennial pageant of the Second Presbyterian Church, Taylor avenue and Westminster place. From left, Col. John A. Laird, Charles B. Fox, John D. MacCarthy and Percy O. Eisenbeis.

Case Records of a PSYCHOLOGIST

By Dr. George W. Crane
Of Northwestern University

WHEN you see petty behavior on the part of adults, it usually means they haven't matured emotionally. Even Christ found His own apostles guilty of such kindergarten behavior after He had taught them for three years.



CASE K-125: Recently I was the guest of an outstanding American statesman, who was scheduled to be giving the address at a State rally of his political party. We sat in the hotel room for almost an hour beyond the time we were to have gone into the banquet hall.

"What is causing the delay?" I inquired casually.

"Well, you probably know how these things turn out," the chairman of the rally replied with a deprecating gesture. "We are having trouble over who shall sit at the speaker's table. One faction has suddenly decided it doesn't want us to permit a certain man to sit up in front. It seems a petty, doesn't it, with such critical conditions confronting our nation, that our party rally should degenerate into such kindergarten stuff?"

"Dr. Crane, why are adults so petty and childish?"

DIAGNOSIS: Recently I explained that people may be emotionally childish despite a college education and gray hair or bald pate. So few people seem capable of submerging selfish interests in devotion to great causes or co-operative ventures. Pettiness creeps into every organization, not even excluding the church.

George Washington, as well as Abraham Lincoln, encountered this same selfishness and inordination. Every great leader is devoted to a remote goal, but his assistants are not all so far-sighted and unselfish. Even Jesus found His apostles wrangling over who should sit on His right hand in heaven. After three years with Christ, His apostles let themselves get into a kindergarten quarrel!

WHEN ONE BECOMES pessimistic over such pettiness, however, one must remember that those same apostles finally did mature emotionally. They became pre-eminent for their unselfishness, and died as martyrs. The Christian church is partly a memorial to their great devotion.

The greatest need of this age is to mature emotionally. How can we grow up? The formula was stated 1900 years ago in a mountain-side address, and psychologists haven't improved on it since:

"Therefore all things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them."

Tight-rope walkers cannot succeed if they focus their gaze on their feet. They must fixate a distant object. Social poise and emotional maturity are gained only when we lose ourselves in devotion to some worthy enterprise outside ourselves.

The Christian church has offered the best prophylaxis for unhappiness and neurotic conditions; for St. Paul's selfishness and St. Paul's personalities. But don't blame the church for kindergarten church members.

(Dr. Crane will give personal attention to questions on psychological problems. Write him, in care of this newspaper, enclosing a 3-cent stamped, addressed envelope for reply. Letters and readers' names never published.)

On Broadway -- By Walter Winchell

Portrait of a Man Playing the Typewriter.
BENAY VENUTA says that an understudy in "Kiss the Boys Good-bye" (at the Henry Miller Theater) painfully stubbed her toe on a piece of scenery--so an accident report had to be submitted. . . . The person who filled out the document inserted this under "Remarks":

"Do you want my remarks--or the girl's?"
Sophie Tucker is spreading the story about the chorus girl whose sales resistance was low. . . . The girl started out to wash her face and talked herself into a complete bath. . . . With the football season at hand, fathers of college boys begin to get their language course bills, to wit: "Latin \$30, Greek \$50, French \$80, Scotch \$100."

FLASH! George Jean Nathan finally liked an actor. . . . He saw him helping an old blind woman across the street. . . . Ben Grauer, the assistant editor of the *Lotions and Love Journal*, passes along this advice, which a professor gave his journalism class as an infallible guide for punctuation: When you can't hold your breath any longer, it's time for a comma; when the comma doesn't look right, make it a semi-colon; and when you've run out of ideas--start a new paragraph.

EVERYDAY CONVERSATION eavesdropped in a Broadway booking office. Actor: Anything today? . . . Bookie: I may be able to use you next week out of town. . . . A: Out of town? No, I have to stay around New York--where is it? . . . B: Pittsburgh. . . . A: Pittsburgh? No. How much? . . . B: A hundred and twenty-five bucks. . . . A: A hundred and twenty-five bucks in Pittsburgh for my act? I should say not! How many shows? . . . B: Three shows nightly--six days, no Sundays; \$125 salary and one-way fare; two weeks' contract with options--yes or no? . . . A: I dunno. I'll speak to my partner--maybe--hold it open for an hour. We have so many other offers. . . . B: Okay, one hour only. . . . (After two and a half hours elapse) . . . A: Okay, I guess my partner here and I will do you a favor and play that Pittsburgh date for you. . . . B: I'm sorry, I gave the job away an hour ago to another act. . . . A: I told you to hold it! (Aside to partner): Let's rush over to the Strand Building and grab that sixty-dollar job in the Bronx before that's gone. How do you like a feel like that?

MRS. ROOSEVELT IS the favorite customer at Milgrim's. All the salesladies and models are crazy about her democratic nature. She chats and gossips with them all as though she were one of their intimates. . . . Recently, they say, Mrs. President came in with F. D. R.'s mother. . . . As Eleanor tried on a becoming dress, her maw-in-law beamed and said: "Eleanor, that's just for you!" . . . Horace MacMahon, the actor, was invited to take a screen test the other day. The movie scout told him he wasn't sure how he'd screen. . . . Horace has made only 25 films in the past 18 months!

WELL, I'LL TELL YOU--By Bob Burns

HAVEN'T got anything against classical music but I believe its followers are divided into two classes--Those who really know and appreciate it and then there's that class of people who get so into ecstasy over it because they think it's the proper thing to do.

I know one woman who was just thrilled to death when she heard that she was livin' in the same apartment house as a noted concert violinist.

One day she heard his violin going and she rushed over and knocked on the door of his apartment and when he came to the door, she says, "I just wanted to find out the name of that wonderful theme you were playing. It has such freedom and wild abandon about it!" The violinist looked at her with a frown and says, "Madam, I was just putting a new E string on my violin!"

The Mistake of Expecting Too Much of Child

Many Parents Demand Unattainable Perfection From Youngsters.

By Angelo Patri

TO hear some grown up people talking to or about children, one would think they were perfect, one hundred per cent angels in whom there is no flaw, no earthly failing. Yet each of them, if accused, would at once deny any such feeling. "Of course, he's not perfect. Nobody is. Still and all, can't he do what is right?"

If he knew what was right, and if he had the ability to do it, he would need no hint, much less an order, to compel him to do it. Children and all other human beings want to do right, long to succeed, yearn to win praise and applause. When they fail they suffer, and it is the pain of failure that drives them to do strange and awful things at times. Any grown person understands this. And yet this grown person will hold up to a struggling child the lofty standard of unattainable perfection and make him feel himself a failure because he has not reached it.

Pride and affection cause this sort of mistake. The grown one wants the growing one to get the best possible out of life. Knowing that success is the nearest happiness a human being can achieve he will push the child to perfect success in all he undertakes.

Success like that is seldom achieved. The most we can expect is a noble effort and a partial success. That is about the best the best man can achieve.

A girl was found weeping in the darkest corner of the cloakroom. She had only 95 in Latin, and her father would be angry because it was not a hundred. Father never studied Latin in his life. A boy ran away at term end because he was not on the honor roll. The lowest rating for the honor roll was 90 and he had 89.3. All this boy's brothers had been honor students; he could not face them as a failure!

Another girl--this one a high school senior--wanted to go to a party and knew that if she asked permission it would be refused with disapprobation that would echo in the family for days, so she went without permission; and told a few lies about it. Her father and mother gravely considered sending her to a convent. They were dissuaded from that course by the head of the school, who told them that such an action would spread a report of evil out of all proportion to the truth.

These parents loved their children. They wanted mightily to have them shine in work and play and reputation. They held them to a standard of perfection impossible to reach and when that fact was proved by the failure of the children, they blamed the children.

A high standard is right. It is right to teach children to try for perfection. What is wrong about this whole matter is that fact of termination to set our dream standard of perfection as a goal for a child's efforts and to make any degree of failure to attain that standard a major offense against ourselves. It would be well for us all to remember that we are imperfect people dealing with imperfect people. A child is successful when he does the best he knows how. Praise him for that and he will know more for the next effort.

HARMONY AMONG the RACES

Avinere Toigo Strives for Better Understanding Between Foreign Groups in U. S.

By Clarissa Start

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT recently made the thought-provoking statement, "We are immigrants all." Adopting the President's phrase, a radio series originally entitled, "The American Panorama" but henceforth to be known as "Immigrants All" will make its debut on the air Nov. 14.

But under its new name or the old one, "Immigrants All" is still the special project and soon to be realized dream of Avinere Toigo, executive secretary of the Illinois Committee on Citizenship and Naturalization, who believes and has spent two years in trying to win others over to his belief that a radio series such as the proposed one is an excellent means of educating the foreign born of America, familiarizing them with others of alien birth, and, as he puts it, "breaking down the barriers that now exist between racial and national groups."

The radio program which Toigo hopes will in some measure effect a better understanding between foreign groups will consist of 26 sketches, each built around important episodes in the lives of outstanding Americans having a common national origin, or the contribution to American life of the race itself.

"American life is much like an Oriental rug," Toigo says, eagerly illustrating his plan. "The rug is made up of numerous colors in the one design. It would not be the same if any one of them were omitted. American life, likewise, is made up of representatives of all countries, each one of which contributes something. It, too, would not be the same if any one were omitted."

Toigo, himself, is of foreign-born parentage, his parents having come from the Venetian province of Italy. Aside from his evident Italian heritage, he looks, speaks, and acts like a successful young American business man, but he is still much in sympathy with those who are less Americanized than he. He remembers the prejudice and resentment his family experienced when they first moved from his birthplace, Pittsburgh, Pa., to Benid, Ill. The Toigos are now one of the "old families" of the community but when they first came there his father was unable to get work until he renounced his nationality and said instead that he was French.

He also remembers that he could not speak a word of English until he was 5 years old. In fact there is a farmer near Benid who still relates how little Avinere came to his farm one day to buy duck eggs, a quarter in his hand but no words in his mouth to make himself understood. After several futile attempts at interpretation, he took the easiest way. He said, "Quack, quack."

It was in Benid, a sort of miniature melting pot for a dozen or more nationalities, that he got his first experience in working with people of other countries. When he was 15 he went to work in the coal mines at night, attending high school during the day. In the mines he worked side by side with Germans, Mexicans, Slovaks, Scandinavians, Jews, Irishmen.

When he was 20 he went into business, the business being a hardware store in Benid, where he dealt with these same diversified races. In 1934 he first came to the Illinois Committee on Citizenship and Naturalization, inexperienced except for these local contacts. Rushing in where others feared to tread, it



AVINERE TOIGO, EXECUTIVE SECRETARY OF THE ILLINOIS COMMITTEE ON CITIZENSHIP AND NATURALIZATION.

must be confessed that his fresh and unique viewpoint startled the older, staid conservatives. He was told he was crazy to hope for harmony among the foreign elements of the country, that the best that could be done was to weed out all traces of foreign habit, that contributed to what social workers called the Foreign Problem. But Toigo believed the barriers that make members of one race distrustful, suspicious and prejudiced

against members of another race could be removed by education.

"Enlightenment drives prejudice to cover," he argued. "If a man of one race could hear of the achievements of other races in America, he would have more respect for them." It was this idea of a common wedge between all foreign peoples, the contribution of something to life in America, that inspired him.

There grew up the idea of the

TOMORROW'S HOROSCOPE

by WYNN

For Tuesday, Oct. 18.

STRONGLY emotional buzzes, without guarantees as to type; if tempted by the self-pity germ, stand off from yourself and get over it. Might not be the other fellow's fault. Afternoon low; morning and evening somewhat better.

War and Saturn.

Wars today are not by any means the exclusive misapplication of the energy we obtain through the solar ray as reflected from Mars. Wars are our mistakes in using the vibrations from Saturn as well. Saturn is the planet of testing. When it goes over the mid-heaven of a place or of a man, economic factors are tested. Saturn has been over Germany and England and France for the past year.

Your Year Ahead.

Your year ahead although more expensive if you are trying, still brings certain delays, accounting, from Feb. 20. Shoulder duties. Seek romance and the liking of others: train artistic side. Danger: Nov. 18-Jan. 16; April 27 on, 1939.

Wednesday.

Better than usual for all good purposes all day; lean against it.

Rules on Social Usage

By Emily Post

Dear Mrs. Post: I HAVE had an announcement of a business merger. The one partner is an old friend whom I haven't seen for years; the other man I've never heard of before. Is one expected to acknowledge such an announcement in any way, and if so, in what way?

Answer: No acknowledgment is necessary. Of course if you choose to write a note to the partner who is your old friend, wishing him success in his new business, that would be a proper, as well as a kind thing to do.

Dear Mrs. Post: Is it necessary that a kneeling cushion be provided for the bride and groom at a church wedding?

Answer: Usually there is a cushion in front of the communion rail, and if so, you use this. But if there is none, the sexton probably has an especial cushion for weddings, and if not, you either use a seat cushion from a remote pew, or take two ordinary pillows or cushions of your own, put them end to end, and baste a covering over them. Or else kneel on the wood or stone. (Whatever you do, don't kneel on flowers or green branches; the latter hurt, and both stain.)

Dear Mrs. Post: Is it wrong for unmarried people--that is, a man and a girl--to give each other gifts of clothing?

Answer: Actual clothing, yes, but accessories, no. "Accessories," by the way, might perhaps be a rather elastic term, since a girl might with perfect propriety knit a sweater or socks or embroider a petticoat slipper--if she does not mind letting everyone know that she likes that particular man enough to devote so many hours of her time to him. But it would not be considered proper or in good taste to give each other clothing of any other sort.

for CHAPPED SKIN

IT would be difficult to find any preparation more effective for chapped skin than Mentholum. Its ingredients are renowned for relieving minor irritations of the skin. Mentholum quickly soothes the pain and discomfort of chapping and promotes proper healing. So, whether you have chapped lips, chapped hands, or chapped ankles, remember to get quick relief by applying Mentholum.

MENTHULUM
Gives COMFORT Daily

radio program, and for two years Toigo visited, spoke with, and carried on correspondence with prominent persons, trying to interest them in his idea.

"From the beginning people have encouraged me," he says proudly. "Because of the nature of my project, the doors of even the highest were open to me. Gov. Horner, in particular, has helped me, and in fact it was he who first suggested that I contact a national network with my idea."

So Nov. 14 will see the first of the series of sketches, recognizing the American achievements of foreigners, and their descendants. It will be sponsored by the United States Office of Education, and the men whose lives will be dramatized include Anton Cermak, Thomas Nast, Samuel Gompers, Andrew Carnegie and Enrico Caruso. A musical score typical of each country represented will form the background.

In answer to a query on the future plans of this program, Toigo "spoke of expansion. There are six mediums influencing American life today," he said, "the newspaper, radio and motion pictures. Some day we hope to carry on our educational program through all three. But it must be education through indirection. No one wants to be told he is being educated to a different way of thinking."

"We also hope that the millions now in America who are themselves foreign born or the children of foreign-born persons will take greater pride in their people's achievements in this country and be stimulated to make greater contributions to the American ideal of life rather than clinging to old world loyalties."

"This series should bring about a new attitude on the part of all of us," he concluded. "It should speed the development of tolerance and good feeling in America. It should, in short, help us adopt a Good Neighbor policy in this country as well as in the outside world."

Doctor Doubts Statements on Nose Blowing

Challenges Contentions Wrong Method Can Cause Sinus Disease.

By Logan Clendening, M. D.

MY ESTEEMED colleagues in the New York State Department of Health have issued a statement concerning the scientific way of blowing the nose.

Since the time of year has come when we are keeping the nose in the land, it is my duty to examine this statement with the indulgence of my readers.

It is unscientific, according to the report, to grasp the nose at the nostril or open end, placing a handkerchief over these apertures and forcefully exhaling the breath. This causes many infectious secretions which may or may not be present to backfire into the sinuses and middle ear. It made a statement, according to report, sinus disease and middle-ear disease.

The correct method is described as follows:

"Place the handkerchief about one and one-half inches above the tip of the nose, holding the cloth immediately above the nasal bones, at all times keeping the nostrils open, and then blow."

Well, I put this down for purposes of information, but with all due respect to the high source of this advice, I refuse to accept it. I challenge anyone to produce one case of sinus disease that was caused by nose blowing. I mean I want proof; I don't just want a case of sinus disease in a person with a history of nose blowing.

And as an argument on the other side, I point to the fact that the portion of the population who are most free from sinus are the most robust trumpeters in the nose-blowing line. You take a stout old gentleman in a club, who has just liberally removed his pocket handkerchief and made a sound which is like the combination of a cavalry regiment going over a bridge and a rhinoceros calling its mate, and ask him about his sinus trouble. He will deny even knowing that he has any sinuses. And compare him to the poor, enervated, dripping, hawking sinus victim who hasn't even had the strength to blow his nose with any vigor!

No, leave us to the esthetic enjoyment of a good, resounding nose blow, and have no fear of the consequences.

QUESTIONS FROM READERS.

W. T. C.: "I am 67 years old. I have been told that I have a cataract and I have been using an eye water consisting of equal parts of white vitriol and salt."

Answer: Stop using the eye water and consult an oculist.

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WHAT BREAD DOES YOUR MRS. USE FOR SANDWICHES?

Taystee BREAD

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IF YOU My OP

By MARTHA

Dear Mrs. Carr: AM writing you for some help. Orphan and crippled children and give it to them for Christmas. I have wallpaper books and thought you

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sines or books. I would appreciate your

I feel very sure that you will have a quest. I know of no publishing company that help after reading your request. I have interest, however, were you to write or society for crippled children you could go to any individual cases you

Dear Mrs. Carr: WOULD YOU BE so kind as to help Gendron? He and his orchestra play

You can write Henri Gendron in Chicago.

Dear Martha Carr:

THE GREAT WRITERS' CLUB you have been in the creation and explanation of space for a short letter. They began coming in the ring at 8 o'clock in twos, threes and chairs from about all our neighbors' evening. Then someone with a quick and we rented chairs and made arrangements every two weeks.

The Great Club has amateurs, authors, producers and an editor of St. I. Outburst, which was also started by you one year ago. So, our first anniversary and we take this means of the show interested may inquire at the book shop at 3622 Olive, or call FRANK

Dear Mrs. Carr: WILL YOU PLEASE tell me what grows above my upper lip? I am a girl. If I let it go any longer, it will grow darker.

Removing superfluous hair is one of the things you can go to a professional. I believe this down which it probably now is. A proportion of half and half. Test this if it burns the skin too much; if so, use ammonia.

"It's Unreal"

THESE people who never quite seem to have all the money they're nicely dressed, friendly, easy to get along with, ready to do with any

ELsie ROBINSON.

WHY DOESN'T the world give them more money?

"But everybody's rich!"

No, stranger, you're wrong. Millions of people try to be rich. Millions of people express their desire, trying to "do the right thing" and hoping to get rich. They are full of hope and excitement alternate with despair and resentment. Constantly they say "If only I could be like other people. And in that effort to 'be like other people' they read the 'right' books even though they wear the 'right' clothes, or go to the 'right' places. Yet, it's all in vain. They create no impression, establish no

OTHER PEOPLE--homelier women who don't try half as hard--are liked, the "breaks," while they are lost in their seriousness. Why?

Because there's nothing to take away from them. Why do we like people? We like people who like or dislike people because they are times, because it flatters our conceit, and weary of people who try to be reflections of us and echo our notions. We want people who are not real aren't real qualities which we expect of our close friends. They are only echoes--and you can't

THE WORLD DESPises people who have had so little use for them as it is. They are great need of sincerity, originality.

Are you trying to find your place in the world? In spite of your tremendous effort, you are just one question--and try to find it?

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By
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W. T. C.: "I am 37 years old. I have been told that I have a cataract and I have been using an eye water consisting of equal parts of white vitriol and salt."

Answer: Stop using the eye water and consult an oculist.

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DOES YOUR MRS. SANDWICHES?

stee

HEAD

AIR CONDITIONED BAKING!

IF YOU ASK My OPINION

By MARTHA CARR

Dear Mrs. Carr: I AM writing you for some help. I am making a scrap-book for the orphans and crippled children and want to get started so that I may give it to them for Christmas. I should like very much to have some wallpaper books and thought you might know where these might be had when the stores are through with them. Or perhaps housewives, who have samples, might give them to us. Last year I used the samples which were given to me, but this year I don't seem to find any anywhere. I am also running low on magazines. Any kind that have pretty colored pictures and illustrations can be used.

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Maybe you know of a publishing company that would be willing to send me some of these old magazines or books. I would appreciate your help so much. L. M.

I feel very sure that you will have a generous response to this request. I know of no publishing company to ask, but they also may offer help after reading your request. I believe everyone would take more interest, however, were you to write in and say just what institution or society for crippled children you expect to help. Of course, they could go to any individual cases you happen to know about, too.

Dear Mrs. Carr: WOULD YOU BE so kind as to help me locate an old friend, Henri Gendron? He and his orchestra play on a radio broadcast.

A FRIEND.
You can write Henri Gendron in care of radio station WBBM in Chicago.

Dear Martha Carr: THE CREART WRITERS' CLUB wishes to thank you for the help you have been in the creation and expanding of this club. The last time you gave us space for a short letter the response was beyond all expectations. They began coming in the old book store on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in twos, threes and fours until we had borrowed chairs from about all our neighbors who were open at that time of evening. Then someone with a quick mind thought of the Union Hall and we rented chairs and made arrangements for these chairs from now on every two weeks.

The Creart Club has amateurs, authors of books, radio script writers, producers and an editor of St. Louis' only poetry magazine, The Outburst, which was also started by the author of the first letter written you one year ago. So, our first anniversary is being celebrated in a big way and we take this means of thanking you in behalf of our club. Those interested may inquire at the Outburst headquarters, the old book shop at 3822 Olive, or call Franklin 8833.

LEONA LLOYD, SECRETARY.

Dear Mrs. Carr: WILL YOU PLEASE tell me what to do to get rid of hair which grows above my upper lip? I am a girl in my twenties and am afraid if I let it go any longer, it will grow darker. KIDDED TOO MUCH.

Removing superfluous hair is one of the puzzles of the day. Unless you can go to a professional, I believe you would better blonde the hair down which it probably now is. Use peroxide and ammonia in the proportion of half and half. Test this by using just a tiny bit to see if it burns the skin too much; if so, use more peroxide and reduce the ammonia.

"It's Unreal" -- By Elsie Robinson

THESE people who never quite "click"—what's the matter with them? Seemingly they have all the makings of popularity and success. They're nicely dressed, friendly, easy on the eye, eager to help. They're ready to do anything, go anywhere, agree with any wish or opinion you may express.

And yet—they're always left out of the lists! People like them for a little while, then forget them. Somebody else gets the chance, the invitation or the friendship on which they've set their hearts. Why? They themselves can give you a dozen reasons. They have "no luck." Other people are "jealous of them," "do them dirt." They're sensitive, timid, self-conscious. They "can't push themselves forward the way coarser people can."

Endless reasons. A little truth in all of them, perhaps. Yet—the main reason for their failure is something entirely different.

WHY DOESN'T the world give these people a real break? Because they're not real people.

"But everybody's real!" No, stranger, you're wrong. Millions of people aren't real—never even try to be real. Millions of people spend their lives trying to be the somebody else, trying to "do the proper thing," whether it suits or expresses them or not. Such people live in a strange dream, in which heart hope and excitement alternate with long spells of fear, discouragement and resentment. Constantly they whisper to themselves:

"If only I could be like other people." And in that effort to "be like other people" they toil tirelessly. They read the "right" books even though they can't understand them. They wear the "right" clothes, or go to the "right" places, even though they don't like them. Yet, it's all in vain! In spite of all their efforts, they create no impression, establish no power.

OTHER PEOPLE—homelier women, more stupid men—"people who don't try half as hard"—are liked, loved, quoted, respected—given the "breaks," while they are lost in the shuffle. "Nobody ever takes them seriously." Why?

Because there's nothing to take seriously. Why do we like people? We like people because of what they are. We like or dislike people because they are themselves. We may sometimes, because it flatters our conceit, encourage yes-men. But we soon weary of people who try to be reflections of ourselves, who ape our manner and echo our notions. We want people to be real.

For people who aren't real aren't really people! They fall in all the qualities which we expect of our close friends or helpers. They're not really as amusing as a good phonograph record, or as reliable as a robot. They are only echoes—and you can never count on an echo.

THE WORLD DESPISES people who aren't real. And never has it had so little use for them as it has now, for never has there been as great need of sincerity, originality, initiative—self-starting personality.

Are you trying to find your place in the world? Are you failing to click, in spite of your tremendous effort to please everybody? Then ask yourself just one question—and try to answer it honestly: How real am I?

ELsie ROBINSON.

ELsie ROBINSON.

ELsie ROBINSON.

WOMEN as Investors

They Usually Become Victims of Cinderella Complex, Mentally Picturing Themselves in Rags One Moment and Gaily Dancing at Ball the Next.

By RUTH MacKAY

This is the second of a series of articles by Ruth Mackay on the subject of "Money Without Men."

WE might as well face it! When women, most women, think of money in any sizable amount they fall victim to the Cinderella complex. Somehow, we draw a mental picture of ourselves sitting drearily in rags and tatters, stirring the ashes of the fire, and the next moment dancing gaily at the ball. And all because of the magical wand of the stock market.

Would that it were so! It has taken a lot of disillusionment to prove to many people (not just women, either) that there is no fairy tale written between the lines of the market quotations and that investing isn't a mystical word to conjure up a palace and a gilded coach.

For investing can signify various uses of money. What investing really means is to take some of your income and turn it into capital so that it furnishes you with more income, at the same time preserving your capital. Or to put it another way—by investing, income becomes capital, which in turn produces additional income. Or to say it still another way—when you invest money you put it to work to earn more money.

This can be accomplished by different means. What investing means is to take some of your income and turn it into capital so that it furnishes you with more income, at the same time preserving your capital. Or to put it another way—by investing, income becomes capital, which in turn produces additional income. Or to say it still another way—when you invest money you put it to work to earn more money.

THEN you go around the corner to another store, since, after all, you are making an expenditure that is going to leave a dent in your budget and you want some comparison of value. You look at something of the same type, try on one or two and go to lunch.

After lunch you call home to see if the baby ate his vegetables and is taking his nap and you decide to shop a while longer. All at once you are assailed with qualms. Perhaps you are paying too much. Maybe you could get something just as good for much less. Maybe you shouldn't buy a wool dress anyway, but a suit that will wear longer, coat, which is certainly on its last legs. So then you really do shop. You look and look and look and you try to find a bargain, and at last go home dead tired, convinced that you are on the verge of being in the nude.

The next morning you think it all over sensibly, very likely go back to see the dress you liked best, and decide it fills the bill. But you are glad, nevertheless, that you were able to get it so cheaply because now you have some comparison and some basis for your judgment, and when your husband tells you that you are a smart little woman, you are inclined to agree with him.

Grayed and old is a lot of rigmarole to go through all this, and it is, at least, outlines, step by step, the process of thoughtful buying, and investment buying, as we said before, is similar to any other.

Isn't a dress now that you are going to buy but an investment. I might buy a little coat with myself something like this:

"I have this amount of money that I can spare over and above my expenses. All my outstanding bills are paid. I have enough money in my savings account. And I have enough insurance. The mortgage on the house is paid off, or at least nearly paid off. I have more than one third of my holdings in my house, and another third in bonds and preferred stocks. I must decide what, among the investments I might buy, would best fit into my investment program. (Just as you fitted your new dress into your wardrobe.)

"I don't want too short a term investment, no bonds that are likely to be called within a few years (by 'called' we mean when a company pays back your original investment). Rather I'd prefer something that would take care of this money, if possible, until the children need more for their education. But—I must watch that it is marketable without serious loss at any time, lest I have some unforeseen expense that must be met." (You are fitting the investment to your own particular needs.) "I'm a conservative person. I'm not interested in anything having too sudden a spurt of popularity. I want a durable, suitable investment, one keeping with present economic



trends. I must know whether there is an inflationary or deflationary tendency, so I can decide whether to buy an investment with a fixed rate of interest. If there is an inflationary tendency (when prices fall) then I'll be paid in dollars a big slice of my investment carved away, apply the same exacting standard to anyone who is going to act in the capacity of advisor to you on investing. You can't be too discriminating! Otherwise you'll be a very, very sorry lady.

1. GOVERNMENT bonds (of larger amount than small savings bonds). The interest is approximately 3 per cent, they are guaranteed by the United States Government and as a rule can be turned into cash almost instantly.

2. Municipal bonds, low yield, and tax-exempt but not to be bought with eyes shut for fear of default. (Municipalities have a way of doing that, though bonds of some of the New England towns offer the highest possible reliability. State bonds are also low yield and tax-exempt.)

3. Utility bonds, like telephone, electricity, or gas company bonds. (The operating companies usually represent better investments than the holding companies.)

4. Railroad bonds, in which the underlying or equipment trust bonds are considered better than general mortgage bonds.

5. Industrial bonds. (The first mortgage bonds are preferable.)

6. Preferred stocks and common stocks in utilities, railroads or industrials.

If you find these classifications a little bewildering, here is a simple explanation of the difference between stocks and bonds:

When you buy a bond, you loan your money. It is no different than it would be if an old schoolmate of yours came to you and said, "I'm thinking of starting a bookstore. Will you loan me \$1000? I'll pay you back five years from now, and pay you 4 1/2 per cent interest annually in the meantime. I'm going to fix the shop up to look modern and attractive, and if by any unlikely chance my business should fail before the time is up on your loan, I'll sell the furnishings and equipment and pay back your principal. The only stipulation is that I'd have to know that you are going to leave the \$1000 with me for the full five years, and if you didn't want to, that you would get someone else to take over your loan so that I'd still have the \$1000 for capital."

That would be about the same as buying a bond. Bonds bear a fixed rate of interest, a date of maturity (a date when the principal is paid back) and are secured by a claim, or a lien, on the assets of the company. They represent a loan. The interest is paid semi-annually. Attached to your bond are coupons with the date and the amount payable. When the interest is due, you must cut off the coupon which you can deposit to your bank account or cash some place where you are known. If it's a 4 1/2 per cent bond you receive on a \$1000 investment two payments of \$22.50 each, or \$45 for the entire year.

If instead of soliciting a loan your friend said to you, "Would you like to put \$1000 into my bookstore? I have it all down on paper and I estimate that we'll make about 8 per cent on the money we invest. I'll share the profits with you but, of course, you have to share the losses on your money—just buy at the full extent of your \$1000. How much your \$1000 earns will depend wholly on how well the business grows. Any loss beyond your original investment, you don't have to stand if there should be any, up to the full extent of your \$1000. How much your \$1000 earns will depend wholly on how well the business grows. Any loss beyond your original investment, you don't have to stand if there should be any, up to the full extent of your \$1000. How much your \$1000 earns will depend wholly on how well the business grows. Any loss beyond your original investment, you don't have to stand if there should be any, up to the full extent of your \$1000.

operating table and let some surgeon (that a friend of a friend of a friend of yours happens to know), rearrange your interior. You find out something about the man himself, his connections, his record and his background. Unless you want a big slice of your livelihood carved away, apply the same exacting standard to anyone who is going to act in the capacity of advisor to you on investing. You can't be too discriminating! Otherwise you'll be a very, very sorry lady.

These are the essential differences between stocks and bonds. Partaking of a little of the nature of both is preferred stock, which carries a fixed rate of interest (or dividend) but which is not secured by a lien on the assets of the company as bonds are. However, the company is obligated to pay preferred stock dividends before it pays the owners of common stock. And some preferred stock is cumulative; that is, if a dividend is passed (or not paid) then it has to be made up when the company is in a position to resume payments.

All this refers to investors and not to speculators and here we want to make a sharp division. When you invest you are concerned with income and safety of principal. When you speculate you are concerned with the rise and fall of the market because you are buying and selling so as to profit from these changes. That's a profession and a mighty dangerous one for the novice. Maybe we just happen to know the wrong people but off-hand we can't think of one woman who is in a position to do this. Keep your mind on safety and income (that's a small problem in itself) and leave guessing the market to the ones who make a regular business of it.

AND now, as woman to woman, a few don'ts:

Don't try to get tips. Nobody outside of your family has any reason to let you in on the ground floor. Business is competitive and don't believe somebody is going to give you something for nothing, if only a hot tip. They're not.

Don't take a flyer unless you have all of the major necessities and comforts provided for, and all possible contingencies taken care of and can well afford to lose. And don't even then.

Don't buy something and then put it out of your mind. As one friend of ours remarked, "They used to say, 'buy a good bond, tuck it away in your safety box and forget about it,' but now if you do that, you might as well just forget about it." You have to keep your eye on the basket whether you've got one egg in it or a dozen, which someone complained to Billy Sunday that conversion was not permanent he answered that neither was a bath. You have to keep at it! Purity or security—it makes no difference.

Don't expect too much. You can't get three-layer cake with cream filling and keep your figure. You can't get maximum safety, maximum market-ability (so you can turn it into cash in a jiffy) and at the same time get the maximum interest on your money—just buy at the minimum price. Generally speaking, the greater the risk the greater the return on the investment. And price, remember, is the result of the conflicting opinions of thousands of people. Anyway, try to keep your holdings well balanced as to safety, yield and marketability, but don't try to get all three in one investment.

The third article of this series will appear Thursday.

Facts About Self-Rating Bridge Test

First Questions in Second Annual Examination Will Appear Tomorrow.

By Ely Culbertson

THE second annual self-rating bridge examination is about to start! Thousands of readers who "took" the exam last year now will have the chance to gauge their improvement, and many new thousands will, I hope, grasp this opportunity to find just where they stand as bridge players.

Beginning tomorrow, one or two questions will appear each week. They will be no going tricky, or complicated about these questions. They simply will be designed to test knowledge. When you have made your decision as to the correct bid or correct play in each given situation, write it down and hold it. The question will be re-stated and answered in this column exactly one week from the day it is propounded. Along with the answer, I will state the number of demerits that should be deducted from the original par of 1000 points, if you have answered incorrectly.

Let me explain further: Every time you give the wrong answer you must deduct the number of points from your running total. Thus, starting with 1000 points, if you go wrong the first week on questions that carry 6, 8, and 15 demerit points, your total, starting the second week, will be 1000 minus 30 equals 970 points. But here is a ray of sunshine: Some of the difficult questions will carry no demerits, but will provide credit points for correct answers, these points being figured by me. I will gladly render this service free of charge to any reader. Last year I not only rated about 1500 sets of answers that were mailed in, but sent certificates of merit to all examinees who attained the rank of master, expert, or post-graduate.

This year it will be easier for readers to mail me their answers, because they will have to do so only once a week. If you decide to take advantage of this feature, hold each week's answers to the Saturday or Sunday at the week's end. Then put them in one envelope (being sure to mark each answer according to the question number) and mail them to Ely Culbertson, care of this newspaper. Be sure, however, that you post each week's envelope before 5 p. m. on Sunday. It is my hope that at least 2000 examinees will earn certificates.

Please note that no entry fee, no expense of any kind is incurred by readers who wish to take this examination.

TODAY'S HAND.
South dealer.
North-South vulnerable.

♠ Q 7 5
♥ A 10 8 3
♦ J 10 9
♣ J 9

♠ A 8 4
♥ 6 5 2
♦ K Q 7 5
♣ A 7 6 5

The bidding:
South West North East
1 club Pass 2 hearts Pass
2 spades Pass 3 hearts Pass

South, holding a powerful and flexible 5-4-4 distribution, opened the bidding despite the fact that he held a bare two and one-half honor tricks. But, more important, as will be seen, was his choice of suits. The Culbertson system, taking cognizance of all the times when the partner of an opening bidder will be forced to guess, is very much against bidding a suit which contains no honor. In this case, if South were to bid one diamond the whole development and control of the defense would be lost.

After the club bid, South won the opening club lead with the king, continued with the ace, and gave North a ruff of a third club. Now a spade return, indicated by South's playing the 10 rather than the deuce of clubs for the third trick (by the rule of suit preference) completed West's undoing. He had to lose a spade trick and went down one. With a diamond opening lead, five-odd would have been a laydown.

South dealer.

Let me explain further: Every time you give the wrong answer you must deduct the number of points from your running total. Thus, starting with 1000 points, if you go wrong the first week on questions that carry 6, 8, and 15 demerit points, your total, starting the second week, will be 1000 minus 30 equals 970 points. But here is a ray of sunshine: Some of the difficult questions will carry no demerits, but will provide credit points for correct answers, these points being figured by me. I will gladly render this service free of charge to any reader. Last year I not only rated about 1500 sets of answers that were mailed in, but sent certificates of merit to all examinees who attained the rank of master, expert, or post-graduate.

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COOK COOS

By Ted Cook

Economists are making a study of the number of man hours devoted in America to cutting and sprinkling lawns—a loss which may be largely eliminated by sowing covers that never grow higher than two inches, such as thyme, yarrow and Matricaria. Tchotchke, Inc., is now studying the time that will be lost by people trying to pronounce that last name.

Cutting and sprinkling lawns, it is estimated, rob husbands and sons of valuable time that might be devoted to other activities.

Such as going to the corner drug store to study engineering with the nickel-in-the-slot claw derick.

In the long run it may prove more economical to wear out a young son with a lawn mower, instead of letting him wear out tires on the family car.

THE LADY SMILES.
A hundred years from now, my sweet, I'll snuggle in my winding-sheet.

And never stir to smell the rose
Whose rootlets interlace my toes.
Nor brush aside the worm in fear
That nibbles coyly at my ear.

And oh, some other maid will tread
A sod grown greener since I'm dead;
She'll listen for a false love's cry,
And wish to heaven she were I.

I who shall lie and smile, my sweet,
And snuggle in my winding-sheet!
—Ethel Jacobson.

Accounting for my summer
Is better left unsaid.
My looks and books don't balance
For they both are in the red.
—Helen Christensen.

Wives who throw dramatic rages
Must be reproached by easy stages.
We now return you to your local station.

I feel run down, nervous, tired—
So pay no attention to me if I nag.
FAMOUS LAST WORDS.
I didn't say it wasn't an attractive hat—in fact, I said it could not help but attract a lot of attention.

The Wardrobe Trunk.
Cover the coat hangers in the wardrobe trunk with a piece of tissue paper to prevent creases in the garments hanging on them.

Don't use too many hangers in the wardrobe trunk. Better results will be obtained by draping several garments over the same hanger.

Don't try to economize on tissue paper when packing the trunk. These little puffings here and there of paper prevent many and many a wrinkle.

Arrange the coats and dresses in the trunk so that all the weight does not fall in the same place. Try to distribute the heavier things evenly.

Don't try to include all your traveling purchases in the trunk on your return trip. If it was full on starting, your common sense will tell you it cannot be done successfully. Purchase an inexpensive bag for these extra purchases.

PAGE 4D

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

DAILY MAGAZINE

THAT BOYCE GIRL - - - A Romantic Serial - - - By R. H. DAVIS

In the Concluding Chapter, Boyce Forces Gary to Return Jeff's Papers—the Latter and Sally Plan Their Marriage.

CHAPTER THIRTY-SIX

WHEN Sally and Jeff entered Carruth Wade's outer office, Mr. Wade rose from his chair and came to meet them, putting a finger to his lips.

"This is a surprise party for Gary Neylands," he whispered grimly, and glanced at Wade's secretary. "May we go in now?"

The woman nodded silently, and Sally felt numb with relief as she followed her father and Jeff. She had been so sure that her father had carried out his threat, that he had killed Gary.

When the three of them entered Wade's private office, Sally didn't at first recognize the man seated near Wade's desk. A bandage covered his nose, his eyes were puffed and discolored, his lips swollen.

"Sally!" he exclaimed, and his voice identified him as Gary Neylands. His puzzled eyes left her, went to Carruth Wade. "You invited me here to discuss a loan, Mr. Wade. Why are these people here?"

"I had about decided to grant the loan," Carruth Wade said gravely. "But Sylvester Boyce has made certain charges against your character, and we must clear that up first."

Gary Neylands shot a contemptuous glance at Mr. Boyce, then he rose to his feet and nodded coldly to Wade.

"I'll come back some other time," he said.

Jeff Rainey stood in front of the door leading to the outer office. His eyes moved critically over Gary's face.

"It seems to me that I fell down on the job yesterday," he said regretfully. "But I can make further changes in your face today."

Gary sank into his chair again, scowling. "This is an outrage!" "Isn't it?" Jeff agreed calmly.

Gary's angry glance went from Jeff to Sylvester Boyce. "Well, what do you want? I'm very busy today. I suppose Sally has told you that we are to be married this afternoon?"

Sally looked at Jeff and saw his eyes widen, saw the muscles of his neck go rigid. His glance swung to her, and his eyes were like blue ice.

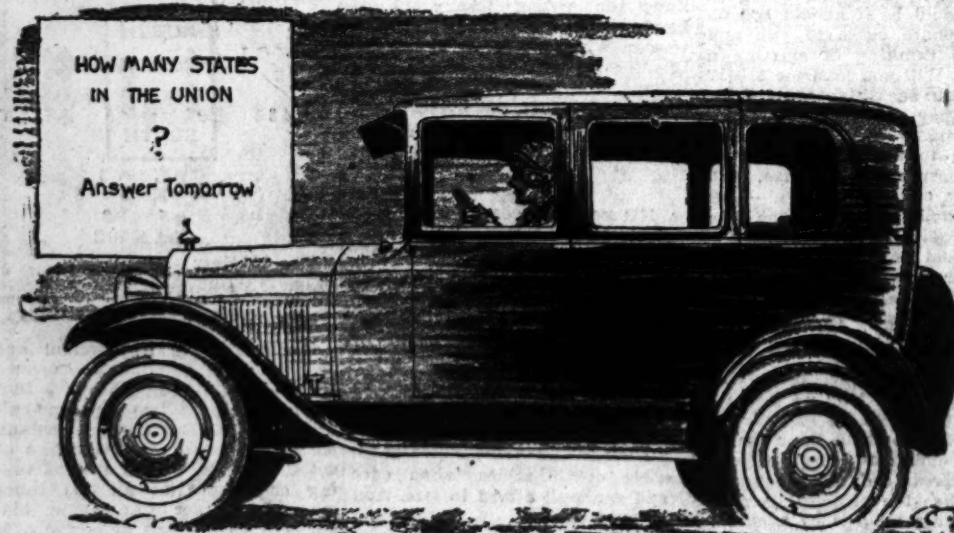
"So that's how you persuaded him to return my idea!" "Yes," Sally said in a smothered voice, and saw a furious color touch his lean cheeks as he looked at Gary.

"Did you think I would allow you to marry Sally, you fool!" Jeff whipped out.

"Sally has agreed to marry me, and I shall hold her to it," Gary said.

A New Romantic Serial

"The Ring Cost a Dime," a New Romantic Serial Story by Rob Eden, Starts in the Daily Magazine Section of the Post-Dispatch Next Monday, Oct. 24.



MRS. IRA A. WINSOR - Oakland Beach, R.I.
HAS DRIVEN THE SAME AUTOMOBILE OVER 140,000 MILES WITHOUT A SINGLE ACCIDENT



MRS. ALLEN MACRUM
Parkdale, Oregon
HAS EATEN OFF THE SAME PLATE FOR 52 YEARS.



THE EAGLE-NEST DWELLERS
ALONG THE WALLS OF THE GERANGER FORD
NORWAY - TETHER THEIR CHILDREN TO KEEP THEM FROM FALLING OFF THE FARMS.

ALL ITEMS SELF-EXPLANATORY

uneasily. "I told him to stay here." "She didn't say," Sally replied. "She?" Gary repeated, puzzled. "Louise Ives. They went away together last night. Louise said that they were going far away and that nobody would know their destination."

"Looks like you've lost your best witness, Gary," Wade observed. Gary shrugged, smiling. "I still have my sworn statement, proving that the idea belongs to me. My lawyer tells me that my position is impregnable." His cold eyes fell on Jeff. "My lawyer tells me that you will pay heavily for what you did to me."

Jeff smiled contentedly. "It was worth it."

Sally sighed wearily. This talk was getting them nowhere. Gary Neylands was still master of the situation.

Mr. Boyce spoke again: "It seems that I am going to be forced to tell the truth."

Carruth Wade asked, "What is the truth, Sylvester?"

Sally looked at her father, but his eyes avoided her. She saw his thin shoulders straighten.

"I want to make a full confession," he said quietly. "Go right ahead," Carruth Wade urged cheerfully.

Mr. Boyce said firmly. "Gary Neylands, Walter Norris and myself conspired together to steal Jeff Rainey's idea!"

Sally stared at him with wide eyes, too choked to protest. "It's a lie!" Gary Neylands snarled.

Mr. Boyce looked at him blandly. "I would never have betrayed you, Gary, if you hadn't tried to marry Sally."

Gary was on his feet, glaring at the older man. "You must be insane! I don't know what you are talking about."

Mr. Boyce met his gaze squarely. "Of course you remember how you and I and Walter planned to swindle Jeff?"

Sally felt sick and faint. Her father's plan was clear to her. He intended to sacrifice himself to save her and Jeff.

GARY turned a red face to Carruth Wade. "It isn't true, Mr. Wade. I swear that it isn't true."

Wade frowned thoughtfully. "If Sylvester makes this confession in public, it will look bad for you, Gary."

"I'll make it in court," Mr. Boyce said determinedly. "It's preposterous!" Gary cried. "No court will believe it."

Mr. Boyce's eyes sparkled sardoniously. "Most of Avondale already believes that I am dishonest. They'll believe it when I admit to further dishonesty."

"You will ruin yourself," Gary said desperately. "It's ruined already," Mr. Boyce said quietly.

Carruth Wade cleared his throat. "It looks pretty bad for you, Gary. If Sylvester does swear to this in court, you won't have a leg to stand on."

Gary's incredulous eyes were fixed on Mr. Boyce. "You'd ruin yourself, just to ruin me?" Mr. Boyce shrugged. "I have told the truth."

Sally watched Gary as he snatched up a telephone from the desk and called his office. She heard him instruct his secretary to get the Walter Norris papers and send them immediately to Jeff Rainey at the Ulmer Motor Sales Co. He set the phone down with a clatter.

Mr. Boyce said quietly, "You will also agree not to press charges against Jeff for the deserved licking he gave you yesterday."

Gary hesitated for a moment, while his scowling eyes moved over all of them; then he strode to the door.

"You win," he snarled, and the door banged shut behind him. Sally didn't believe it. Her eyes and ears had played a trick on her. Gary Neylands hadn't left here defeated; he hadn't admitted it in so many words. Miracles didn't happen nowadays.

Jeff Rainey chuckled. "I have a confession to make too," he said, and when their eyes turned to him. "I made a model of that idea the same day I thought of it. One of the mechanics at Ulmer's helped me make it. I've been using it on my car and a dozen people have seen it, which would make it impossible for anyone else to patent it."

Sally's feeling of numbness gave way to anger. Jeff might have spared her father this humiliation—Her anger died. Jeff hadn't known what they were doing. "You—you might have said so," she stammered.

Jeff grinned at her. "If I had, I wouldn't have had an excuse to wallop Gary." His face became grave. "I had another reason. I wanted your father to discover that he is in fighting shape again." He turned admiring eyes to Mr. Boyce. "You have proved that you are a fighter—and a darned good actor."

Mr. Boyce's jaw dropped. "Didn't you believe my confession?" "Don't be an idiot," Jeff said gently.

"This leaves me with a large amount of idle capital on hand," Carruth Wade complained. "The money I was planning to lend to Gary." He looked at Mr. Boyce, his eyes twinkling. "Would you mind telling me about this scheme of yours and Jeff?"

Mr. Boyce swallowed. "Didn't you believe me, Carruth?" "Didn't you hear Jeff tell you

TODAY'S PATTERN



Tailored Dress

THE tailored dress "comes into its own" with this dashing Anne Adams style. Pattern 4958 has new feminine "softness" with gathers from the chic little yokes and the youthfully high waistline. Why not run up one frock with the crisp high-tying neckline, and another with a standup collar that's equally becoming? The making's simple in both short and long-sleeved versions, with a helpful sewing "instruction" pointing out just what to do!

Note that the skirt has the prettiest "swing," achieved ever so easily by slimming panels both back and front. Add a contrasting girdle for extra style interest—in a new shape that is especially smart and flattering!

Pattern 4958 is available in misses' and women's sizes 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30 and 32. Size 16 takes 2½ yards 54-inch fabric.

Send FIFTEEN CENTS (15c) in coin for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly SIZE, NAME, ADDRESS and STYLE NUMBER.

Send for YOUR copy of ANNE ADAMS' WINTER PATTERN BOOK—and pick the style "finds" of the season for your new wardrobe! See the smartest of clothes easily stitched from the simplest of patterns! Fashions for indoors and out! Dresses, suits, coats and accessories! Everything from alluring party wear to sports togs and at-home frocks! Stenderizing modes for the matron! Kiddies' outfits too! Lovely lingerie! Gifts for everyone from Dad to the Baby! Write today! BOOK FIFTEEN CENTS. PATTERN FIFTEEN CENTS. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS FOR BOTH WHEN ORDERED TOGETHER.

Send your order to St. Louis Post-Dispatch Pattern Department, 243 W. Seventeenth street, New York, N. Y.

Italian Salad

Put two green peppers into thin strips and saute in olive oil until tender. Cool and mix in a chilled bowl with one peeled and thinly sliced cucumber, two peeled and sliced tomatoes, one finely minced onion, one-half cup shredded cooked string beans, a "suspension" of garlic. Add one cup of French dressing made with red wine vinegar and place in refrigerator, well covered, until chilled. Serve on crisp lettuce. May be used as an appetizer to the spaghetti dinner if desired.

Apples covered with sugar coating and placed on sticks may be stuck into a huge pumpkin and prove an edible decoration for the Halloween party.

Reduce

Your hips, arms, legs or whole body.

POPULAR PRICES NO SPECIAL FOODS TO BUY

We have reduced over 40,000 women!

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Special Evening Courses for Business Women Every Evening

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CHIPSO'S SHAMPOO ACTION SAVES YOU WASHDAY DRUGGERY!

JUST pour some Chipso into hot water in your tub or machine—and then take it easy! A few quick swishes—a rub or two between the fingers for the extra dirty spots—and in less than fifteen minutes your wash is ready for rinsing and the line. No hard scrubbing or boiling, no "second wash" necessary. Notice how white your clothes are—how they are cleaned white, not bleached white. Notice, too, how bright washable colors become again!

How your hands remain soft and lovely as before. Try Chipso—speedy, thorough, safe, sure, with loads of suds—a thrifty buy at today's prices. Buy the big, economical size box of Chipso today!



Toasted Muffins Supreme
Four English muffins.
Four slices tomatoes.
Four slices cheese.
One tablespoon catsup.
One-fourth teaspoon chopped onions.
One-fourth teaspoon chopped parsley.
One-eighth teaspoon salt.
Split and butter muffins. Add tomato slices as fillings. Place filled muffins on flat pan and top with rest of ingredients. Broil or bake for 10 minutes in a moderate oven. Serve immediately.

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WHY haven't you been in for my FREE examination?
I actually do get unusual results with the worst cases of DANDRUFF and all SCALP diseases.
Please visit NOW for effective results.

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A. G. CLINE
SCALP SPECIALIST
3143A SOUTH GRAND

Quick Relief for DEEP RASPY COUGHS (DUE TO COLDS)

If that cold has caused throat or bronchial irritation, put a small lump of Vicks VapoRub on your tongue and let it melt. Feel the comforting relief—where VapoRub's medication is slowly trickles down your throat—bringing comforting relief—where you want it—when you want it. Just melt a spoonful of VapoRub in a bowl of boiling water. Then breathe in the steaming medicated vapors for a few minutes. As these vapors work their way down through the irritated air-passages, they loosen the phlegm and ease the cough. The relief that VapoRub brings will delight you.

VICKS VAPORUB

Green Tag Specials

CLAYTON Randolph 8191 HI-POINTE CAbany 5420 WEBSTER Webster 170
APPETIZING, NUTRITIOUS, ECONOMICAL
THIS DESCRIBES OUR HIGH-QUALITY BEEF!
WE CAN BRAG TOO MUCH ABOUT THE FLAVOR AND TENDERNESS OF THIS FINE BEEF—YOU'LL BE PLEASED.
SIRLOIN OR TENDERLOIN STEAKS 42c
These Fine Cuts Are So Savory and Juicy

Green Tag SPECIAL
TENDER, JUICY Round Steaks From Our Fine Beef There is a 39c Difference
FRESH Mushrooms Lb. 28c With the Steak, of Course
TOPMOST Bean Pot Beans 2 lbs. 49c Ready to Heat and Serve
DROSTES Choc. Pudding Pkg. 10c Really, So Superior

Green Tag SPECIAL
SOLID, LEAN Beef for Stew So Hearty and Good For Lunch Lb. 33c Today
COCONUT Sponge Drops 6 for 23c So Tasty With Our Ice Cream
TALLY-HO Marshmallows Lb. 16c So Fresh and Good
BLACK KNIGHT Asparagus Cuts 2 Lb. 37c Center Cut, Green

Green Tag SPECIAL
EXTRA FANCY Jonathan Apples Selected Western Crop The Best 4 Lb. 29c For Eating
FRESH GROUND Ham and Pork Lb. 34c For Delicious Meat Loaf
CALIFORNIA Carrots 2 Large 13c Tender, Sweet and Crisp
FRESH Green Spinach Lb. 5c Crisp, Tender Crop

Green Tag SPECIAL
OUR RICHER VANILLA ICE CREAM Flat Quart 35c
HOME-MADE Pan Rolls 14 in. White or Whole Wheat
PECAN NUT Coffee Cake Lb. 22c Rich in Goodness
STRAUB'S White Bread 2 Loaves 17c Sliced or Whole, Large Size

Green Tag SPECIAL
DOLE'S Pineapple Juice Dozen Cans, \$1.49 Case of 2 No. 2 25c
RICHELIEU Sauerkraut 3 Lb. Cans Silver Threads, Doz. \$1.50
VERY SPECIAL Swans Down Cake Flour Pkg. 23c

Green Tag SPECIAL
LARGE SIZE Chipso Flakes With Hot Fats Color 3 Pkg. 63c

Green Tag SPECIAL
SPECIAL EVENING COURSES FOR BUSINESS WOMEN EVERY EVENING

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It may be a message from someone who has a want you can fill—or an opportunity leading to greater success and more happiness. Use Post-Dispatch Want Ads for results. Call MAin 1-1-1 for an Adtaker

RADIO MONDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1938

RADIO PRO

Informative Talks

Radio Concerts

Drama and Sketches

Dance Music Tonight

Radio Concerts

Drama and Sketches

Dance Music Tonight

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WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

Taq Specials

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BEEF—YOU'LL BE PLEASED.

JOIN STEAKS 42c
every and Juicy

Green Tag SPECIAL
SOLID, LEAN
Beef for Stew
For Lunch Lb. 33c
Today

COCONUT
Sponge Drops 6 for 23c
So Tasty With Our Ice Cream

TALLY-HO!
Marshmallows Lb. 16c
So Fresh and Good.

BLACK KNIGHT
Asparagus Cuts 2 for 37c
Center Cut, Green

Green Tag SPECIAL
OUR RICH
VANILLA
ICE CREAM
Pint Quart 35c
23c

HOME-MADE
Pan Rolls 14 in 12c
White or Whole Wheat

PECAN NUT
Coffee Cake Lb. 22c
Rich in Goodness

STRAUB'S
White Bread 2 Loaves 17c
Sliced or Whole, Large Size

Green Tag SPECIAL
LARGE SIZE
Chipso Flakes
Will Not Fade Color
3 Pkg. 63c

VERY SPECIAL
Swans Down Pkg. 23c
Cake Flour

elect Foods

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RADIO
MONDAY,
OCTOBER 17, 1938

RADIO PROGRAMS FOR TODAY

Informative Talks

8:15 AM—EDWIN C. HILL: HUMAN SIDE OF THE NEWS.
8:30 AM—Address by Herbert Hoover.
9:30 AM—WIT: "Homes of the Free," Senator Robert F. Wagner.

Radio Concerts

7:00 AM—GARDEN MELODIES: MARGARET SPEARS, SOPRANO, and ARTHUR WALKER, ALTO.
8:00 AM—MARGARET SPEARS, SOPRANO, and ARTHUR WALKER, ALTO.

Drama and Sketches

8:30 AM—Don Winslow in the Navy.
8:45 AM—DICK TRACY.
9:00 AM—DICK TRACY.
9:15 AM—DICK TRACY.

Dance Music Tonight

8:00 AM—Richard Himber.
8:15 AM—PHIL SPITALNY'S ALL-GIRL ORCHESTRA.
8:30 AM—EDDY DUCHIN.

ON SHORT WAVES

PROGRAMS listed for today on short-wave stations include:
5:00 p. m.—Light Chamber Music, DJD, Berlin, 11.77 meg.
6:30 p. m.—Italy, Land of Song: Naples and Rome, 2RO, Rome, 12.81 meg.; ITR, 8.88 meg.

ON KSD

News Broadcasts—8, 11 a. m., 12 noon and 5 p. m.
Markets—12:10 p. m.
Weather Reports—8:30 a. m. and 9:50 p. m.
Time Signal—11 a. m. and intervals throughout the day.

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Sunflower Street

By Tom Little and Tom Sims



SUSIE HAS A STRING ON HER FINGER

I TIED IT ON DERE MYSELF, DIS MORNIN' TO REMIND ME NOT TO FORGET SUMPIN' AN' NOW I HAS FORGOT WHY I TIED IT ON.

MAYBE YOU IS OUT OF SUMPIN' SUGAR? SALT? COFFEE? PEAS? LASSES? ROKE CHOPS? BUTTER? EGGS? CAMPHOR? THREAD? LAMP CHIMBLEYS?

I TIED A RAG ON MY FINGER ONCE TO REMIND ME AN' DEN I FORGOT AN' PUT IODINE ON IT.

SUSIE, BEULAH AND GRANNY LOU

Ned Brant at Carter—By Bob Zuppke

A Story of College Athletics

(Copyright, 1938.)

COME ON, GANG—SNAP OUT OF IT! WE'RE DEAD ON OUR FEET!

AW, WE'VE GOT AN EASY GAME COMING UP ANYWAY, NED.

THERE'S NO SUCH A THING AS AN EASY FOOTBALL GAME, BUDD.

HAYWARD COULDN'T BEAT UP A BATCH OF PANCAKE BATTER—HAGGAT WON A GAME!

PRETTY SLOPPY! THERE, SHEKELS—PRETTY SLOPPY!

WE'D HAVE PLENTY OF TIME IN THE BACKFIELD BEFORE THAT HAYWARD LINE COULD GET THROUGH.

SAY—I'M ONLY THE COACH HERE AND PERHAPS I SHOULDN'T BE BUTTING IN THIS WAY—BUT I'D BE DELIGHTED IF YOU'D SNAP INTO IT!

Removing Stains From Furniture

By Elizabeth Boykin

"MAYBE some 'day,' writes Ethel R., 'I'll have time to do a really bang-up job of refinishing my old furniture. But right now I'm breathless trying to keep up with my three little children, the oldest 7. In the meantime, I'd like to repair some of the damage, if that's possible. There are dents and bruises here and there—also some white marks on the finish. I know we've been careless, but goodness, we've been thankful just to survive these past few years. Now that things have let up a little, I want to try to keep the furniture better. I'd appreciate your advice.'"

You're forgiven! Getting a brood of children past the baby stage is a big job for anybody. About the furniture—here are my favorite king cure-alls:

White spots—on wax finish. Often these are caused by scratches, and if so you can get rid of them by sanding with turpentine and then applying a little fresh wax when the turpentine fumes have evaporated.

White patches—on varnish. This is usually caused by water or hot dishes on the finish. To repair this damage, rub lightly with a piece of flannel moistened with camphor. When camphor has dried thoroughly, rub with a good furniture polish.

Dents and bruises—if the surface is not actually broken, you can get rid of them by wetting with warm water, then covering with about six layers of brown paper that has been soaked in warm water. Hold a warm iron (but not hot) over this till moisture disappears. Repeat this process till dents disappear.

Grease stains—can often be removed by using a blotter and a warm iron. Or apply carbon tetrachloride with a sponge and rub with the nap till grease is gone.

Blood stains—soak the spot with chloroform or peroxide of hydrogen. Use these in the open air. Tar stains can be removed with benzine. Iodine stains—try alcohol and a 10 per cent potassium iodide solution.

By Tom Little and Tom Sims



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MONDAY,
OCTOBER 17, 1938

By Tom Little and Tom Sims



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Want Ad
Today

age from someone
you can fill—or an
g to greater suc-
happiness. Use
nt Ads for results.
for an Adtaker

TONIGHT!
8 P. M.
C. S. T.
STATION KSD
DOROTHY THOMPSON
Leading Lady of Journalism
EXCITING LISTENING
PHIL SPITALNY
Dramatic Meas-
ure of the All
Girl Singing
Orchestra on
The Hour of
Charm.
Sponsored by
GENERAL
ELECTRIC

"THOSE WE LOVE"
KWK TONIGHT
7:30
Kathy vs. Mergie
in battle for Kiv's
happiness! Who
will win?
SERIAL HT
With NAN GREY of Universal Pictures
THE POND'S PROGRAM

TONIGHT! AL
PEARCE
& HIS GANG
7:00 P. M.
KSD
SPONSORED BY GRAPE-NUTS

DON'T MISS
EDDIE CANTOR
TONIGHT
KMOX 9:30 P. M.
ON THE AIR FOR
CAMEL CIGARETTES

WET WASH
FLAT WORK IRONED
6c
Wearing apparel returned damp,
shirts to iron. Min. 84, 49c.
SHIRTS FINISHED—10c ea.
CURTAINS LAUNDERED 35c
No Flammable Goods
"Pastorized Laundering"

GRAND LAUNDRY
Family Wet Wash Laundry
2031 LAWTON JEFFERSON 3650

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